## **BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH**

## SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF PAUL H. CLEMENTS

December 11, 2012

# Q. Are you the same Paul H. Clements that previously filed testimony in this proceeding?

A. Yes. I filed direct testimony in which I recommend that the Commission approve
the Company's October 9, 2012 Request for Agency Action Motion to Stay. I
also filed rebuttal testimony providing additional evidence supporting my
recommendation.

#### 7 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

#### 8 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

9 A. I will provide the Company's response to the rebuttal testimony of Wasatch Wind
10 witness Christine Mikell, Utah Clean Energy witness Sarah Wright, Energy of
11 Utah witness Ros Rocco Vrba and Utah Division of Public Utilities ("DPU")
12 witness Charles E. Peterson.

#### 13 RESPONSE TO TESTIMONY OF CHRISTINE MIKELL

# Q. Ms. Mikell claims the Company is attempting to pre-judge the outcome of phase 2 of this docket. Is the Company's request for a stay dependent on or related to phase 2 of this docket?

A. No. The Company expects and plans to participate in a full evidentiary
proceeding to establish a methodology in phase 2 of this docket. The Company
requested a stay because the underlying assumptions upon which the Commission
established the Market Proxy method in the October 31, 2005 Report and Order in
Docket No. 03-035-14 ("2005 Order") have materially changed in a manner not
contemplated in the 2005 Order. Providing pricing based on the Market Proxy
method makes no sense under these circumstances.

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Q. Do we need to know the outcome of phase 2 of this docket in order to find the
Company's requested stay of the Market Proxy just and reasonable and in
the public interest?

27 A. No. I do not presume to know the outcome of phase 2 of this docket, but I am 28 certain and have provided clear evidence that the Market Proxy method no longer 29 reflects the Company's current avoided costs, that the 2005 Order establishing the 30 Market Proxy was based on the assumption that the Market Proxy would be a 31 reasonable estimate of avoided costs, and that the Company must not "pay more 32 than the avoided costs for purchases", pursuant to Section 292.304(a)(2) of Title 33 18 of the Code of Federal Regulations. It is neither fair nor reasonable for 34 customers to be paying more than the avoided costs; therefore, it is in the public 35 interest for the Commission to stay the Market Proxy method pricing.

36 Q. Ms. Mikell states the Company was attempting to backtrack on the offered
 37 QF pricing<sup>1</sup>. Is this an accurate characterization of how the Company
 38 implements Utah Schedule No. 38?

A. No. The Company does not "backtrack" on indicative pricing. The Company
updates indicative pricing as needed and pursuant to Utah Schedule No. 38
wherein it is clear that prices and other terms and conditions are only final and
binding to the extent contained in a power purchase agreement executed by both
parties and approved by the Commission<sup>2</sup>. The Company has record of providing
indicative pricing to Wasatch Wind for its Latigo Project in January 2009, March
2010, November 2010 and June 2012. The indicative pricing provided to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Christine Mikell, page 4, lines 77-78.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Utah Electric Service Schedule No. 38, Original Sheet No. 38.3.

46 Wasatch Wind was not the same over these four requests, so it is disingenuous of 47 Wasatch Wind to now claim the Company is backtracking on a particular price 48 when there is a clear history of changing avoided costs for the Latigo wind 49 project.

50Q.Ms. Mikell again claims the Company predicated its decision to no longer51utilize the Market Proxy method on incorrect assumptions, namely52transmission constraints and the meeting of the 1,400 MW IRP target<sup>3</sup>. Is53her position justified based on the Company's filing and evidence presented54in this docket?

A. No. Neither transmission constraints nor the 1,400 MW IRP target were factors
in the Company's decision. The Company requested the stay because the Market
Proxy method no longer reflects current avoided costs for wind projects and the
Company does not have an immediate, identifiable need for wind resources.
Those two factors alone led to the Company's decision to request a stay.

Q. Ms. Mikell states that development cannot proceed without the certainty of
 pricing based on the Market Proxy method<sup>4</sup>. Is this consistent with Wasatch
 Wind's demonstrated behavior relative to development activities for the
 Latigo wind project?

A. No. Wasatch Wind admits it has been developing the Latigo wind project since
2006. Development has continued through four indicative pricing requests over
four years. Wasatch Wind has previously represented to the Company that it
could not make the economics work using previous indicative prices, some of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Christine Mikell, page 5, lines 98-101.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Christine Mikell, page 5, lines 108-109.

which were based on the Market Proxy method, yet development efforts 68 69 continued. Furthermore, as OCS witness Vastag has clearly illustrated<sup>5</sup>, the 70 uncertainty around the extension of the production tax credit has not stopped 71 Wasatch Wind from developing the Latigo wind project, and its impact is more 72 than threefold the impact of the pricing method. Wasatch Wind's claim of 73 requiring certainty in order to continue development is not consistent with its 74 actions.

#### Under the 2005 Order, did Wasatch Wind have certainty that the Market 75 Q. 76 Proxy method would always be available to them?

