Q. Please state your name, business address and present position with

2 **PacifiCorp** (the Company).

A. My name is Steven R. McDougal, and my business address is 201 South Main,
Suite 2300, Salt Lake City, Utah, 84111. I am currently employed as the director
of revenue requirement.

6 Qualifications

7 Q. Briefly describe your educational and professional background.

A. I received a Master of Accountancy degree from Brigham Young University with
an emphasis in Management Advisory Services in 1983 and a Bachelor of Science
degree in Accounting from Brigham Young University in 1982. In addition to my
formal education, I have also attended various educational, professional, and
electric industry-related seminars. I have been employed by PacifiCorp or its
predecessor companies since 1983. My experience at PacifiCorp includes various
positions within regulation, finance, resource planning, and internal audit.

15 Q. What are your responsibilities as director of revenue requirement?

- A. My primary responsibilities include overseeing the calculation and reporting of
 the Company's regulated earnings or revenue requirement, assuring that the inter jurisdictional cost allocation methodology is correctly applied, and explaining
 those calculations to regulators in the jurisdictions in which the Company
 operates.
- 21 **Q.** Have you testified in previous regulatory proceedings?
- A. Yes. I have provided testimony before the Public Service Commission of Utah,
 the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, the California Public

24		Utilities Commission, the Idaho Public Utilities Commission, the Public Service
25		Commission of Wyoming, and the Utah State Tax Commission.
26	Purp	ose of Direct Testimony
27	Q.	What is the purpose of your direct testimony in this proceeding?
28	A.	My direct testimony addresses the calculation and implementation of the 2010
29		Protocol allocation methodology. Specifically, I provide direct testimony on the
30		following:
31		• calculation of the Company's projected revenue requirement for calendar
32		years 2010 through 2019 and the corresponding inter-jurisdictional allocation
33		(Baseline Study);
34		• a review of historical results using the Revised Protocol;
35		• changes between the Revised Protocol and 2010 Protocol, including changes
36		in allocation factors, the calculation of the Embedded Cost Differential
37		(ECD), the fixed allocation adjustments for each state, and treatment of costs
38		related to the Klamath Hydroelectric Settlement Agreement (KHSA);
39		• information to be included the Company's future results of operations reports
40		and rate cases related to the 2010 Protocol and the calculation of the ECD;
41		• changes to the following appendices included with the direct testimony of Ms.
42		Andrea L. Kelly: 1) Appendix B – Allocation Factor Applied to each
43		Component for Revenue Requirement; 2) Appendix C – Allocation factor –
44		Algebraic Definitions; 3) Appendix D – Special Contracts; 4) Appendix E – 6-
45		Year Levelized Fixed Dollar Embedded Cost Differential Hydro Endowment;
46		and 5) Appendix F – Methodology for Determining Mid-C (MC) Factor; and

Page 2 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

allocation of State resources associated with: 1) Demand-Side Management
 Programs; 2) Portfolio Standards; 3) State-specific Initiatives; and 4) New QF
 Contracts.

50 **Baseline Study**

51 Q. Why did the Company prepare the Baseline Study?

52 A. As described by Ms. Kelly, the Company prepared the Baseline Study at the 53 request of the Multi-State Process (MSP) Standing Committee. The purpose of 54 the study was to compute a current projection of revenue requirement for calendar 55 years 2010 through 2019 and produce the inter-jurisdictional allocation according 56 to the Revised Protocol, Rolled-In, and Modified Accord allocation 57 methodologies. The study was designed to facilitate MSP participants' 58 assessment of the ongoing reasonableness of Revised Protocol to determine if 59 modifications were needed. The focus of the Baseline Study was to create a tool 60 that could be used to compare current expectations of the future on varying 61 allocation methodologies. The Baseline Study is not intended to precisely predict annual revenue requirement through calendar year 2019 and does not serve to 62 63 predict future rate setting proceedings or price changes in any state. Rather, it 64 serves to model differing allocation assumptions and is used as an analytical tool 65 to assess the impact of those assumptions on the states served by the Company. 66 The purpose of the Company's baseline study was described using the 67 following language circulated to MSP participants: 68 "These attachments represent the Company's best efforts to 69 provide reasonable draft projections of the differences in allocation 70 methodologies over the 10-year study horizon. Emphasis was put on 71 forecasting items that are treated differently and would create differences

