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Representing Wasatch Wind

#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF WASATCH WIND, LLC FOR APPROVAL OF A CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF CAPACITY AND ENERGY FROM THEIR PROPOSED OF FACILITIES

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF PACIFICORP FOR APPROVAL OF POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT BETWEEN PACIFICORP AND SPANISH FORK WIND PARK 2, LLC

DOCKET NO. 06-035-42

DOCKET NO. 06-035-76

### REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF RICHARD S. COLLINS

Wasatch Wind hereby submits the Prefiled Testimony of Richard S. Collins in this docket.

DATED this 31st day of January, 2007.

Richard S. Collins

Richard S. Collins Representing Wasatch Wind

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was sent by United States mail, postage prepaid, or by email this 12 day of, January 2007, to the following:

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### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

Of

### RICHARD S. COLLINS

On behalf of Wasatch Wind

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF WASATCH WIND, LLC FOR APPROVAL OF A CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF CAPACITY AND ENERGY FROM THEIR PROPOSED OF FACILITIES

Docket No. 06-035-42

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF PACIFICORP FOR APPROVAL OF POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT BETWEEN PACIFICORP AND SPANISH FORK WIND PARK 2, LLC

Docket No. 06-035-76

January 31, 2007

Page 1 of 5 06-035-76

- 1 Q. Please state your name and occupation.
- 2 A. My name is Richard S. Collins. I am an Associate Professor of Economics and
- Finance at Westminster College located at 1840 South 1300 East, Salt Lake City,
- 4 UT 84108.
- 5 Q. On whose behalf are you filing testimony in this Docket?
- 6 A. Wasatch Wind, LLC
- 7 Q. Are you the same Richard Collins that submitted prefiled direct testimony in
- 8 this docket?
- 9 A. Yes. I am.

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# **SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY**

- 11 **Q:** What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
- 12 A: I rebut the testimony of Dr. Abdinazer Abdulle and Paul Clements. I explain
- why I agree with some of the testimony raised by Dr. Abdulle and why I disagree
- with his conclusions. I point out the weaknesses of Mr. Clements arguments and
- 15 stress why the Company's proposed method for calculating avoided line losses is
- 16 conceptually flawed and why it may well lead to a violation of ratepayer
- 17 neutrality. The Company's proposed method should be rejected by the
- 18 Commission and deemed inadequate for measuring line losses. The Commission
- should accept the Division's recognition of the fact that line losses occur from the
- point of interconnect to the system to the final load but reject the Division's
- 21 method of measuring line losses using MW miles to determine average distance to
- load. Wasatch Wind has provided in depth analysis of both our project and the

Page 2 of 5 06-035-76

proxy resource's impact on system line losses. Wasatch Wind's results support
the conclusion that its facility entails fewer transmission line losses than
Wolverine facility and therefore its contract price should be adjusted to reflect this
fact.

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## Rebuttal of Dr. Abdulle

## 7 Q: What parts of Dr. Abdulle direct testimony do you agree with?

8 **A:** Dr. Abdulle testifies that line losses should be measured from the point of
9 interconnection to the company's system to the company's load. I agree with his
10 assessment.

# Q: How did Dr. Abdulle perform his line loss calculations?

12 A: Dr. Abdulle used Company data on loads in the vicinity of interconnection points for the two wind facilities to calculate how far an average MW would have to 13 travel from the interconnection point to the load. He develops a concept he calls a 14 MW mile which he obtains by multiplying the MWs of load at a particular site by 15 the distance of the site to the substation, i.e., the point of interconnection. He 16 17 then sums the MW miles of the Company's load around the interconnection and then divides this MW mile calculation by the nameplate rating of the facility to 18 get an average distance of load to interconnection. 19

## Q: Are there problems with this formulation of line losses?

Yes, there are a number of problems with Dr. Abdulle's formulation. First, this
method is simplistic and does not measure the actual flow of electricity on the

Page 3 of 5 06-035-76

1		system and therefore can not determine the actual impact on line losses. Second,
2		Dr. Abdulle's method does not consider the line losses that occur when electricity
3		changes voltages. Substantial losses are incurred when electricity is transformed
4		from 161kv to 46 kv and visa versa.
5	Q:	Are there any other errors in Dr. Abdulle's calculations?
6	A:	Yes, when he calculated the MW miles for the Wasatch Wind facility he assumed
7		that half of the power or nine MWs would flow south to Santaquin, some eleven
8		miles south of the interconnection point. However, the load in Santaquin is only
9		700 kw or .7 MWs so the power flows to the closer Mapleton load. Using Dr.
10		Abdulle's method with corrected data yields average distance from load that is
11		40% less than Dr. Abdulle's calculation.
12	Q:	If this correction is made would you accept the Division's method?
13	A:	No. The Division's is too simplistic and does not measure the flow of electricity
14		on the system. In particular it fails to account for the impact these facilities have
15		on the higher voltage system where line losses are far more dramatic. It also does
16		not account for the changes in voltage levels required to deliver power to load.
17		
18	Rebu	ttal of Paul Clements
19	Q:	How did Mr. Clements propose to calculate avoided line losses for QF
20		facilities?
21	A:	Mr. Clements proposes an even more simplistic method than the Division. He
22		suggests that line losses can be measured by calculating the distance between the

Page 4 of 5 06-03

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Q:

Q:

A:

delivery point of the proxy contract, i.e., the interconnection point and the load (demand) required to "absorb" the output of the proxy contract. He notes that there is 300 MWs of PacifiCorp load served from the Goshen substation which is the point of interconnection. He then concludes that the distance between the delivery point and the load is zero even though the actual PacifiCorp load is miles from the substation. His testimony notes that loads served are at various voltage levels but fails to calculate the line losses associated with such required change in voltage level. Even more damning is the fact that this method does not consider the impact of the facilities on higher level transmission flows and line losses associated with such changes in electricity flow. Mr. Clements argues that GRID model is an inappropriate tool for measuring transmission losses, do you care to comment. Yes, first it is interesting that the Company has changed its position on this matter, in a previous docket the Company proposed the use of GRID to calculate transmission losses. Second, Wasatch Wind used the output of the GRID model to determine which generators would most likely be backed down in response to production from both the proxy facility and our facility. To run the power flow model, it is necessary to back down generation in order to balance the system and determine line losses. The GRID model is an appropriate tool to determine which resources are likely to be backed down. Mr. Clements cites the recently signed 20 year QF power purchase

agreement with Pioneer Ridge, LLC as evidence to support his conclusion

Page 5 of 5

1		that no transmission losses are associated with the Spanish Fork Facility. His
2		logic is if Pioneer accepts the Company's position that there are no line losses
3		because both facilities connect at substations whose loads absorb the output
4		then Wasatch Wind should accept the same conditions. Do you care to
5		Comment?
6	A:	Yes. As indicated in Mr. Clements testimony, the parties agreed that as part of
7		the Power Purchase agreement no adjustment to the proxy resource price was
8		necessary to account for line losses. However, this agreement is a negotiated
9		agreement settlement of line losses was part of the negotiation process. Pioneer's
10		contract is materially different from our contract. We don't know the give and
11		take on the Pioneer contract, but we made it clear from the beginning of our
12		contract negotiation that we would pursue payment for avoided transmission
13		losses.
14	Q:	Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?
15	A:	Yes.