### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Divisions Annual	Docket No. 03-035-01
Review and Evaluation of the Electric	
Lifeline Program, HELP	
In The Matter of: HELP, Electric Lifeline	Docket No. 04-035-21
Program Evaluation	
	Light and Truth
	Rebuttal Testimony of Paul F. Mecham
	Exhibit LightandTruth 3.0

FOR LIGHT AND TRUTH

October 14, 2005

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

1

29

have supported continuing HELP

2 3 This testimony responds to direct testimony filed by other Parties in this docket. I explain 4 in detail Light and Truth's positions and justification of those positions relative to 5 statements and positions taken by the other Parties. The conclusions based upon Light 6 and Truth's direct testimony and this rebuttal testimony are as follows: 7 8 The evaluation process should include all possible input from the Commission's 9 three orders implementing HELP. 10 No valid, quantified testimony has been provided that demonstrates that HELP is 11 in the public interest. 12 • No valid, quantified testimony has been provided that demonstrates that the 13 benefits of HELP offset or exceed the negatives of HELP. 14 • The evaluation criteria, standards and measures developed by the Division from 15 Commission orders with participation and input from other parties are 16 comprehensive and useable. The Parties, however have selected a very small 17 subset of these criteria, standards and measures and have excluded all the others 18 without justification or explanation. 19 The Division in its reports and memorandum has consistently questioned data 20 attributability and described the data's inconclusiveness in demonstrating support 21 for either HELP success or failure. This has been true up until most recently when 22 the Division, in spite of no data foundation, has rejected its five year history, and 23 supported HELP continuation. 24 HEAT has inappropriately been inserted into the HELP evaluation without basis 25 in Commission orders 26 Quantec has failed to demonstrate attribution to HELP of the major PacifiCorp 27 statistical data. What attribution it did show is of no value in HELP's evaluation. 28 Quantec's errors eliminated the value of any economic tests it reported that might

Hugh Gilbert Peach's testimony contains more non-attributable claims well
 beyond any applicability to HELP. His extreme recommended planned economy
 has no applicability to HELP, to the state of Utah or to the United States of
 America.
 There is no valid justification for continuing HELP.

#### **EVALUATION PROCESS**

#### Q What should the evaluation process be in this docket?

A The Commission created HELP in three orders published between March 1999 and August 2000. As far as I can tell, the Commission has given no additional specific feedback or even responded to reports since then.

In those initial three orders, the Commission made a number of assumptions, comments and findings. They were adequate to start the program. The Commission then ordered annual reports and a major review to determine if those findings were demonstrated to be accurate over time and would justify continuing the program. In the present review, it is not productive to refer to the initial orders and those initial findings as if they were final and unchangeable. This circular reasoning on selected portions essentially says that no review is needed and yet the Commission ordered this review. It is needed.

In the absence of more specific instruction from the Commission, we must glean the maximum amount of information possible from those initial orders. We must then apply as much of that gleaning as possible in an analysis of HELP results in the years since and as a forecast of any future years. The Division has been the leader in this gleaning process (as ordered) and has generated three annual reports and one Memorandum. (Copies of these four documents are attached)

Up until recently those reports have reflected broad gleaning. For any party or parties now to selectively exclude any of that gleaned information without any stated justification runs contrary to reason and to the Commission's three early orders. If this were a rate case and a party submitted testimony running counter to earlier Commission orders, that party would be expected draw that to the attention to the Commission and explain it. That is not happening in this docket.

66	Q	You have been accused of taking quotes out of context in your testimony.
67	Have	you a comment?
68	A	Yes, I do. I welcome discussing any of my comments and quotes in their full
69	conte	xt. I would hope that would be done by all others as well, in the spirit of the
70	evalua	ation process described above.
71		
72	ΕVΔ	LUATION CRITERIA
	<b>12 7</b> 7 <b>1</b>	Ecrifor Children
73	0	
74	Q	Did the Parties testify about criteria to justify continuing HELP?
75	A	Yes, every party selected the same five and only those five criteria from
76	Comn	nission orders. The major significance of this is not the ones they selected but the
77	extrer	nely important ones that they excluded
78		
79	Q	What Commission statements did the Parties exclude when they chose only
80	five?	
81	A	The following quotes show part of the Commission's reasoning and specific
82	criteri	a, standards and measures for the HELP program and its evaluation. Even the
83		ving lists are not exhaustive. Those immediately following come from the order in
84		et 97-035-01
85		
86		"reduction in uncollectible accounts"
87		
88		"reduction in returned checks"
89 90		"reduction in service shutoffs"
91		reduction in service shutoris
92		"whether there are benefits to non-participants"
93		
94		"Measurements / Standards."
95 96		"Finally, we charge this task force with proposing as detailed as possible a set
90 97		of standards, measurements and criteria against which, if we approve
98		implementation, we could judge whether the program were functioning as
99		intended."
100		
101		"criteria upon which to determine that the program ought to be modified or
102		abandoned"

