BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Application Of Rocky Mountain Power for A Deferred Accounting Order To Defer the Costs of Loans Made to Grid West))))	DOCKET NO. 06-035-163
In the Matter of the Application Of Rocky Mountain Power for An Accounting Order To Defer The Costs Related to the MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company Transaction))))	DOCKET NO. 07-035-04
In the Matter of the Application Of Rocky Mountain Power for An Accounting Order for Costs Related to the Flooding of the Powerdale Hydro Facility)))	DOCKET NO. 07-035-14

TESTIMONY OF CHERYL MURRAY FOR THE COMMITTEE OF CONSUMER SERVICES

1		INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND CURRENT
3		POSITION?
4	A.	My name is Cheryl Murray. My business address is 160 East 300 South
5		Salt Lake City, Utah. I am a utility analyst for the Committee of Consumer
6		Services (Committee).
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8	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED TESTIMONY BEFORE THE
9		PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION?
10	A.	Yes. I have testified in several PacifiCorp dockets and a Questar rate
11		case.
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13	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS
14		PROCEEDING?
15	A.	My testimony addresses policy issues the Committee considered in its
16		analysis of Rocky Mountain Power's (Company or RMP) applications for
17		accounting orders for costs of loans made to Grid West, costs related to
8		the MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company transaction (transition or
19		severance costs), and costs related to the flooding of the Powerdale
20		Hydro facility (Powerdale).
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22	Q.	WILL YOUR TESTIMONY ADDRESS STANDARD ACCOUNTING
2		PECHIPEMENTS ATTENDENT TO THESE APPLICATIONS?

24	A.	No. The Committee has retained the services of Larkin & Associates, a
25		Certified Public Accounting Firm, to review the Company's applications to
26		determine if they comport with standard accounting requirements. Donna
27		DeRonne, a CPA in that firm, will provide testimony on accounting issues.
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29	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION IN GENERAL REGARDING
30		REQUESTS FOR DEFERRED ACCOUNTING ORDERS?
31	A.	The Committee believes that under certain circumstances the use of
32		deferred accounting can be appropriate. As basic <u>criteria</u> events that are
33		unforeseen, extraordinary and material may qualify for deferred
34		accounting. However, deferred accounting orders should be granted
35		judiciously and each request must be carefully scrutinized for
36		appropriateness in light of the particular circumstances as well as the
37		items for which deferral is requested.
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39	Q.	DID THE COMMITTEE DETERMINE THAT ADDITIONAL CRITERIA
40		SHOULD BE APPLIED TO THE APPLICATIONS IN QUESTION?
41	A.	Yes. Due to the specific subject matter and the timing of these
42		applications the Committee deemed it appropriate to consider: 1) the
43		Company's use of a future test year in its most recent general rate case
44		(Docket No. 06-035-21); and 2) the revenue requirement settlement
45		agreed to by parties in that rate case. These elements raise the bar for
46		determining whether deferred accounting treatment is appropriate.

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Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMMITTEE'S POLICY CONSIDERATIONS
REGARDING THE USE OF A FUTURE TEST YEAR IN THESE
DOCKETS.

In the most recent general rate case the Company used a future test year to determine the revenue requirement necessary to operate its business in the rate-effective period. Use of a future test year requires the Company to assess its future revenue needs based on its intimate knowledge of the various costs (capital, O&M, etc.) associated with operating its business. Other parties cannot match the Company's degree of knowledge of costs attendant to efficiently and reliably running its utility business.

We are all aware that the future rarely unfolds as expected. The magnitude of the variation in particular revenue or cost items may be small or quite significant and may be to the benefit of customers or to shareholders. When the Company uses a future test year to set rates and later requests deferred accounting for specific ratemaking items, the bar is raised for determining that deferred accounting treatment is appropriate.

Further, allowing deferred accounting for items previously considered in the rate case may raise a legal concern relating to single item rate making.