72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	Q.	between the allocation methodologies used. Less time was spent on items that are treated the same in the various allocation methodologies, since this would not impact the comparisons between allocation methodologies. As such, the focus of the analysis was on the relative differences between allocation methodologies, as opposed to the absolute level of total company revenue requirement." Please describe how the Company produced the Baseline Study.
80	A.	
	A.	Study preparation began in mid-2009. Projected revenue requirement was based
81		on actual 2008 costs which were escalated through the study time horizon to
82		reflect inflation and expected changes in the Company's resource base consistent
83		with the 2008 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP). System net power costs (NPC)
84		were computed consistent with these assumptions as described in the direct
85		testimony of Mr. Gregory N. Duvall. Jurisdictional allocation factors were
86		calculated for each year of the study using the forecast load from the Company's
87		February 2009 load forecast. Jurisdictional revenue requirement was then
88		calculated according to Revised Protocol and compared to the allocation
89		methodology preferred by each state prior to adoption of Revised Protocol, either
90		Rolled-In or Modified Accord. Preliminary results of the study were provided to
91		MSP participants on August 17, 2009.
92	Q.	Why were the August 2009 results considered preliminary?
93	Α.	The August 17, 2009 study was considered a draft by the Company and was
94		provided to MSP participants in order to vet the modeling of assumptions and the
95		resulting revenue requirement. The results were also considered preliminary
96		because of the treatment of the Klamath hydro project. At this stage in the
97		process the KHSA had not yet been finalized; consequently, the preliminary study
98		assumed that Klamath would be relicensed and included cost assumptions based

99		on the best information available at that time. After circulating the preliminary
100		results in August 2009, the Company solicited feedback from the MSP
101		participants in workgroup meetings. As described by Ms. Kelly, several Utah
102		parties subsequently issued a notification to MSP participants questioning the
103		continued used of Revised Protocol. The Company gathered input from MSP
104		participants, continued to refine the revenue requirement modeling, and awaited
105		finalization of the KHSA in order to produce the final Baseline Study.
106	Q.	When was the Baseline Study finalized?
107	A.	Once the KHSA was finalized, the Company incorporated it and other feedback
108		from MSP participants into the revenue requirement modeling, and the Baseline
109		Study was finalized and shared with MSP participants in March 2010.
110	Q.	What were the results of the Baseline Study?
111	A.	Exhibit RMP(SRM-1) provides the results of the Baseline Study. Revenue
112		requirement using Revised Protocol for each state is compared to the allocation
113		methodology used by that state prior to adoption of Revised Protocol, either
114		Rolled-In or Modified Accord.
115	Q.	Was the Baseline Study compared to the study performed in 2004 supporting
116		Revised Protocol (the 2004 Study)?
117	A.	Yes. The relative differences by state between Revised Protocol and Rolled-In or
118		Modified Accord in the Baseline Study were compared to the relative differences
119		between the same allocation methodologies used in the Company's 2004 Study.
120		The results are shown in Exhibit RMP(SRM-1). This comparison spurred
121		continued discussion among the MSP participants regarding whether Revised

Page 5 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

Protocol will perform as originally expected based on updated expectations of thefuture.

124 Q. Were there any additional analyses performed based on the Baseline Study 125 results?

A. Yes. At the request of the Standing Committee, the Company performed
alternative studies related to varying wholesale market prices, the value of
operating as a single integrated system, and the impact of load growth.

129 **Q.** Please describe the study related to wholesale market prices.

- 130 A. The Standing Committee requested a study to test the potential impact on each
- 131 jurisdiction under Revised Protocol with a given change in wholesale market
- 132 prices, one using high market prices and one using low market prices. The direct
- 133 testimony of Mr. Duvall describes the corresponding calculation of NPC and I
- 134 incorporated his revised NPC results into the revenue requirement model. A
- 135 summary of the results is provided in Exhibit RMP__(SRM-2).