103		
104		"whether the program actually results in measurable benefits"
105		
106		The following quotes come from the Commission order in 99-035-10
107		
108		"not overly burden other customers"
109		
110		"benefits offset negative impacts"
111		
112		"a proposed cap on the total amount the program would raise and spend
113		annually"
114		
115		"proposed measurements and standards by which we could judge the
116		success of a program"
117		
118		"Proposed Standards of Measures of Success."
119		
120		"It recommended that we ask the Division to develop a set of standards and
121		measures."
122		
123		"make sure the program is effective and to suggest changes or an end to the
124		program."
125		
126		"We find sufficient benefits to the intended beneficiaries, to the utility, and to
127		utility customers in general through reduced cost to the utility of collections,
128		terminations, reconnections, and arrearages."
129		
130		"the program be capped at no more than \$1.8 million per year"
131		
132		The following quotes come from the Commission order in 00-035-T07
133		
134		"Standards of Measures of Success: The Division, with the assistance of
135		PacifiCorp, SLCAP, CUC, DCED, CCS and other interested parties, will
136		attempt to develop a set of standards and measures against which to evaluate
137		the effectiveness and success of the program."
138		
139		"Division Monitor: The Division will evaluate the effectiveness and success
140		of the program against the determined standards and measures."
141		
142		"benefits to the intended beneficiaries, to the utility, and to utility customers
143		in general."
144		
145	Q	What are your observations on the Commission's statements on criteria,
146	stand	ards and measures?

147	A	It appears that the Commission clearly wanted standards and measures and they
148	wante	ed those standards and measures used in the evaluation.
149		
150	Q	What are your conclusions on the Commission's statements on criteria,
151	stand	lards and measures?
152	A	There are three conclusions as follows:
153	(1	) The Commission expects the use of a great deal more than the five criteria listed
154		by the Parties.
155	(2	2) Some of the most important and significant measures, particularly benefits to non-
156		recipients and the utility were omitted by the Parties.
157	(3	3) Any evaluation using only the five criteria listed by the Parties would be
158		incomplete, misleading and worthless.
159		
160	Q	What were the Parties' roles relative to standards and measures prior to
161	their	testimonies in this docket?
162	A	With the exception of AARP, they all participated in the development of the
163	stand	ards and measures published by the Division in its annual reports.
164		
165	Q	Did the Parties include those standards and measures in their direct
166	testir	nony in this docket?
167	A	No they did not. As mentioned earlier, they used only five in their testimonies and
168	exclu	ded all of the others that they participated in developing earlier.
169		
170	Q	Why did the Parties take this action or exclusion?
171	A	I do not know. Light and Truth submitted a data request to each party asking
172	abou	this exclusion but did not received any explanation.
173		
174	PUE	BLIC INTEREST
175		
176	Q	Did the Parties testify about public interest?
177	A	Yes, all of them did.

178		
179	Q	Did any one of the Parties define the words, public interest?
180	A	No, no party suggested a definition in its direct testimony. When Light and Truth
181	subm	itted data request to each of them asking for their definition, minimal responses
182	were	provided. There was much criticism of Light and Truth's definition and many
183	refere	ences to places that a definition might be found but no specific quoted definition that
184	woul	d apply right here, right now, in the utility regulation arena, in this docket. The
185	recei	ved proposed definitions were broad, philosophical and almost ethereal. Any
186	appli	cation in this docket would essentially make the term, "public interest" meaningless.
187		
188	Q	Please restate Light and Truth's proposed definition.
189	A	The best definition is a net positive benefit to all customers. At an absolute
190	miniı	num, it is a net positive benefit to over half of the customers or public.
191		
192		This is a down-to-earth, elementary definition that fits our present situation. It is
193	subst	antiated and discussed at length in my direct testimony on lines 256-303.
194		
195	Q	Did any of the Parties demonstrate actions in HELP that met or complied
196	with	this definition?
197	A	No , not one. The Parties provided generalities in words only. Not one provided
198	statis	tics of any kind to prove or demonstrate that HELP is in the public interest.
199		
200	Q	What has the Commission stated about public interest in its orders creating
201	and l	eading up to this docket?
202	A	The following are quotes in full of every paragraph containing any reference to
203	publi	c interest in the Commission's order in 97-035-01:
204 205 206 207 208 209 210		"Next, we must determine if a lifeline rate, as proposed in this case, is in the public interest. As discussed below, we believe that the proposal <u>appears</u> to meet this test in general, but believe that more detailed information, developed by the task force, will enable us to definitively find that the program, if and as implemented, will be in the public interest." (Emphasis added)

211 "Conclusion. As set forth above, we conclude that a lifeline rate may be in 212 the public interest. However, beyond the issues of legal authority and public 213 interest are the practical concerns. We are left with enough unanswered 214 questions that, rather than order the lifeline rate established immediately, we 215 direct the low-income task force to further consider, and recommend, exactly 216 how this will be implemented. At such time as this task force can address 217 these issues, the Commission will consider actually approving and implementing a lifeline program, with or without a rate case." (Emphasis 218 219 added) 220 221 "Conclusion. As set forth above, we conclude that a lifeline rate may be in 222 the public interest." (Emphasis added) 223 224 The following is a quote in full of the only paragraph containing any reference to 225 public interest in the Commission's order in 99-035-10: 226 227 "We conclude that, considering the additional information provided in this case, it is in the public interest to have a Lifeline program in Utah as 228 229 proposed and we are ordering that it be implemented. We find sufficient 230 benefits to the intended beneficiaries, to the utility, and to utility 231 customers in general through reduced cost to the utility of collections, 232 terminations, reconnections, and arrearages. As for arguments that the 233 program would benefit one class of customers only, and thus should be paid 234 by them only, we note that it is not done in other arguably similar areas and 235 we decline to do so here. One specific example is that each class of service does not pay precisely its "share" of costs. This is true, for example, of the 236 237 large customer groups, or special contract customers, according to some views 238 of allocations. Yet they do not agree with any allegations that they are being 239 subsidized by residential customers. Examples abound to demonstrate that one 240 person's improper 'social welfare' program is another person's legitimate 241 regulation of utilities in the 'public interest.'" (Emphasis added) 242 243 244 The Commission's order in 00-035-T07 is silent on public interest. 245 246 Q Did any party attempt to quantify the public interest? 247 No. The Parties used generalities and philosophy but no statistics or A 248 quantification. 249 250 Q Can public interest be proven without quantification?

