UIEC J. Robert Malko 10-035-124 Ex. UIEC TP 2.0SR

BEFORE THE

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authority to Increase its Retail Electric Utility Service Rates in Utah and for Approval of its Proposed Electric Service Schedules and Electric Service Regulations

Docket No. 10-035-124

Surrebuttal Testimony and Exhibits of

J. Robert Malko

on Test Period Selection

On behalf of

Utah Industrial Energy Consumers

March 21, 2011

1 2 3		BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH
4		In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authority to Increase its Retail Electric Utility Service Rates in Utah and for Approval of its Proposed Electric Service Schedules and Electric Service Regulations)Docket No. 10-035-124
5		SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF J. ROBERT MALKO
6	Q	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
7	А	J. Robert Malko. My business consulting address is 245 North Alta Street, Salt Lake
8		City, Utah 84103.
9		
10	Q	ARE YOU THE SAME J. ROBERT MALKO WHO FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY ON
11		BEHALF OF UTAH INDUSTRIAL ENERGY CONSUMERS ("UIEC") IN THIS
12		PROCEEDING?
13	А	Yes.
14		
15	Q	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY IN THIS
16		PROCEEDING?
17	А	My surrebuttal testimony responds to Rocky Mountain Power ("RMP" or the "Company")
18		witness, David L. Taylor, and Division of Public Utilities ("Division") witness, Joni S.
19		Zenger, concerning the selection of a test period for this proceeding.
20		

21 Q DO WITNESS TAYLOR AND WITNESS ZENGER APPROPRIATELY CONSIDER THE 22 ROLE OF ECONOMIC REGULATION IN THE SELECTION OF A TEST PERIOD FOR 23 THIS PROCEEDING?

A No. The role of economic regulation of a monopoly is to produce the results, in a reasonable manner, of a competitive market. Professor James Bonbright states the following concerning this issue on page 93 of his book, <u>Principles of Public Utility Rates</u> (1961):

Regulation, it is said, is a substitute for competition. Hence its objective should be to compel a regulated enterprise, despite its possession of complete or partial monopoly, to charge rates approximating those which it would charge if free from regulation but subject to the market forces of competition. In short, regulation should be not only a substitute for competition, but a closely imitative substitute.

35 (See Exhibit UIEC 2.1SR.) According to Professor Charles F. Phillips, Jr., on page 156

36 of his book, <u>The Regulation of Public Utilities: Theory and Practice</u> (1984):

37 It is only with better understanding and increased knowledge of
38 economic, political, and social factors that regulation can be an
39 efficient substitute for competition.

40 (See Exhibit UIEC 2.2SR.) According to Professor Roger A. Morin on page 1 of his
41 book, <u>New Regulatory Finance</u> (2006):

The capitalistic free-market system, which normally sets prices, output levels, and general terms of trade in society, is generally unworkable in the case of some services provided by public utilities because utility services are largely monopolistic in nature (for example, energy distribution and transmission). That is, they do not

- 47 experience full competition in a particular market area or in
 48 dispensing a particular service. As a result, public utility regulation
 49 replaces the free market system by establishing allowable prices for
 50 the rendering of public services.
- 51 The purpose of regulation is to replicate the results that the 52 competitive market system would achieve in the way of reasonable 53 prices and profits.
- 54 (See Exhibit UIEC 2.3SR.)
- 55

56QTHE COMPANY AND DIVISION WITNESSES APPEAR TO TAKE THE POSITION57THAT RMP IS ENTITLED TO A ONE-FOR-ONE COST REIMBURSEMENT. DOES58THAT FIT THE CONCEPTS YOU HAVE JUST EXPRESSED?

- A No. Ratemaking is not a cost reimbursement scheme as the Company and Division
 appear to suggest.
- 61

62 Q WHAT ARE THE IMPLICATIONS OF ECONOMIC REGULATION CONCERNING THE 63 APPLICATION OF SECTION 54-4-4(3) OF THE UTAH CODE?

64 Within the framework of economic regulation, there is risk sharing between the regulated А 65 utility (Company) and the utility ratepayers (customers). A 17-month or 20-month future test period does not automatically follow when interpreting and applying this section of 66 67 the Utah Code. The quality and accuracy of forecasting and other risk factors need to be considered and balanced by the Public Service Commission of Utah ("Commission") 68 69 in making a determination of a specific test period. This section of the Utah Code 70 provides choices and does not take away the right of the Commission to apply its 71 judgment in considering all relevant information and factors, including risk sharing, when 72 selecting a test period within the framework of economic regulation. The primary purpose of economic regulation is to provide a reasonable substitute for competition and
not to reduce risk to the utility company significantly by aggressive pass-throughs to the
ratepayers.