136 Q. Please describe the studies performed on the value of the single integrated 137 system.

- A. Two studies, a structural separation study and go-it-alone analysis, were
 completed to estimate the benefits of the Company continuing to plan and operate
- 140as a single integrated system. The direct testimony of Mr. Duvall describes each141of these studies in greater detail along with the calculation of the impact on NPC142in each scenario. The results of these studies are provided in the direct testimony

143 of Mr. Duvall.

Page 6 - Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

145 **Q.** Please describe the load growth study.

146 An additional study was conducted to estimate the impact of load growth on the Α. 147 various jurisdictions. The study began with the baseline study. Load growth was 148 then adjusted in Utah and Wyoming, the two fastest growing jurisdictions, to a 149 level consistent with other states. Using the revised load data, the following three 150 changes were made to the revenue requirement calculation: 1) NPC were updated, 151 as described in the direct testimony of Mr. Duvall; 2) jurisdictional demand and 152 energy used to compute inter-jurisdictional allocation factors were updated; and 153 3) rate base and operation and maintenance costs were updated to be consistent 154 with the change in loads and resources. The results of the study for both Revised 155 Protocol and Rolled-In are included in Exhibit RMP (SRM-3). The net 156 impact of the change to the dynamic allocation factors and net power costs was an 157 allocation of 103 percent of the incremental cost of load growth to Utah and 158 Wyoming, the fastest growing states. The slower growing states all receive a 159 slight benefit from the load growth because of the reallocation of fixed costs.

The load growth study showed that the dynamic allocation factors utilized under a Rolled-In allocation methodology protect individual states from bearing the cost of load growth in other states. This study showed that currently load growth is not an issue and is not expected to be an issue in the future. On the contrary, Revised Protocol was shown to have a great deal of volatility related to the calculation of the ECD and is therefore not a singularly effective protection mechanism against load growth.

Page 7 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

168 Historical Results

169	Q.	Did the Company compare historical results utilizing Revised Protocol to the
170		2004 Study?
171	A.	Yes. An analysis was prepared to help the MSP participants better understand
172		how the Revised Protocol has performed historically. The results of this analysis
173		are shown in Exhibit RMP(SRM-4). This analysis shows there is a great deal
174		of volatility in the Revised Protocol results, driven mainly by the ECD
175		calculation. As a result, considerable analysis was done on various options to the
176		ECD resulting in the changes described later in my testimony.
177	2010	Protocol
178	Q.	Please describe the major differences between the 2010 Protocol and the
179		Revised Protocol.
180	A.	The 2010 Protocol is a simplified version of the Revised Protocol that is intended
181		to reduce unintended variation in the allocation of actual revenue requirement as
182		compared to the forecasts used in the 2004 Study and the Baseline Study. The
183		specific changes to Revised Protocol incorporated into the 2010 Protocol are
184		identified below.
185		• Factor Changes: Similar to Revised Protocol, the 2010 Protocol is based on
186		an initial Rolled-In allocation of system costs. Resources classified as
187		seasonal for Revised Protocol (including simple cycle combustion turbines
188		and the Cholla Unit 4/APS exchange) will no longer be uniquely allocated,
189		but will follow a Rolled-In allocation. Consequently, the allocation of system

costs, prior to the application of the ECD and KHSA deviations, is the same asthe Rolled-In allocation methodology.

192 •	ECD Changes: The scope of the ECD has been modified in the 2010
193	Protocol, specifically related to Qualifying Facility (QF) contracts and the
194	"All Other" generation resources category. All QF contracts entered into prior
195	to September 15, 2010, are considered system resources in the 2010 Protocol
196	and will not be considered as part of the ECD calculation. New QF contracts
197	will also be considered system resources unless deemed to be priced greater
198	than comparable resources. The embedded cost of "All Other" generation
199	resources includes only resources that were part of the Company's integrated
200	system prior to 2005.
201	The ECD calculation, prior to levelization, was done using forecasted
202	information from the Baseline study, using the following three sections from

203 the Revised Protocol ECD calculation:

- 204
 Company Owned Hydro West: This section was calculated the same as

 205
 under Revised Protocol.
- 206Mid-C Contracts: This section was calculated the same as currently used207in all Company filings. The Grant Reasonable contract is included as an208offset to the Mid-C contract costs.
- 209Generation Costs Pre-2005 Resources ("All Other" Generation): This210section was calculated the same as in Revised Protocol with the exception
- 211 that the calculation of the embedded cost of "All Other" resources only
- 212 included costs and MWh associated with pre-2005 resources.