251	A	The term public interest is used over and over in UCA 54. The topic is extremely		
252	important. To attempt to demonstrate compliance using generalities and philosophy I			
253	belie	believe is an affront to Title 54 and its purpose. I believe that hard dollars and statistics		
254	are th	ne only way to truly demonstrate compliance with public interest requirements. I		
255	belie	ve that other information could be provided in support of the hard dollar and		
256	statis	tical data but the other information cannot validly stand alone.		
257				
258	Q	What is your reaction to relying on broad, philosophical, ethereal definitions		
259	of pu	blic interest and on the absence of quantification?		
260	A	The HELP proponents should use broad, philosophical, ethereal and unquantified		
261	dolla	rs to fund the program rather than taking very real dollars out of the pockets of other		
262	ratep	ayers.		
263				
264	Q	What are your observations on the Commission's statements on public		
265	inter	est?		
266	A	With only unsubstantiated claims on the record, the Commission was very		
267	indec	isive in its public interest position. In its conclusion in 99-035-10, it relied upon		
268	claimed "sufficient benefits to the intended beneficiaries, to the utility, and to utility			
269	custo	mers in general."		
270				
271		In the period of over five years since that order was published, no party has		
272	demonstrated any benefit to the utility or to utility customers in general resulting from			
273	HELP. Nor has any party demonstrated any reduced costs of collections, terminations,			
274	recon	nections or arrearages resulting from HELP.		
275				
276		Light and Truth's direct testimony conclusively demonstrated that HELP is		
277	outside the regulation of utilities so that even the last comment in the Commission			
278	Conc	lusion paragraph in 99-035-10 has now been shown to be baseless.		
279				
280	Q	What are your conclusions about public interest and HELP?		
281	A	There are six conclusions as follows:		

282			
283		(1)	Despite empty words and claims, no party has demonstrated HELP to be
284			in the public interest.
285		(2)	The early unsupported claims upon which the Commission based its
286			assumption of HELP being in the public interest have been demonstrated
287			to be baseless and in error.
288		(3)	Any party's claim that HELP is in the public interest based upon the
289			precedent of prior Commission order is similarly baseless, futile and in
290			error.
291		(4)	Attempts to justify compliance without specific dollars and statistics are
292			meaningless.
293		(5)	HELP is contrary to the public interest.
294		(6)	There is no public interest reason to continue HELP.
295			
296	BEN	EFITS	OFFSET NEGATIVE
297			
298	Q	Did th	e Parties testify about benefits offsetting negatives?
299	A	Yes. A	all of them did. They used at least part of the quote in the Commission order
300	in Do	cket 97-0	035-01 which said the following:
301 302 303 304 305		ma	hird, the benefits of the program should offset negative impacts on rate king objectives and should be sufficient to overcome the Commission's uctance to effectuate social policy by means of altered electricity rates."
306	Q	Did ar	ny of the Parties quantify their arguments and demonstrate that
307	benef	its offse	t negatives?
308	A	No, no	party provided anything beyond generalities and words.
309			
310	Q	Did th	e Commission, in its HELP orders, address this concept of benefits and
311	negat		
312	A	Yes. T	the following quote also comes from the Commission's order in 97-035-01:
313			

314		"We conclude that if the assumptions are correct, then the benefits of an	
315		approximate 17 percent reduction in the average monthly utility bill for a	
316		residential customer (\$8.00 off the \$48.32 average bill) would <b>exceed</b> the	
317		detrimental effect of a very small increase in the bills of other customers."	
318		(Emphasis added)	
319			
320 321		The following quotes come from the Commission's order in 99-035-10:	
322		"The benefits offset negative impacts on objectives. SLCAP/Crossroads	
323		expects the benefits of the program to include a reduction in uncollectible	
324		accounts, returned checks, and service shutoffs; spreading the recovery of	
325		fixed costs over more customers and therefore reducing the impact on each	
326		customer; and an increase in sales of electric appliances. Though unrebutted,	
327		we recognize the speculative nature of this assertion " (Emphasis	
328		added)	
329			
330		" would not overly burden other customers; that the <b>benefits offset</b>	
331		negative impacts; and the proposed program was administratively simple	
332		." (Emphasis added)	
333			
334		The Commission's order in 00-035-T07 is silent on this concept.	
335			
336	Q	Did any party attempt to quantify the benefits offsetting the negative?	
337	A	No. As with the public interest, the Parties used generalities and philosophy but	
338	no st	atistics or quantification.	
339			
340	Q	Is it possible to demonstrate that benefits offset or exceed negatives without	
341	quar	ntification?	
342	A	I believe that hard dollars and statistics are the only way to truly demonstrate that	
343	benefits do, indeed, offset or exceed negatives. Without an actual counting and		
344	comp	parison to determine the net positive or negative, there is no demonstration or	
345	subs	tance. It is only talk.	
346			
347	Q	Has any party has ever shown how \$1.8M (or any other figure) in the hands	
348	of th	e HELP recipients will benefit the economy more than that same amount in the	
349	hand	ls of all other ratepayers?	
350	A	No.	
351			

