## BEFORE THE UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER FOR AUTHORITY TO INCREASE ITS RETAIL ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE RATES IN UTAH AND FOR APPROVAL OF ITS PROPOSED ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULES AND ELECTRIC SERVICE REGULATIONS

DPU EXHIBIT 3.0 SR DOCKET NO. 10-035-124 TEST PERIOD

Pre-filed Surrebuttal Testimony

Of

Douglas D. Wheelwright

On Behalf of

Utah Division of Public Utilities

March 21, 2011

1	Q:	Please state your name, business address and title.
2	<b>A:</b>	My name is Douglas D. Wheelwright. I am a Utility Analyst in the Division of Public
3		Utilities (Division). My business address is 160 East 300 South, Salt Lake City, Utah
4		84114.
5	Q:	On whose behalf are you testifying?
6	A:	I am testifying on the Division's behalf.
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8	Q:	Are you the same Douglas D. Wheelwright that filed Direct Testimony on net power
9		cost in this proceeding?
10	A:	Yes, I am.
11	Q:	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?
12	A:	I will respond to the rebuttal testimony submitted by UIEC witness Maurice Brubaker
13		and UAE witness Kevin Higgins.
14	Respo	onse to UIEC
15	Q:	Do you agree with Mr. Brubaker that the trend line analysis in your direct
16		testimony is "suspect" and "not particularly revealing"?
17	A:	Not at all. The historical information along with the trend lines provides a way to look at
18		the various components of net power cost compared to the forecast values. While there
19		are many individual items included in net power cost, this type of analysis provides a first
20		look at the major sections. If the forecast information appears to deviate from the
21		historical trend, it would prompt a more detailed review of the individual line items
22		included in that category. For example, in Chart 3 of my direct testimony, Special Sales
23		for Resale have been going down every year since 2007 and have remained fairly flat for
24		the last three years. The forecast for 2011 indicates an increase of over seven thousand

25		MWh for 2011 followed by a decrease of over five thousand MWh in 2012. This has not
26		been explained by the Company and will require a more detailed review of the individual
27		items included in this category. This type of trend analysis is helpful when looking at the
28		projected total system requirements and can also be used for other categories included in
29		net power cost.
30	Q:	How do you respond to Mr. Brubaker's concern about making adjustments to the
31		forecast provided by the Company?
32	A:	On page 6 line 7 of Mr. Brubaker's rebuttal testimony he states;
33 34 35 36		"A major problem with RMP's NPC claims is that many components are based on assumed replacement of contracts and changes in circumstances that are not now known and <i>likely will not be known by the time that hearings in this case take place.</i> "
37		No matter which test period is used, we are dealing with forecast amounts and Mr.
38		Brubaker acknowledges that we will not have any additional information by the time
39		hearings take place. While there are changing conditions in the forecast period, we need
40		to look at the historical information for possible trends in order to provide a basis for
41		comparison and possible adjustment.
42	Q:	Do you have any comments about Mr. Brubaker's concern with swaps and the
43		current EBA Order?
44	A:	The issue at hand is to determine the test year that will be used in the current general rate
45		case. The costs associated with swaps and what may or may not be included in base rates
46		will be addressed in a different phase of this case. The current EBA Order will begin at
47		the end of the current rate case after swaps and other issues have been more fully
48		explored by all parties. The next phase of the case is the appropriate time to address what
49		will or will not be included in base rates. It should be noted that the Division has
50		previously provided testimony in other dockets dealing with swaps and the Company's
51		current hedging program. In this proceeding, the impact of the swap contracts in net

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- power cost was clearly identified in DPU exhibit 3.3 and will likely be addressed in
  future proceedings.
- 54 **Response to UAE**

## 55 Q. Do you have any comments concerning Kevin Higgins rebuttal testimony?

56 A: Mr. Higgins has referred to the load forecast provided by the Company and included in 57 DPU Exhibit 3.2. Mr. Higgins does not provide evidence that the forecast is incorrect but 58 simply identifies the projected growth rate. I think it is important to look at the actual 59 results compared to the forecast in previous dockets to see if the Company has significantly over estimated the forecast load. The Company provides a semi-annual 60 61 variance report to look at the actual results compared to the forecast values. Below is a 62 comparison of the actual retail load compared to the load forecast approved in previous 63 Dockets.

64			Retail Load	Retail Load	
65	Date	Docket	Forecast	Actual	Variance
66	Dec 2008	07-035-93	58,581,918	59,215,663	1.08%
67	Jun 2009	07-035-93	59,536,705	57,689,436	-3.10%
68	Dec 2009	08-035-38	59,856,832	57,236,660	-4.38%
69	Jun 2010	09-035-23	58,236,451	57,379,450	-1.47%

The variance in 2009 can be explained by the reduced demand related to the slowdown in
the national and local economy. Information for December 2010 will be available when
the Company files the results of operations in April 2011.

## 73 Q: Do you have any other observations about the rebuttal testimony submitted by 74 various parties?

A: Yes. Individuals have indicated that a forecast test period that is closer in time will be
more accurate than a forecast further into the future. I would agree that with accurate
historical information and fewer variables, a forecast should be more accurate. The
challenge is to determine how far into the future can the forecast be projected and still
maintain the desired accuracy. Since each rate case is different, it is difficult to compare

one case against another and determine the accuracy of the forecasts. One unique
situation is available to compare the projected NPC provided in the 2008 case to the
projections in the 2009 case. These two cases included a 6 month overlap in the forecast
periods from July 2009 through December 2009. Below is a comparison of the forecast
NPC for the 6 months included in both Dockets compared to the actual results.

85		08-035-38	09-035-23	
86	Month	Forecast NPC	Forecast NPC	Actual NPC
87	Jul 09	118,345,101	110,702,169	116,650,843
88	Aug 09	129,273,267	115,755,272	109,797,119
89	Sep 09	92,477,717	94,858,102	87,997,850
90	Oct 09	84,009,777	73,564,059	80,431,066
91	Nov 09	74,577,722	71,699,995	68,972,782
92	Dec 09	83,497,508	76,082,566	119,993,150
93	Total	582,181,091	542,662,162	583,812,810

94 While the assumption has been made that a forecast closer in time will be more accurate. 95 when compared to the actual, the 2008 forecast was more accurate than the 2009 forecast 96 in this situation. A more detailed review of these two forecasts has identified a 97 significant difference in amount forecast for short term purchases and short term sales. 98 These are the same accounts have been identified as areas of concern in the current 99 forecast and have been identified in DPU exhibits 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3. Once the Commission 100 has determined the test period that best reflects the rate effective period, individual items 101 included in net power will need to be further examined and possible adjustments made.

- 102 Q. Does that conclude your testimony?
- 103 A. Yes.