76

77 Q HOW WOULD YOU APPLY THIS CONCEPT IN THIS CASE, THEN?

A In this case, RMP's risks have been significantly reduced by the Commission's recent approval of an energy balancing account ("EBA") and the legislature's recent allowance for cost recover for major plant additions ("MPA") outside of general rate cases. To balance this risk sharing, ratepayers should be granted a test period that is closer in time than that proposed by the Company.

83

84 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.

A I conclude that the selection of the test period, Calendar Year 2011, as compared to the
test period, beginning July 1, 2011 and ending June 30, 2012, recommended by Mr.
Taylor and Dr. Zenger more effectively meets the objective of reasonable risk sharing
between the energy utility and its ratepayers concerning the selection of a test period
within the framework of economic regulation in this Utah rate case.

90

91 Q DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

92 A Yes.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

(Docket No. 10-035-124)

I hereby certify that on this 21st day of March 2011, I caused to be emailed, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF J.**

ROBERT MALKO to:

Patricia Schmid Felise Thorpe Moll ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS GENERAL 500 Heber Wells Building 160 East 300 South Salt Lake City, UT 84111 pschmid@utah.gov fthorpemoll@utah.gov

Chris Parker William Powell Dennis Miller DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES 500 Heber Wells Building 160 East 300 South, 4th Floor Salt Lake City, UT 84111 chrisparker@utah.gov wpowell@utah.gov dennismiller@utah.gov

Gary Dodge Hatch James & Dodge 10 West Broadway, Suite 400 Salt Lake City, UT 84101 gdodge@hjdlaw.com

Holly Rachel Smith, Esq. Holly Rachel Smith, PLLC Hitt Business Center 3803 Rectortown Road Marshall, VA 20115 holly@raysmithlaw.com Michele Beck Executive Director COMMITTEE OF CONSUMER SERVICES Heber Wells Building 160 East 300 South, 2nd Floor SLC, UT 84111 <u>mbeck@utah.gov</u>

Paul Proctor ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS GENERAL 500 Heber Wells Building 160 East 300 South Salt Lake City, UT 84111 pproctor@utah.gov

Kevin Higgins Neal Townsend ENERGY STRATEGIES 39 Market Street, Suite 200 Salt Lake City, UT 84101 <u>khiggins@energystrat.com</u> <u>NTOWNSEND@ENERGYSTRA</u> <u>T.COM</u>

Sophie Hayes Sarah Wright Utah Clean Energy 1014 2nd Avenue Salt Lake City, UT 84111 sophie@utahcleanenergy.org David L. Taylor Yvonne R. Hogle Mark C. Moench ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER 201 South Main Street, Suite 2300 SLC,UT 84111 Dave.Taylor@pacificorp.com yvonne.hogle@pacificorp.com mark.moench@pacificorp.com datarequest@pacificorp.com

Cheryl Murray Dan Gimble Danny Martinez UTAH COMMITTEE OF CONSUMER SERVICES 160 East 300 South, 2nd Floor Salt Lake City, UT 84111 <u>cmurray@utah.gov</u> DGIMBLE@UTAH.GOV DANNYMARTINEZ@UTAH.G OV

Peter J. Mattheis Eric J. Lacey Brickfield, Burchette, Ritts & Stone, P.C. 1025 Thomas Jefferson St., N.W. 800 West Tower Washington, D.C. 20007 pjm@bbrslaw.com elacey@bbrslaw.com

Stephen F. Mecham Callister Nebeker & McCullough 10 East South Temple Suite 900 Salt Lake City, Utah 84133 <u>sfmecham@cnmlaw.com</u> Kurt J. Boehm, Esq. BOEHM, KURTZ & LOWRY 36 E. Seventh St., Ste1510 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 kboehm@BKLlawfirm.com

Sharon M. Bertelsen Ballard Spahr LLP 201 So. Main Street, Ste 800 Salt Lake City, Utah 84111 <u>bertelsens@ballardspahr.co</u> <u>m</u>

sarah@utahcleanenergy.org Ryan L. Kelly, #9455 Kelly & Bramwell, P.C. 11576 South State St. Bldg. 1002 Draper, UT 84020 ryan@kellybramwell.com

Captain Shayla L. McNeill Ms. Karen S. White Staff Attorneys AFLOA/JACL-ULFSC 139 Barnes Ave, Suite 1 Tyndall AFB, FL 32403 Shayla.mcneill@tyndall.af.mil Karen.white@tyndall.af.mil Steve W. Chriss Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. 2001 SE 10th Street Bentonville, AR 72716-0550 <u>stephen.chriss@wal-mart.com</u>

Stephen J. Baron J. Kennedy & Associates 570 Colonial Park Drive, Ste 305 Roswell, GA 30075 sbaron@jkenn.com

Gerald H.Kinghorn Jeremy R. Cook Parsons Kinghorn Harris, P.C. 111 East Broadway, 11th Floor Salt Lake City, UT 84111 <u>ghk@pkhlawyers.com</u> jrc@pkhlawyers.com

/s/ Colette V. Dubois