352	Q	What are your observations on the Commission's statements on benefits and
353	negat	ives?
354	A	The Commission appeared to treat this as a very broad concept that should not be
355	narrov	wed to one or a few specific rate making objectives to the exclusion of other factors.
356	It app	ears also that the Commission felt the benefits should at least equal (and probably
357	excee	d) detriments. It is possible to be consistent with all the above Commission quotes
358	by de	monstrating that HELP both exceeds AND offsets the negatives. On the other hand,
359	claim	ing that benefits match negatives is consistent with the "offset" but fails to
360	"exce	ed." The listing of many factors also implies a quantification of benefits and
361	negati	ives and then summing them to determine that benefits actually offset or exceed
362	detrin	nents. This concept appears to go hand-in-hand with Light and Truth's public
363	intere	st definition and argument.
364		
365	Q	What are your conclusions on the Commission's statements on benefits and
366	negat	ives?
367	A	There are four conclusions as follows:
368	(1	) The Commission expects benefits to exceed negatives
369	(2	Despite empty words and claims, no party has demonstrated that benefits
370		exceed (or even offset) negatives in HELP.
371	(3	Attempts to demonstrate that benefits exceed negatives without specific
372		dollars and statistics are meaningless.
373	(4	There is no valid benefits-exceeding-negatives argument to support continuing
374		HELP.
375		
376	THE	DIVISION
377		
378	Q	Did the Division talk about measures and standards in its direct testimony?
379	A	Yes, as mentioned under the heading Measures and Standards above.
380		
381	Q	What is the Commission's charge to the Division on Measures and
382	Stand	lards?

383	A	The following Commission Quotes answer this question. The immediately	
384	following quotes come from the Commission order in 99-035-10		
385 386 387 388		"The task force recommended that we ask the Division to develop a set of standards and measures."	
389		The following quotes come from the Commission order in 00-035-T07	
390 391 392 393 394		"10. Measures of Success: The Division, with the assistance of PacifiCorp, SLCAP, CUC, DCED, CCS and other interested parties, will attempt to develop a set of standards and measures against which to evaluate the effectiveness and success of the program."	
395 396 397 398		"11. <u>Division Monitor</u> : The Division will evaluate the effectiveness and success of the program against the determined standards and measures."	
399	Q	Did the Division develop standards and measures?	
400	A	Yes. It did so and reported on them in all three of its annual reports.	
401			
402	Q	Did the Division include those standards and measures in its direct testimony	
403	in th	is docket?	
404	A	No it did not. The Division used only five in its testimony and excluded all of the	
405	other	rs that it developed earlier.	
406 407	Q	Why did the Division take this action or exclusion?	
408	A	I do not know. As mentioned earlier, Light and Truth submitted a data request to	
409	the D	Division asking about this exclusion but did not received an explanation.	
410			
411	Q	What have you done to assist the Commission on the topic of standards and	
412	meas	sures?	
413	A	Light and Truth has attached to this testimony, copies of the three Division	
414	Annı	ual Reports and the Division's Memorandum to the Public Service Commission on	
415	Quar	ntec's Utah HELP Program Evaluation Final Report dated March 24, 2005 so they	
416	woul	d be available on the record in this docket.	
417			
/1Q	Ω	Did the Division testify about banefits in its direct testimony?	

419	A	Yes. One of the five criteria it chose was benefits offsets negative.
420		
421	Q	What is the Division's history relative to benefits?
422	A	The following quotes help show this. The immediately following quote comes
423	from	the Commission order in 99-035-010.
424		
425		"The Division asserts that there are no benefits to non participants from direct
426		assistance programs."
427		
428		The following quote comes from the Division's first annual report.
429		
430		" the Division has been unable to find demonstrable benefits to either
431		PacifiCorp or ratepayers in general."
432		
433		The following quote comes from the Division's second annual report.
434		
435		" the Division has been unable to find demonstrable benefits to either
436		PacifiCorp or ratepayers in general."
437 438		The following quotes come from the Division's third annual report.
439		The following quotes come from the Division's third aimtai report.
440		"Because of the problem of attribution, it is difficult to clearly identify
441		whether the HELP program benefited the non-participating ratepayers, the
442		utility or the system in general."
443		
444		"However, the Division has been unable to find demonstrable benefits
445		accruing to either PacifiCorp or ratepayers in general. The Division was also
446		unable to establish whether the positive impacts of the HELP program
447		outweighed its negative impacts."
448		
449		"Because of the problem of attribution, it is difficult to clearly identify
450		whether the HELP program benefited the non-participating ratepayers, the
451		utility or the system in general. For one to be able to objectively evaluate the
452 452		real impact of the program, one must be able to establish attribution. Since
453 454		the Division did not have the data necessary to establish attribution, the
454 455		Division cannot determine whether the HELP program was a success or not."
456		The following quotes come from the Division's Memorandum to the Public
457	Servi	ice Commission on Quantec's Utah HELP Program Evaluation Final Report dated
458		th 24, 2005
459	1,141	
460		"Although the Quantec report indicates that HELP is cost effective, the
461		Division has the same concerns with Quantec's analysis that it had with the
462		Division's own attempts to quantify performance standards: the analysis fails