77 The 2005 Order included specific scenarios in which pricing for wind A. No. 78 projects would be based on the PDDRR method and not the Market Proxy method 79 if certain conditions were met. Wasatch Wind had no control over the timing of 80 when those conditions would be met and, therefore, had no certainty that the 81 Market Proxy method would always be available to them under the 2005 Order.

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#### **RESPONSE TO TESTIMONY OF SARAH WRIGHT**

83 0. Ms. Wright states the Company has refused to comply with the 84 Commission's order in Docket No. 12-2557-01. Is this factually accurate?

85 No. The Company was ordered to provide pricing based on the Market Proxy A. 86 method to Blue Mountain. The Company has provided pricing to Blue Mountain 87 accordingly and is in full compliance with the order.

#### 88 **Q**. Ms. Wright encourages the Commission to not grant the Company's request to stay because it would be inappropriate to reward the Company<sup>6</sup>. Please 89

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Bela Vastag, page 2, lines 28-37.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Sarah Wright, page 4, lines 65-67.

#### 90 explain how avoided costs impact the Company relative to her claim.

A. The Company is not "rewarded" with low QF prices or punished with high QF
prices. The avoided costs in QF contracts are included in net power costs and are
a direct pass through to customers. Customers would be harmed if QF contract
pricing is higher than market prices, not the Company. The Company's role is to
implement PURPA and the Commission's orders on avoided costs in a manner in
which customers are indifferent to QFs.

#### 97 RESPONSE TO TESTIMONY OF ROS ROCCO VRBA

98 Q. When did Energy of Utah submit all of the information required under Utah
99 Schedule No. 38 for the Company to begin calculating avoided cost pricing

#### 100 for the Long Ridge 1 and Long Ridge 2 projects?

A. Energy of Utah submitted the final piece of information to complete all of the
Schedule 38 requirements on July 13, 2012. The missing piece of information
was a 12x24 matrix, which shows the expected output of the wind project. This
information is required under Schedule 38 and is needed by the Company prior to
being able to calculate indicative pricing.

#### 106 Q. When did the Company provide indicative pricing to Energy of Utah?

A. Pricing was provided for both projects on August 31, 2012, which was 19 days
past the Schedule 38 timeline of 30 days and not three months as suggested by
Mr. Vrba.

Q. Mr. Vrba claims he could not move forward with an interconnection request
until he received indicative pricing<sup>7</sup>. Is this consistent with your experience
with OF developers?

A. No. I have been responsible for processing Company QF requests for the past
eight years. I have managed dozens of requests. In my experience, the QF
developer typically has begun the interconnection process prior to requesting
indicative pricing. Mr. Vrba could have begun the interconnection process
without having received indicative pricing from the Company.

118 Q. Please summarize what Energy of Utah believed to be "errors" in the
119 indicative pricing provided on August 31, 2012.

120 When Energy of Utah expressed concern over the Company's calculated price, A. 121 the Company confirmed for Energy of Utah that the indicative price provided by 122 the Company was calculated correctly and was consistent with the 2005 Order, 123 but agreed to look at materials provided by Energy of Utah. Energy of Utah sent 124 an email to the Company on October 18, 2012, where it attached its own 125 calculations of what it thought should be the basis for calculating the avoided cost 126 of the Long Ridge project. Contrary to the PDDRR method established in the 127 2005 Order, Energy of Utah's calculations were based on the full surrogate cost of a Combined Cycle Combustion Turbine (CCCT) instead of the avoided cost as 128 129 calculated by the Company pursuant to the 2005 Order. The Company has not 130 issued a formal reply to Energy of Utah on this matter in light of the October 9, 131 2012, filing and subsequent formal proceeding. The Company maintains that the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Ros Rocco Vrba, page 2, lines 29-30.

price provided to Energy of Utah was calculated correctly and Energy of Utah'sclaims are baseless.

#### 134 **RESPONSE TO TESTIMONY OF CHARLES PETERSEN**

- Q. DPU witness Charles Peterson indicates that projects, including Blue
  Mountain, must have an executed power purchase agreement (PPA) by
  September 1, 2013 in order to receive the current Market Proxy pricing.
  What is your response to Mr. Peterson's position that Blue Mountain must
  have an executed PPA in order to obtain Market Proxy pricing?
- 140 The Company has already provided Blue Mountain updated pricing based on the A. 141 Market Proxy method, consistent with the Commission's order in the Blue 142 Mountain docket. However, the Company never intended to provide to Blue 143 Mountain, and Blue Mountain should have no expectation of receiving, Market 144 Proxy pricing indefinitely. If Blue Mountain does not have an executed PPA 145 prior to the date the Commission issues a binding order in this docket, the 146 Company will update its pricing based on the approved pricing methodology 147 ordered by the Commission in this docket. Blue Mountain should not be 148 exempted from Schedule 38 or from changes to the approved methodology 149 established by the Commission.
- 150 **Q.** Does this conclude your testimony?

151 A. Yes.

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