213 • **ECD Levelization:** The value of the modified 2010 Protocol ECD is 214 calculated for each state in the Baseline Study, levelized, and fixed for all rate 215 cases filed through December 31, 2016, rather than allowed to float with each 216 rate case or other regulatory filing. 217 • Klamath Costs: All costs related to the KHSA are initially allocated to all 218 states in unadjusted results. The depreciation expense associated with 219 Klamath assets will be adjusted on January 1, 2011, in order to fully 220 depreciate these assets by December 31, 2019. The system allocation of 221 Klamath costs is consistent with the benefits of the hydro output under the Rolled-In allocation methodology. As part of the 2010 Protocol agreement, an 222 223 adjustment is made to reverse the initial system allocation of the KHSA 224 surcharge expected to be paid for by Oregon and California customers and 225 situs assigns it to those states based on the amounts stipulated in the KHSA. 226 This re-allocation of costs is consistent with the reallocation of hydro benefits 227 accomplished through the ECD component of the 2010 Protocol. The 228 surcharge included in the Baseline Study is levelized and fixed for the period 229 2011 through 2016 and included in the 2010 Protocol at the levelized amount. 230 Why is the scope of the ECD limited to only pre-2005 resources in the "All **Q**. 231 **Other**" generation resource category? 232 A. During the MSP meetings, the costs of "All Other" generation were identified as 233 one of the components causing variability in the Revised Protocol ECD 234 calculation. Several options were studied for the "All Other" generation cost 235 component, including using pre-1989 resources to correspond with the date of the

Page 10 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

236		original merger, using pre-2005 resources to align with the adoption of Revised
237		Protocol, or continuing to base the "All Other" resources on current assets. The
238		MSP participants agreed that since the ECD compares legacy hydro resources to
239		"All Other" generation, using pre-2005 would provide a consistent calculation,
240		and would exclude new resources acquired which may cause significant impacts
241		on the calculation. The list of pre-2005 resources is provided as Exhibit
242		RMP(SRM-5).
243	Q.	What are the costs related to the KHSA and why is an adjustment necessary
244		to re-allocate the KHSA surcharge?
245	A.	Since the 2010 Protocol uses Rolled-In allocation as the baseline, it was decided
246		that the KHSA costs will initially be system allocated. This is consistent with the
247		treatment of costs for other system resources under Rolled-In, and is consistent
248		with the benefit of the Klamath resources which are allocated to all jurisdictions
249		under Rolled In. However, consistent with the ECD calculation which re-
250		allocates the hydro costs and benefits to Pacific Power states, an adjustment will
251		be made to the KHSA surcharge to undo the system allocation and directly assign
252		the amount of the surcharge borne by California and Oregon through respective
253		tariff riders in those states. This re-allocation does not revoke the right of parties
254		in any jurisdiction to review the KHSA costs for prudency.
255	Q.	Please explain how the ECD and KHSA surcharge will be levelized and fixed
256		for the period 2011 through 2016.
257	A.	The starting point for the levelized ECD and KHSA calculation is the annual
258		amounts included in Exhibit RMP(SRM-6). The annual amounts were