463 to satisfactorily isolate HELP impacts from other relevant economic variables. Therefore, the Division believes it is difficult to say with 464 confidence whether or not changes in the performance measures are 465 466 attributable to the Program." (Emphasis added) 467 468 "The Quantec report attributes improvements in payment behaviors and other indicators to the impact of HELP alone, leading Quantec to conclude that the 469 470 Program is cost effective. Although the study indicates an improvement in 471 payment behaviors of the participant group members and some other 472 indicators once they received HELP, the Division is not satisfied that the 473 changes are attributable solely to HELP, as opposed to an accumulation of 474 HELP and HEAT." (Emphasis added) 475 476 "Quantec assumed that, because participants can apply for HELP in 477 conjunction with HEAT, participants who receive HELP also receive HEAT. 478 However, participants may use their HEAT money to pay their gas bills 479 or electric bills. Since the study did not consider a comparison group who 480 received HEAT but not HELP, the Division is not satisfied that this study 481 adequately separates the impact of HELP from that of HEAT for some of the 482 performance measures (energy consumption, shutoffs, mobility, and collection 483 notices). Furthermore, Quantec did not have access to records that would 484 indicate the amounts of HEAT money that may have been used toward gas 485 bills. Consequently, Quantec could not capture the total impact of the 486 combination of HELP and HEAT. **HELP certainly contributes benefit to** its recipients, but it is difficult to say with confidence that HELP makes a 487 488 significant impact on the performance measures used in this study." 489 (Emphasis added) 490 491 The Division's reaction to the Quantec report includes much more and is mixed in 492 placing an overall value on the report. To place this in full context, a copy of the 493 Division's Memorandum to the Commission dated March 24, 2005 is attached to this 494 testimony. 495 496 **HEAT** 497 498 Q Did any of the Parties discuss the role of HEAT (LIHEAP) in the HELP 499 program? 500 Yes, nearly all of them talked about HEAT. A 501 502 Q What has the Commission said in its orders about HEAT?

503	A	The following is an exhaustive list of quotes including HEAT from Commission
504	order	s on HELP: The immediately following quotes come from the Commission's order
505	in Do	cket 97-035-01"
506		
507		Under the heading, "The need is real and is not being met by direct-payments
508		programs," the Commission said, "The Low Income Home Energy Assistance
509		Program (LIHEAP), known in Utah as the HEAT program, has faced funding
510		cuts in recent years and is now funded at a level less than half that of its peak
511		years, 1983 to 1985."
512		
513		"To qualify, household income must be at or below 125 percent of the official
514		federal poverty rate. This poverty rate was selected to target the program
515		because it is also the qualification for participation in Utah's HEAT program.'
516		
517		The following quotes come from the Commission order in 99-035-10
518		
519		"The proposal indicates that to qualify, a customer must be qualified for the
520		Utah Home Energy Assistance (HEAT) Program (which we examined in our
521		prior order and found that by itself it is inadequate to meet the needs of
522		eligible customers)"
523 524		"The Utah Department of Community and Feenamic Development would
52 <del>4</del> 525		"The Utah Department of Community and Economic Development would administer the program in conjunction with its HEAT program."
525 526		administer the program in conjunction with its TIEAT program.
527		The following quotes come from the Commission order in 00-035-T07
528		
529		"To be eligible for this tariff, a customer's household income must be equal to
530		or less than 125% of the Federal poverty level, or the household must be
531		eligible for the Home Energy Assistance Target (HEAT) program."
532		
533		"The Utah State Department of Community and Economic Development
534		(DCED), which administers the HEAT program, agrees to administer the
535		Lifeline program."
536		(DOED
537		"DCED agrees to print forms for non-HEAT applicants to apply for the
538		Lifeline program."
539 540	Λ	What are your observations on the Commission's statements on HEAT?
	Q	•
541	A	It appears that the Commission used HEAT, along with other assistance
542	progr	ams, in its determination that there was a need for assistance. The Commission also
543	used	HEAT as one trigger in qualifying individuals for the HELP program. No use could
544	be for	and for the Commission's use of HEAT other than these two, the determination of

545	need and the administrative qualifying of recipients. There was no tie to measures,					
546	standards, criteria, reporting, calculations, or anything else.					
547						
548	Q	What are your conclusions on the Commission's statements on benefits and				
549	nega	tives?				
550	A	The recent ties and "confounding" of HEAT with HELP is unjustified and				
551	inapp	propriate and has no basis in Commission orders. Other than for the Commission's				
552	notec	two reasons, HEAT has not even been mentioned in any of the conversations about				
553	HEL	P in all the years up until the involvement of Quantec. Quantec's contorted put-it-in				
554	and t	hen take-it-out processes along with its evaluate-it-with and then evaluate-it-without				
555	proce	esses are unjustified, unconvincing, confusing, misleading and inappropriate in this				
556	dock	et. Quantec's HEAT involvement should be disregarded in the evaluation of HELP				
557	in thi	s docket.				
558						
559	$\mathbf{QU}$	ANTEC				
560						
561	Q	Did the Parties' testimony include Quantec and the economic tests in its				
562	repo	rt?				
563	A	Yes, nearly all did.				
564						
565	Q	Do you have any additional rebuttal relative to Quantec?				
566	A	Yes. The major information is that Quantec understated the costs of HELP in its				
567	economic tests by approximately 20%.					
568						
569	Q	What has been the understanding of what the cost of HELP is, by the				
570	Com	mission's and all parties of record with the exception of Quantec?				
571	A	From the very inception of HELP, its cost has been the surcharge in Utah tariff 1.				
572	This	is the cost that was capped at \$1.85 million. This is the cost that shows on the				
573	majo	rity of non-participants' bills as \$.12. Even Quantec's report said the following on				
574	page	III-2:				
575						

