 A. My name is William R. Griffith. Q. Are you the same William R. Griffith who has testified previously in this can 4 A. Yes I am. 5 Q. What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony? 6 A. The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to: 	ise?	
 4 A. Yes I am. 5 Q. What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony? 	ise?	
5 Q. What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?		
6 A. The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to:		
• Discuss the Company's rate spread and rate design proposal from my rebutt	al	
8 testimony in Phase 2 of this docket.		
• Provide an alternative rate spread and rate design proposal should the comm	ission	
10 not adopt the Company's rate spread and rate design from my rebuttal testin	nony	
11 in Phase 2.		
• Address WRA and UCE's witness Mr. Richard S. Collins' rate spread and rate	ate	
13 design proposal for residential customers in his rebuttal testimony.		
• Comment on proposals by the parties that the Commission require the Comp	pany	
15 to implement an education program for its residential rate structure.		
16 Rate Spread and Rate Design Proposal		
17 Q. In light of the rebuttal testimony of parties in this case, does the Company		
18 propose any revisions to the rate spread and rate design proposals filed in t	he	
19 Company's rebuttal testimony?		
20 A. No. The Company continues to support applying the present Tariff Rider Rate,		
21 Schedule 97, on a uniform percentage basis to customers' bills. We support		
22 addressing other rate design issues in the Company's next general rate case.		
23 Continuation of the Tariff Rider Rate will minimize rate changes for customers		

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24 this docket.

25	Q.	Does the Company have an alternative rate spread and rate design proposal
26		should the commission not adopt the Company's proposal from your rebuttal
27		testimony in Phase 2?
28	A.	Yes. In the alternative, should the commission not adopt the Company's proposal to
29		continue applying the present Schedule 97, Tariff Rider Rate, the Company proposes
30		to implement rate spread through a uniform 2.72 percent equal percentage increase to
31		all tariff schedules. For rate design, the Company proposes to increase all rate
32		components (customer charges, energy charges, demand charges, and other charges)
33		of all tariff schedules by 2.72 percent uniformly thereby eliminating Schedule 97. In
34		doing so, customers would not experience any impact of rate changes in Phase 2.
35	Q.	Do you have any comments on WRA and UCE's witness Mr. Richard S. Collins
36		rebuttal testimony in this case?
36 37	A.	rebuttal testimony in this case? Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor
	A.	
37	A.	Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor
37 38	A.	Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor does it support application of Mr. Collins' model for rate design. His changes are
37 38 39	A.	Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor does it support application of Mr. Collins' model for rate design. His changes are faulty and his model is seriously flawed.
37 38 39 40	A.	Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor does it support application of Mr. Collins' model for rate design. His changes are faulty and his model is seriously flawed. Mr. Collins proposes a fourth summer residential energy charge for all usage
 37 38 39 40 41 	A.	Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor does it support application of Mr. Collins' model for rate design. His changes are faulty and his model is seriously flawed. Mr. Collins proposes a fourth summer residential energy charge for all usage over 2,000 kWh per month. In addition to clear differences between the Company's
 37 38 39 40 41 42 	A.	Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor does it support application of Mr. Collins' model for rate design. His changes are faulty and his model is seriously flawed. Mr. Collins proposes a fourth summer residential energy charge for all usage over 2,000 kWh per month. In addition to clear differences between the Company's original proposal to simplify the summer residential rate utilizing a two block rate
 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 	A.	Yes. The Company does not support Mr. Collins' proposed rate design changes nor does it support application of Mr. Collins' model for rate design. His changes are faulty and his model is seriously flawed. Mr. Collins proposes a fourth summer residential energy charge for all usage over 2,000 kWh per month. In addition to clear differences between the Company's original proposal to simplify the summer residential rate utilizing a two block rate design and Mr. Collins' more complex four block residential rate design, his preferred

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47	model contains a number of errors that make it unsuitable for rate design and
48	impossible to assess the specific details of his proposal. In his rate design exhibit,
49	(rcollins (sic) rebuttal exhibit 1), Mr. Collins has modified the Company's model
50	provided to the Committee of Consumer Services in data request CCS 38.4. After
51	modification of the model, Mr. Collins overstates forecast present revenues (prior to
52	any rate change for Residential Schedule 1 customers) by over \$15 million from the
53	Company's case. His proposed rate design implements a proposed rate increase of
54	\$404,000 (T48 Proposed Revenue Dollars minus T47 Forecasted Revenue Dollars)
55	for Schedule 1, equal to 0.07 percent, while his written testimony references an
56	increase of \$14.563 million for the residential class.
57	Moreover, in his model, Mr. Collins has modified the forecast test period data
58	in this case without any comment or explanation. For example, he assumes that
59	residential usage in the first summer energy block (0-400 kWh May-Sept) increases
60	by over 79 million kWh. He offers no explanation for this dramatic increase in
61	forecast energy usage. He also assumes that usage over 1,000 kWh per month in the
62	summer, the highest priced usage in Mr. Collins' proposal, will increase by over 54
63	million kWh compared to the Company's originally filed forecast data for the twelve
64	months ended December 2008. Again, no explanation or documentation is offered to
65	support his assumption for this large change. He also assumes that winter residential
66	usage (Oct-April) declines by 97 million kWh. No explanation is offered. We urge
67	the Commission to reject Mr. Collins' proposal and his error-laden rate design model.
68	It is not appropriate for rate making.

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Q. A number of parties have offered proposals similar to Mr. Collins where he
states, "The Commission should require the Company to undertake a public
service promotion of its residential rate structure and the logic and rationale
behind it." Please comment on these proposals.

A. Proposals such as Mr. Collins' may help to address the concerns first presented in my
direct testimony that residential customers are unaware of their electric rates and
usage; however, any such proposal would require funding and a cost recovery
mechanism for these new programs. None of the proposals by the parties addresses
program funding.

If the Commission were to require a residential customer education program,
the Company proposes that the program be funded through Schedule 193, Demand
Side Management Cost Adjustment surcharge. After a program and a funding
amount are determined, the Schedule 193 surcharge would need to be adjusted to
reflect the approved funding level.

83 Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?

A. Yes, it does.