2 Introduction

3	Q:	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, PARTY YOU REPRESENT AND
4		BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.
5	A:	My name is Daniel E. Gimble. I am a Special Projects Manager for the
6		Committee of Consumer Services (Committee). My business address is
7		160 E. 300 S., Heber Wells Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.
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9	Q:	ON BEHALF OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONSUMER SERVICES
10		(COMMITTEE OR CCS) HAVE YOU TESTIFIED BEFORE THE UTAH
11		PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (COMMISSION OR PSC) IN PRIOR
12		ENERGY AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS CASES?
13	A:	Yes. Since 1991, I have testified in numerous cases before the
14		Commission.
15		
16	Q:	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
17	A:	My testimony provides the Committee's overall recommendation regarding
18		Rocky Mountain Power's (Company or RMP) proposal to decrease its
19		composite depreciation rate from 2.91 percent to 2.69 percent (decrease
20		of 0.22 percent) based on depreciable plant balances as of December 31,
21		2006. I also provide the Committee's perspective on various policy issues
22		related to this depreciation case.
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24	Q:	HAS THE COMMITTEE RETAINED AN EXPERT THAT ALSO
25		PREPARED AND FILED TESTIMONY IN CONNECTION WITH THIS
26		DEPRECIATION DOCKET?
27	A:	Yes. The Committee retained Jacob Pous of Diversified Utility Consulting,
28		Inc. to provide expert assistance in analyzing the reasonableness of both
29		the Company's new depreciation study and the depreciation rates
30		proposed by the Company. My overall recommendation is supported by

- Mr. Pous' specific recommendations in the production and mass property
 (transmission, distribution, general and mining plant) areas.
- 33

34 Summary of Committee Position

35 Q: PLEASE PROVIDE THE COMMITTEE'S OVERALL RECOMMENDED 36 CHANGE TO DEPRECIATION EXPENSE IN THIS CASE.

- 37 A: CCS Exhibit 2.1, page 1 of 7, is a summary exhibit prepared by Mr. Pous 38 showing the Committee's overall recommendation and the specific 39 proposals by functional plant category. Applying the Committee's 40 proposed depreciation rates to depreciable plant balances as of 41 December 31, 2006 results in a recommended decrease to existing 42 depreciation expense of approximately \$37 million on a Utah basis. Thus, 43 the Committee recommends a decrease to depreciation expense that 44 exceeds the Company's proposed decrease by about \$27.3 million on a Utah basis. 45
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47 Q: HOW DOES THIS COMPARE TO THE RESPECTIVE POSITIONS OF 48 THE COMPANY AND THE COMMITTEE IN PAST DEPRECIATION 49 CASES?

A: 50 The Company's initial filings were excessive relative to the Committee's 51 recommendations in past cases, and for that matter, the two depreciation 52 settlements approved by the Commission. In Docket No. 98-2035-03, the 53 Company proposed to increase depreciation rates in Utah by about \$23.6 54 million. A settlement approved by the Commission resulted in an increase 55 in depreciation rates of approximately \$3.1 million. However, due to 56 previous amortization of plant at unapproved depreciation rates, the \$3.1 57 million was offset by a \$3.55 million time-limited "accounting adjustment," 58 which resulted in a small net decrease of about \$0.45 million to 59 depreciation expense for a period of two years. In Docket No. 02-035-12, 60 the Company proposed to increase depreciation rates in Utah by about 61 \$3.75 million. A settlement approved by the Commission resulted in a

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62		decrease of approximately \$6 million to depreciation expense. While the
63		Company requested depreciation rate increases in each of the last two
64		depreciation cases, each settlement approved by the Commission
65		resulted in an overall net decrease in depreciation expense. I have
66		attached the Commission's Orders in these two dockets as CCS Exhibits
67		1.1 and 1.2.
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69	Q:	PLEASE BRIEFLY SUMMARIZE THE COMMITTEE'S
70		RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE MAJOR ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH
71		THIS CASE.
72	A:	The Committee's recommendations are as follows:
73		(1) The Committee supports the Company's proposal to increase the life
74		span of the majority of its coal units to an average of 64 years.
75		Further, the Committee recommends the life spans for simple-cycle
76		combustion turbine and combined-cycle combustion turbine gas plants
77		be increased from 25 to 30 years and 35 to 40 years, respectively.
78		(2) The Committee opposes the Company's proposal to double the
79		negative net salvage value of steam production facilities from \$25/kW
80		to \$50/kW. The Committee recommends leaving the negative net
81		salvage value at the existing \$25/kW.
82		(3) The Committee opposes the Company's proposal to recognize and
83		include interim additions in its depreciation rates based on a five-year
84		forecast.
85		(4) The Committee supports the Company's proposal to establish a hydro
86		plant decommissioning reserve as set forth in its testimony.
87		(5) The Committee opposes the Company's proposals relating to 11 mass
88		property accounts. Some of these proposals involve substantial
89		increases to the negative net salvage values associated with certain
90		mass property accounts.
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- 93 Policy Issues
- WHAT POLICY ISSUES DO YOU ADDRESS IN YOUR TESTIMONY? 94 Q: 95 A: I address the Company's proposals to: increase the life span for the majority of its coal units to 64 years; include forecasted interim additions 96 97 associated with production plant in depreciation rates; and establish a 98 hydro plant decommissioning reserve. I also discuss when the 99 depreciation rate changes ordered in this docket should become effective 100 and when the Company should be required to file its next depreciation 101 case.
- 102

