BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Application of)	Docket No. 09-035-15
Rocky Mountain Power for Approval of its)	Testimony of Salt Lake
Proposed Energy Cost Adjustment)	Community Action
Mechanism)	Program

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

ELIZABETH A. WOLF

ON BEHALF OF

SALT LAKE COMMUNITY ACTION PROGRAM

NOVEMBER 16, 2009

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	_	
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
4	A.	My name is Elizabeth A. Wolf. My business address is 764 South 200
5		West, Salt Lake City, Utah.
6		
7	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU PROVIDING TESTIMONY IN THIS
8		PROCEEDING?
9	A.	I am testifying before the Utah Public Service Commission (PSC or the
10		Commission) in Docket No. 09-035-15 on behalf of Salt Lake Community
11		Action Program (SLCAP).
12	•	
13	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU CURRENTLY EMPLOYED?
14	A.	I have been employed by Salt Lake Community Action Program as an advocate
15		for low-income people on utility issues since 1997. Salt Lake Community Action
16		Program is a nonprofit agency that works to help low-income families seek self-
17		sufficiency through service delivery and advocacy.
18		
19	Q.	PLEASE OUTLINE YOUR BACKGROUND AND RELEVANT WORK
20		EXPERIENCE.
21	A.	I hold a B.A. in American Studies from the University of Michigan and have
22		completed graduate coursework in the School of Social Work at the University of
23		Utah. Previously, I worked for 16 years as Executive Director of Utah Common
24		Cause, a nonprofit, nonpartisan citizens' lobbying group working for more open

and accountable government. In that capacity, I worked with other consumer groups on utility issues, including telephone deregulation and support for adequate consumer representation in utility regulatory proceedings. During that time, I worked extensively with the legislature and provided testimony on numerous occasions.

O:

A.

HAVE YOU TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY IN REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS?

Yes I have testified in several electric and natural gas rate cases over the past twelve years, both as an expert witness filing direct testimony and under oath as a public witness in numerous other natural gas, electric and telephone utility cases.

A:

II. PURPOSE AND SUMMARY

Q: WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

The purpose of my testimony is to respond to the Procedural Order issued by the Public Service Commission on June 18, 2009 to address the Phase I issue of whether an Energy Cost Adjustment Mechanism (ECAM) is in the public interest and should be adopted in this docket. In the Order delineating Phase I issues, the PSC stated that Rocky Mountain Power (RMP or the Company) bears the burden of proof to show that the proposed mechanism is necessary. While SLCAP does not have the necessary resources to analyze the multitude of issues outlined in the aforementioned Commission Order, we offer some opinions on policy issues relevant to the decision in this case.

1	Q:	WHAT IS THE POSITION OF SLCAP WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPOSED
2		ECAM?
3	A:	In general, SLCAP does not favor adoption of an ECAM in this case. We
4		appreciate the fact that the Commission has split the case, as requested by many
5		parties to the case including SLCAP. While the first phase is limited to a
6		determination of whether an ECAM is in the public interest and should be
7		adopted, it is difficult to discuss the merits of the proposal without dealing with
8		some of the design issues in the mechanism proposed by RMP in its original
9		direct testimony and its subsequent supplemental filings.
10		
11	Q:	WHY DOESN'T SLCAP SUPPORT AN ENERGY COST ADJUSTMENT
12		MECHANISM IN THIS DOCKET?
13	A:	SLCAP is primarily concerned whether the adoption of an ECAM now promotes
14		the appropriate balance between aligning utility incentives with the public
15		interest. We agree that it is important to provide a climate in which the Company
16		has the proper incentives to provide reliable and efficient electric service to its
17		customers. The problem in the current environment is whether the issues
18		involved in determining the resources best suited to a growing jurisdiction are
19		best served by establishing a mechanism such as one proposed by the Company.
20		
21	Q:	CAN YOU ELABORATE ON WHAT YOU MEAN BY THAT?
22	A:	Currently, Utah is in need of resources and there has been an ongoing struggle
23		between the Company and many parties in various Utah dockets (General Rate

Cases, IRP's, RFP's and others) to determine how best to meet those resource needs. SLCAP believes that it is important to find a way to balance the need for acquiring new resources (both demand and supply side) with the Company's need to manage its Net Power Costs (NPC) in a way that works for both the Company and its customers. But we are concerned that adoption of an ECAM now complicates that issue rather than simplifying it.

A:

Q: HOW DOES CONSIDERATION OF AN ECAM NOW COMPLICATE

MATTERS?

It is complicated by the interplay between long term planning and resource acquisition and short term recovery of variable fuel costs. We are concerned that adoption of an ECAM could affect the incentives for the Company to provide least cost risk adjusted resources. Those issues are played out around the question of whether resource needs will be best provided through building and / or purchasing of owned generation resources versus purchasing power both through long term contracts and those to fill short term needs. In addition, adoption of an ECAM might have an effect on the determination of whether those generation needs are at least partially met through Demand Side resources and / or renewable resources, especially since the latter has high capital costs and little or no fuel costs. We are troubled about instituting a system that could sacrifice some long term planning goals that would be beneficial for ratepayers, customers and the state for short term recovery of the Company's variable costs.

In addition to planning issues, there also currently exists a relationship between incentives for the Company to operate in an efficient manner and its inability to pass through all its variable fuel costs that could be lost with the adoption of an ECAM. The current treatment of NPC requires the Company to operate efficiently in order to at least partially manage its risk. We question whether the ability to pass through the NPC on a dollar for dollar basis to customers substantially changes that relationship. Additionally, such a change shifts fuel volatility costs and risks to the ratepayers without a commensurate change in incentives to the Company, such as a potential decrease in the rate of return.

We also raise other concerns with adoption of an ECAM including the following:

- It's not simple to administer because there are so many potentially moving parts;
- It's not a quick fix to the issues that RMP describes due to the interplay between planning, resource choices, long and short term goals, climate issues, etc.;
- It doesn't ease the regulatory burden in that it requires annual accounting,
 reviews and true ups of NPC in addition to the review of NPC in ongoing
 rate cases.
- It doesn't obviate the need for RMP to file general rate cases as the need for new resources will require ongoing rate cases even with the ability of the Company to add major plant additions between rate cases;

1		• It doesn't aid in providing any better price signals to customers than we
2		currently have in that the timing is wrong due to the lag of over a year in
3		implementing the price changes;
4		• Parties will forever be arguing about the prudence of various expenses in
5		the balancing account on an ongoing basis.
6		
7		III. CONCLUSIONS
8		
9	Q:	WHAT IS YOUR CONCLUSION?
10	A:	SLCAP believes that the ECAM proposed by RMP is not in the public interest
1		and that it would be difficult to design one that would be. Other mechanisms
12		adopted in recent pieces of legislation, including the ability to use future test years
13		and the ability to bring in major plant additions outside a rate case (which by itself
L4		requires frequent rate cases) mitigates the need for the proposed ECAM especially
15		when one considers the potentially adverse outcomes regarding long term
16		planning that could occur if such a mechanism were to be enacted.
17		
18	Q:	DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
19 20	Δ.	Ves it does

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Direct Testimony of Elizabeth Wolf on behalf of Salt Lake Community Action Program in Docket No.09-035-15 was mailed electronically this 16th day of November, 2009, to the following:

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