70	Q.	WHY DOES THE COMMITTEE BELIEVE THE REVENUE
71		REQUIREMENT STIPULATION APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION IN
72		RMP'S LAST RATE CASE HAS RELEVANCE TO THESE

APPLICATIONS?

By agreeing to the settlement, the Company apparently believed that the revenue requirement increase granted by the Commission was sufficient through the rate effective period. When the revenue requirement in a rate case has been settled through a stipulation among the parties and specific rate elements and the associated dollar amounts have not been specifically identified, it is inappropriate for a party to that stipulation to later selectively "call out" one or two items and request further consideration for ratemaking purposes. This is of particular importance where there is no matching of costs and benefits as is the case in the Company's Grid West and Transition Cost Deferred Accounting Applications. For example, in its application relating to transition costs, the Company requests deferral of costs associated with the termination of employees but inexplicably ignores the resulting labor cost savings that are significant and ongoing. As indicated in Committee witness Deronne's testimony, the labor expense savings that is presently benefiting RMP and its shareholders between rate cases total approximately \$64 million and exceed the transition costs by \$25 million.

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¹ Certain costs related to Grid West and employee severance costs were included in the Company's test year revenue requirement projections.

92		Thus, the Commission should carefully consider the future implications of
93		granting deferred accounting orders under these circumstances.
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95	Q.	UTILIZING THE AFOREMENTIONED CRITERIA WHAT IS THE
96		COMMITTEE'S VIEW REGARDING THE GRID WEST APPLICATION?
97	A.	The issues of the Grid West application do not pass even the basic
98		criteria. The loan default was not unforeseen or extraordinary and the
99		amount of the loan default is not material.
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101	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION REGARDING THE
102		COMPANY'S REQUEST TO DEFER SEVERANCE COSTS?
103	A.	The severance costs may be material but they were not unforeseen.
104		Since severance costs were included as an item in the last rate case they
105		are subject to a higher test and must be characterized as a missed
106		forecast. The Company should not be allowed to come back and attempt
107		to "correct" a missed forecast by obtaining a deferred accounting order.
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109	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE
110		GRANTING OF DEFERRED ACCOUNTING TREATMENT FOR GRID
111		WEST LOAN AND TRANSITION COSTS?
112	A.	The Committee recommends that the deferred accounting applications for
113		both Grid West loan costs and transition costs should be denied. If the
114		Commission elects to approve deferred accounting for the transition costs

115		the associated labor expense savings should be treated as a regulatory
116		liability to serve as a future credit against the severance costs. Ms.
117		DeRonne provides further details of this position in her testimony as well
118		the accounting principles that should apply to both applications.
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120	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION REGARDING THE
121		APPLICATION FOR ACCOUNTING TREATMENT FOR THE
122		POWERDALE HYDRO FACILITY?
123	A.	The Committee considers the flooding of the Powerdale Hydro facility to
124		be an extraordinary event of sufficient magnitude to qualify for regulatory
125		asset treatment of the unrecovered investment and decommissioning
126		costs.
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128	Q.	WHAT OTHER DISTINCTIONS DOES THE COMMITTEE MAKE
129		BETWEEN THE POWERDALE APPLICATION AND DEFERRED
130		ACCOUNTING REQUESTS FOR GRID WEST AND TRANSITION
131		COSTS?
132	A.	While Grid West and transition costs were part of the last general rate
133		case, the flooding that precipitated the Company's accounting request for
134		Powerdale occurred after the rate case and therefore could not be
135		expected to have been included. Also, the timing of the request is such
136		that the Commission can require the Company to account for all potential
137		offsets to the estimated decommissioning costs.

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139	Q.	DOES THE COMMITTEE AGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S
140		APPLICATION AS FILED?
141	A.	Not entirely. Ms. DeRonne further addresses the Committee's position
142		and recommendations with regard to the specifics of the accounting
143		treatment requested.
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145	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
146	A.	Yes it does.