576 577 578 579 580		"Funding "Funding for the Program is provided through a surcharge on ratepayers' bills. Non-participating residential customers pay \$0.12/month. Non-residential customer contributions are capped at \$75 annually. The charge appears as a line item on customers' bills."
581 582	Q	What is the understatement of cost that you mentioned?
583	A	Quantec used the period from October 1, 2000 through September 30, 2003.
584	Qua	ntec's report said, "Sept '00 to Sept '03." According to PacifiCorp's quarterly
585	stati	stical reports, the surcharge collected during those 36 months from non-participants
586	total	ed \$5,784,752. Quantec used only \$4,790,592 in its calculations. Quantec's report
587	state	d the following on page IV-9:
588 589 590 591 592 593 594		"Program Costs "The major cost component is the credit given to Program participants. For the period covered by the evaluation (Sept '00 to Sept '03), the total amount of credit given was \$4,790,592. Other cost categories included the agencies' and Company administration of \$37,000."
595		\$4,790,592 figure also appears in the Quantec report four times on page IV-11
596	erro	neously labeled "surcharge" and four times on page ES-7 erroneously labeled
597 598	"sur	charge." This \$4,790,592 is not the "surcharge." The surcharge is \$5,784,752.
599	Q	Do you have comments about the size of the sample or sub-set of participants
500	in tł	ne Quantec study?
501	A	Yes, I have a couple. First, the size reported by Quantec and others is that the
502	num	ber included was the entire census of the participants or the entire population of
503	prog	ram participants. The number of participants reported in Quantec's study in Table
504	IV.2	on page IV-3 appears to be less than 5% of the number reported by PacifiCorp for
505	the s	ame period. The table on the following page illustrates that.
506		

607 Count of Arrearage Participants: PacifiCorp –vs- Quantec

	PacifiCorp	Quantec			
Date	# T3	#		Date	
		Arrears	(Participant)		
		(T3)			
Sep 2000	0	0	18	9/1/2000	
Oct 2000	4	7	511	10/1/2000	
Nov 2000	451	70	964	11/1/2000	
Dec 2000	1,151	209	2,019	12/1/2000	
Jan 2001	9,425	3,387	2,788	1/1/2001	
Feb 2001	13,649	4,483	1,763	2/1/2001	
Mar 2001	15,961	5,526	1,321	3/1/2001	
Apr 2001	17,342	6,500	506	4/1/2001	
May 2001	17,253	6,500	88	5/1/2001	
Jun 2001	16,603	6,500	4	6/1/2001	
Jul 2001	15,966	7,171	7	7/1/2001	
Aug 2001	15,409	7,171	17	8/1/2001	
Sep 2001	14,860	7,171	20	9/1/2001	
Oct 2001	14,430	9,478	107	10/1/2001	
Nov 2001	14,853	9,478	536	11/1/2001	
Dec 2001	15,140	9,478	1,029	12/1/2001	
Jan 2002	18,964	10,314	1,101	1/1/2002	
Feb 2002	20,990	10,314	761	2/1/2002	
Mar 2002	22,417	10,314	599	3/1/2002	
Apr 2002	23,224	8,948	34	4/1/2002	
May 2002	22,728	8,948	262	5/1/2002	
Jun 2002	18,337	8,948	3	6/1/2002	
Jul 2002	17,598	9,244	5	7/1/2002	
Aug 2002	17,020	9,244	6	8/1/2002	
Sep 2002	16,380	9,244	12	9/1/2002	
Oct 2002	15,824	9,043	71	10/1/2002	
Nov 2002	16,120	9,043	461	11/1/2002	
Dec 2002	17,538	9,043	629	12/1/2002	
Jan 2003	19,398	11,473	620	1/1/2003	
Feb 2003	21,310	11,473	538	2/1/2003	
Mar 2003	22,821	11,473	374	3/1/2003	
Apr 2003	23,506	9,873	136	4/1/2003	
May 2003	23,481	9,873	212	5/1/2003	
Jun 2003	18,151	9,873	5	6/1/2003	
Jul 2003	17,418	18,490	5	7/1/2003	
Aug 2003	16,781	18,490	8	8/1/2003	
Sep 2003	15,708	18,490	10	9/1/2003	
Oct 2003	15,708	29,342	51	10/1/2003	
Nov 2003	15,798		193	11/1/2003	
Dec 2003	17,345		2	12/1/2003	
	Count of above	40	40		
	Sum of above	403,350	•		
	Average of above		446	4.4%	