103 64-Year Life Span for Coal Units

104 WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION ON THE COMPANY'S Q: PROPOSAL TO INCREASE THE LIFE SPAN OF THE MAJORITY OF 105 **ITS COAL UNITS TO 64 YEARS?** 106

- A: 107 At the September 12, 2007 Committee meeting, the Committee was 108 briefed on the salient issues attendant to this depreciation case, including 109 the Company's 64-year life span proposal for coal units. At that meeting, 110 the Committee voted 4-2 to support the 64-year life span proposal. The 111 Committee determined that the "accounting lives" of coal units should 112 more closely match the expected "engineering lives" so current ratepayers 113 are not overcharged for the Company's coal plant investments. The 114 Committee made this assessment based on information that the industry 115 trend is to recognize longer life spans for coal units and that the 116 Committee's depreciation expert has provided testimony recommending 117 longer life spans for coal units in recent cases. 118

HAVE OTHER STATES RECENTLY APPROVED EXTENDING COAL 119 Q: 120 **UNIT LIFE SPANS?**

121 A: Yes. Commissions in Oklahoma and Colorado have recently approved 122 extending life spans for coal units to approximately 60 years. Mr. Pous addresses these cases in his testimony. 123

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125		Interim Additions
126	Q:	BRIEFLY EXPLAIN THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL REGARDING
127		INTERIM ADDITIONS?
128	A:	For the first time the Company proposes to recognize and include nominal
129		interim additions in its depreciation rates for steam and other production
130		plant. ¹ According to RMP, the recommended interim addition amount is
131		based on a five-year forecast and is limited to existing equipment.
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133	Q:	WHAT ARE THE COMMITTEE'S CONCERNS RELATING TO INTERIM
134		ADDITIONS?
135	A:	The Committee has two primary concerns. First, it allows RMP to begin
136		depreciating plant before it actually provides "used and useful" service to
137		customers. This is contrary to a long history of sound regulatory principles
138		followed by the Commission that in the rate effective period costs charged
139		to customers should match the associated benefits received. Second, the
140		costs are based on a five-year forecast, which means the costs are highly
141		speculative and uncertain. The Committee's expert, Mr. Pous, discusses
142		these and other concerns in greater detail in his direct testimony.
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144	Q:	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION ON THE COMPANY'S
145		INTERIM ADDITION PROPOSAL?
146	A:	The Committee's recommendation is that the Commission should reject
147		the Company's proposal.
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¹ On page 9 of his direct testimony, Mr. Lay notes that the Company has not adjusted its five-year forecast for inflation and that they are simply proposing a nominal level of interim additions.

153		Hydro Plant Decommissioning Reserve
154	Q:	BRIEFLY EXPLAIN THE COMPANY'S HYDRO PLANT
155		DECOMMISSIONING RESERVE PROPOSAL.
156	A:	The Company proposes a policy change to recognize the increased
157		probability that some of its smaller hydro plants will face future
158		environmental challenges that will affect the future operations of those
159		facilities. Specifically, the Company proposes to establish a hydro plant
160		decommissioning reserve for facilities that have a specific
161		decommissioning agreement and small hydro plants where the Company
162		has estimated a probability of decommissioning occurring within the next
163		ten years.
164		
165	Q:	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION ON RMP'S PROPOSAL TO
166		CREATE A HYDRO DECOMMISSIONING RESERVE?
167	A:	The Committee supports the Company's proposal. It appears reasonable
168		to set up a decommissioning reserve if there is an agreement to remove
169		certain hydro facilities and to reflect the probability that other small hydro
170		resources may be removed due to economic, environmental or political
171		reasons.
172		
173	Q:	DOES THE CREATION OF A HYDRO DECOMMISSIONING RESERVE
174		OBLIGATE UTAH RATEPAYERS IN ANY WAY TO COVER COSTS
175		RESULTING FROM HYDRO DECOMMISSIONING ACTIVITIES?
176	A:	No. A hydro reserve simply allows RMP to reflect expected
177		decommissioning costs on its books. Whether any requested future cost
178		recovery is afforded to the Company will chiefly be determined by the
179		prevailing inter-jurisdictional cost allocation method as it relates to hydro
180		facilities and the prudence of the costs incurred by the Company to
181		remove facilities.
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183		

184		January 1, 2008 Implementation Date
185	Q:	WHEN DOES THE COMPANY PROPOSE THAT THE NEW
186		DEPRECIATION RATES BE IMPLEMENTED?
187	A:	RMP proposes that new depreciation rates be effective on January 1,
188		2008.
189		
190	Q:	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION RELATING TO THE
191		PROPOSED IMPLEMENTATION DATE?
192	A:	The Committee's position is that new depreciation rates approved by the
193		Commission should be fully reflected in the test year used in RMP's next
194		Utah rate case.
195		
196	Q:	WHAT IS THE COMMITTEE'S POSITION REGARDING WHEN RMP
197		SHOULD PREPARE AND FILE ITS NEXT DEPRECIATION CASE?
198	A:	The Committee believes that depreciation rates should be reviewed within
199		a three-to-five year period. Given the frequency with which RMP has
200		been filing general rate cases and the fact that depreciation is a major
201		expense item, it may make sense for the Commission to file its next
202		depreciation case sooner rather than later.
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204	Q:	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
205	A:	Yes.
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