Page 11 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

259		levelized using the 2008 IRP discount rate to come up with the six year net
260		present value shown on the bottom of Exhibit RMP(SRM-7). Annual
261		levelized amounts were then developed that result in the same net present value
262		by jurisdiction over the six year period from 2011 to 2016.
263	Q.	Please illustrate the revenue requirement difference between the 2010
264		Protocol and Revised Protocol.
265	А.	The difference between results using the 2010 Protocol and Revised Protocol are
266		shown on Exhibit RMP(SRM-8). This exhibit shows, for each jurisdiction,
267		the revenue requirement difference from changing to 2010 Protocol.
268	Futur	re Reporting
269	Q.	What information will the Company provide in its results of operations
270		reports and rate cases related to allocation methodologies?
271	A.	Subject to the approval of the Company's application, jurisdictional revenue
272		requirement in future results of operations reports and rate cases will be calculated
273		using the 2010 Protocol allocation methodology. In addition, all historical results
274		of operations filed by the Company will include a calculation of the 2010 Protocol
275		ECD using historical data. This will be provided for informational purposes for
276		states to track the information over time. The Company proposes to no longer
277		provide reports or comparisons using any other allocation methodologies.

Page 12 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

279 MSP Appendix Modifications

280	Q.	Please describe the changes to Appendix B – Allocation Factor Applied to
281		each Component for Revenue Requirement.
282	A.	Appendix B has been updated to remove allocation factors related to seasonal
283		resources and the Cholla resource which are no longer used in 2010 Protocol.
284		The changes to Appendix B also include general cleanup and housekeeping, such
285		as removing factor combinations no longer used and adding new factor
286		combinations since Revised Protocol was originally developed.
287	Q.	Please describe the changes to Appendix C – Allocation factor – Algebraic
288		Derivations.
289	A.	Derivations of factors related to seasonal resources and the Cholla Unit 4/APS
290		exchange which are no longer used in 2010 Protocol have been removed. The
291		income before tax factor has been removed, and state income taxes will be
292		calculated using the statutory state effective tax rate, consistent with the
293		methodology used to calculate state income taxes associated with rate changes in
294		rate cases in all states. This change is necessary because of the volatility of
295		calculating results for a single jurisdiction.
296	Q.	Please describe the changes to Appendix D – Special Contracts.
297	A.	This document remains unchanged, other than now labeling the document as
298		"2010 Protocol". The appendix has two options for special contracts designed to
299		provide consistency between the allocation of revenues, costs and benefits derived
300		from adjusting allocation factors. Under option 1, the costs of a program are

Page 13 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

301	embedded in the tariff price, resulting in the jurisdiction approving the contract
302	absorbing the full cost of the program, similar to demand-side management
303	(DSM) costs. Since the costs are absorbed by the jurisdiction approving the
304	contract, it also receives the benefits associated with the program through reduced
305	allocation factors. Under option 2, the contract costs are separately identified and
306	allocated to all states. Since the costs are allocated to all states and not to a
307	specific jurisdiction, the monthly load used to calculate allocation factors is
308	calculated assuming no curtailment occurs.

309 Q. Please describe the changes to Appendix E – 6-Year Levelized Fixed Dollar
 310 Embedded Cost Differential Hydro Endowment.

- 311 A. This document has been re-crafted to reflect the ECD from the 2010 Protocol and
- 312 therefore replaces in its entirety, rather than changing Appendix E from the
- Revised Protocol. Under the 2010 Protocol, the ECD amount has been levelized
- and is set at a fixed amount. The ECD page has been updated to show the
- amounts that will be included in filings made through December 31, 2016.
- 316 Q. Please describe the changes to Appendix F Methodology for Determining
 317 Mid-C (MC) Factor.
- A. This document remains unchanged, other than now labeling the document as
 "2010 Protocol". The MC factor is utilized in the Baseline Study to compute the
 allocation of the projected ECD. However, because the ECD is fixed by year and
 by state in the 2010 Protocol, this factor will not be directly utilized in filings
- made prior to December 31, 2016.

Page 14 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

324 State Resources

325	Q.	How will State Resources be allocated in 2010 Protocol?
326	A.	As mentioned above, state resources included: 1) Demand-Side Management
327		Programs; 2) Portfolio Standards; 3) State-specific Initiatives; and 4) New QF
328		Contracts. There is no change in the allocation of State resources, which continue
329		to be situs allocated per the 2010 Protocol.
330	Q.	Does this conclude your direct testimony?

331 A. Yes.