509		It appears that Quantec's analysis applies to about 446 per month while the total					
510	arrears population reported by PacifiCorp is about 10,084 per month.						
511							
512		Second, Quantec has been repeatedly asked (including before its report was even					
513	publis	shed) how its analysis might be extrapolated, expanded, adjusted (or whatever the					
514	right	word is) to explain the full PacifiCorp reported population, Quantec continues to					
515	state t	hat its study population is "total." That appears untrue. The Quantec study does not					
516	expla	in or attribute the changes in the total (the real total) PacifiCorp reported population.					
517	It was	this inability to attribute changes in the PacifiCorp data that initially triggered					
518	Quan	tec's hiring. Quantec has not met that expectation.					
519							
520	Q	Briefly what was the reduction in Mobility error described in your direct					
521	testin	nony?					
522	A	This was the two million dollar supposed societal savings in things like increased					
523	school dropout, inability to hold a job, moving expenses, rental deposits, bank fees,						
524	teleph	one connections, etc. None of these claims were quantified and then summed to the					
525	total.	Nor was there even any direct attributability to HELP even attempted. HELP's					
526	impac	et in moves is hidden in this area by the macroeconomic environment just like it is					
527	for ar	rearages, shut-offs, etc. Despite these shortcomings, Quantec included two million					
528	dollar	s of cost savings or benefits.					
529							
530	Q	What are the results of the Quantec calculations if the costs are corrected for					
531	the co	ost understatement and the "Reduction in Mobility" error of \$2M described in					
532	Light	and Truth's Direct Testimony are considered?					
533	A	All four of Quantec's calculations, (1) Ratepayers HELP alone, (2) Ratepayers					
534	HELP with HEAT, (3) Societal/TRC HELP alone and (4) Societal/TRC HELP with						
535	HEAT	$\Gamma$ have benefit/cost ratios below 1.0 and have negative net values.					
536							
537	Q	What are your conclusions on Quantec's value in evaluating HELP?					
538	A	There is only one valid conclusion about Quantec relative to the evaluation of					
539	HELF	P. With its sophisticated, irrelevant methodology, with its obvious bias against the					

majority of ratepayers and with its major errors in analysis, Quantec provides absolutely 640 641 zero support for the continuance of HELP. 642 **HUGH GILBERT PEACH** 643 644 645 Q Do you have any rebuttal comments for Dr. Peach's testimony? 646 Α Yes. They follow, 647 What is your reaction to the following quote of Dr. Peach? 648 Q 649 650 "Burnout and overstress of voluntary institutions and people – Second, there 651 has been an **over-reliance on voluntary assistance** over the past thirty years such that helping agencies are generally overstressed. What we need is 652 intelligence in institutional structures and **programs** so that they **operate** 653 654 more or less automatically to prevent and solve problems to households and families. To keep voluntary institutions viable, utility and government 655 656 programs must be made increasingly effective and efficient." (Emphasis added) 657 658 659 Α The obvious implication is that force is needed to make society match Dr. Peach's 660 picture of the world. In my picture of the world, this kind of testimony belongs before an 661 elected governmental body, not before a non-elected administrative body. 662 663 Q What is your reaction to the following quote of Dr. Peach? 664 "For both utilities and governments, programs like the Home Electric Lifeline 665 Program (HELP) are essential to provide continued access to electricity, gas, 666 667 and water services. These services are essential to life and it is better not only for families and households served through payment assistance programs but 668 for all households and for utilities and governments that access to 669 electricity, gas, and water be planned in such a way as to insure that all 670 families and households can maintain continued service." (Emphasis added) 671 672 673 A This raises several unanswered questions. Who is so smart that he can plan better 674 than all households, utilities and governments can do for themselves? What examples of 675 planned economies might Dr. Peach have that have been more successful than ours 676 today?

677		
678	Q	What is your reaction to the following quote of Dr. Peach?
679 680 681 682 683		Who pays for the Home Energy Lifeline Program (HELP)? <b>Non-participants pay</b> It is the non-participants who <b>must</b> pay for the program, because those who not have money cannot pay." (Emphasis added)
684	A	This takes us back to a planned economy and a determination of who MUST pay.
685	Perha	aps Dr. Peach is the one who is smart enough to make these decisions for the rest of
686	us.	
687		
688	Q	What is your reaction to the following quote of Dr. Peach?
689 690 691 692 693		" what do you advise utilities and governments to do? First establish, and then carefully and incrementally optimize programs to maximize customer payment by asking only for payment amounts that are within the reasonable possibility for customers to pay." (Emphasis added)"
694 695 696 697 698 699	price	It appears to me that Dr. Peach is advocating a planned socialist economy where le can get what they need (or think they need – or what others think they need) for a they can afford. This price apparently does not consider market, the price the der needs, the price difference that someone else must cover, etc.
700	Q	What is your reaction to the following short quotes about HELP of Dr.
701	Peac	h?
702 703 704 705 706		"This is, at root a 'health and safety' benefit to the whole of the City."  "This is actually a general public interest service quality or performance issue."
707 708 709		" big box stores or individual corporations"
710 711		" promote globalization"
712 713 714		"In the area of electricity supply, global warming,"  " hurricane in the Gulf region."
715		narreage in the out region.
716	A	Even before Dr. Peach joined the HELP discussions there was a very serious
717	attrib	ution problem. His testimony contained no quantification at all and contained no

718 means whatever to attribute any result of any of the above quotes to the HELP program. 719 They are inappropriate in this docket. 720 721 Q Did Dr. Peach reference the Bible? 722 Yes, he did. He referred to Ecclesiastes. With that door-opener, I have two A 723 comments. Charity and the needs of the poor are mentioned over and over in the Bible. 724 On the other hand, no one has ever shown me in the Bible even one place where the 725 government should be the instrument for caring for the poor. 726 727 Q Where might we learn more about Dr. Peach's methods and reasoning that 728 are more specifically tied to HELP? 729 A Dr. Peach sent a data request to Light and Truth as part of this docket. His 730 assumptions and twists of Light and Truth's direct testimony show clearly in those 731 questions. A full copy of Light and Truth's responses which include Dr. Peach's 732 questions is attached to this rebuttal testimony. 733 734 Q What are your conclusions on Dr. Peach's testimony on HELP? 735 A He provides nothing of value in the specific evaluation of HELP. His 736 recommendations of a planned economy appear inappropriate. His assumption that there 737 is someone so smart that they know better how to handle the affairs (and funds) of all 738 households along with utilities and governments, also appear improper. My greatest 739 concern related to Dr. Peach's proposed use of force contrary to public freedom and 740 rights to reach his ends is that force contrary to public freedom and rights is already a part 741 of HELP as it exists today. 742 Dr. Peach may be smarter than I am but I don't believe he's smarter than 743 everyone else. I agree that the poor need assistance but Dr. Peach's approaches and 744 reasoning appear out of step with what the Commission and anyone else tied to utility 745 regulation ought to be doing. 746

#### **SUMMARY TABLE**

747748

- 749 Q Have you compiled a Summary Table showing what the various parties have
- 750 (and have not) provided that supports (or does not support) the continuation of
- 751 **HELP?**

753

752 A Yes, that summary table appears on the following page.

#### SUMMARY OF DATA IN SUPPORT OF CONTINUING HELP

This table summarizes the support for continuing HELP that has been provided to the Commission. The entries are made to the best of Light and Truth's knowledge and research in the history and documents leading up to this hearing. The key column is the summary one headed, "Supports Continuing." The term, "Data Support" is used for those who have either found supporting data or have provided supporting data. The term, "No data support" is used for those who have found no support and for those who have made claims without support or demonstration.

Measure	Supports Continuing	AARP	CAP	CCS	DPU	DPU this docket	L&T	Pcorp	R.W.Beck
Public Interest**	Data against		No data support	No data support	No data support	No data support		No data support	Silence
Benefit to recipients*	Support Continue	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support
Benefit to utility*	Data against	Silence	No data support	No data support	Data against	Silence		No data support	Data against
Benefit to utility customers in gen'l*	Data against	Silence	No data support	No data support	Data against	No data support	Data against	No data support	Data against
Benefits offset negatives* **	Data against	Silence		No data support	No data support	No data support		No data support	No data support
Not overly burden other customers*	No data support		No data support	No data support	No data support	No data support		No data support	No data support
Arrearages	No data support	Silence	No data support	No data support	No data support	No data support		No data support	No data support
Terminations	No data support	Silence	No data support	No data support	No data support	No data support		No data support	No data support
Collections	No data support	Silence	No data support						
Writeoffs	No data support	Silence	No data support	No data support	No data support	No data support		No data support	No data support
Recoveries	No data support	Silence	No data support	No data support	No data support	No data support	support	No data support	No data support
Target low income households**	Support Continue	Data support	Data support	Data support	Silence	Data support	Silence	Data support	Silence
Easy, inexpensive to administer**	Support Continue	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Silence	Data support	Silence
Cap at \$1.85M	Data against	Silence	No data support	No data support	Data against	Data against	Data against	No data support	Silence
Recipient Need**	Support Continue	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Data support	Silence	Data support	Data support

<sup>\*</sup>Identified by the Division as "Performance Goals" in contrast to "Administrative Goals."

<sup>\*\*</sup>The Five Included in the Parties' Proposed Stipulation

#### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION 756 757 758 Please summarize your rebuttal testimony Q 759 Α The above testimony makes the following points: 760 No valid, quantified testimony has been provided that demonstrates that HELP is 761 in the public interest 762 • No valid, quantified testimony has been provided that demonstrates that the 763 benefits of HELP offset or exceed the negatives of HELP. 764 The evaluation criteria, standards and measures developed by the Division from 765 Commission orders with participation and input from other parties are 766 comprehensive and useable. The Parties, however have selected a very small 767 subset of these criteria, standards and measures and have excluded all the others 768 with out justification or explanation. 769 The Division in its reports and memorandum has consistently questioned data 770 attributability and described the data's inconclusiveness in demonstrating support 771 for either HELP success or failure. This has been true up until most recently when 772 the Division, in spite of no data foundation, has rejected its five year history, and 773 supported HELP continuation. 774 HEAT has inappropriately been inserted into the HELP evaluation without basis 775 in Commission orders 776 Quantec has failed to demonstrate attribution to HELP of the major PacifiCorp 777 statistical data. What attribution it did show is of no value in HELP's evaluation. 778 Ouantec's errors eliminated the value of any economic tests it reported that might 779 have supported continuing HELP 780 Hugh Gilbert Peach's testimony contains more non-attributable claims well 781 beyond any applicability to HELP. His extreme recommended planned economy 782 has no applicability to HELP, to the state of Utah or to the United States of 783 America. 784

## 785 **Q** What is your overall conclusion?

786 A There is no valid justification for continuing HELP.

787		
788	Q	Does that conclude your testimony?
789	A	Yes
790		
791 792	ATT	ACHMENTS
793	1)	The Division's First Annual Report
794	2)	The Division's Second Annual Report
795	3)	The Division's Third Annual Report
796	4)	The Division's Memorandum to the Public Service Commission on Quantec's
797		Utah HELP Program Evaluation Final Report dated March 24, 2005
798	5)	Dr. Peach's Data Request to Light and Truth with Light and Truth's responses