BEFORE THE

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Approval of Changes to Renewable Avoided Cost Methodology for Qualifying Facilities Projects Larger than Three Megawatts

Docket No. 12-035-100

Surrebuttal Testimony and Exhibit of

Maurice Brubaker

On behalf of

Kennecott Utah Copper, LLC and Tesoro Refining & Marketing Company LLC

May 30, 2013



Project 9747

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Surrebuttal Testimony of Maurice Brubaker

1 PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS. Q 2 Α Maurice Brubaker. My business address is 16690 Swingley Ridge Road, Suite 140, 3 Chesterfield, MO 63017. ARE YOU THE SAME MAURICE BRUBAKER WHO HAS PREVIOUSLY FILED Q 4 **TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?** 5 6 Α Yes. I have previously filed direct and rebuttal testimony in this proceeding. 7 ARE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE OUTLINED IN Q YOUR PRIOR TESTIMONY? 8 9 Α Yes. This information is included in Appendix A to my direct testimony filed on 10 March 29, 2013.

11 Q ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU APPEARING IN THIS PROCEEDING?

I am appearing on behalf of Kennecott Utah Copper LLC ("KUC") and Tesoro
Refining & Marketing Company LLC ("Tesoro"). KUC and Tesoro purchase
substantial quantities of electricity from Rocky Mountain Power Company ("RMP" or
"Company") in Utah, own large Qualified Facilities ("QF"), and are vitally interested in
the outcome of this proceeding.

17 Q WHAT SUBJECTS ARE COVERED IN YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

In my surrebuttal testimony, I briefly address and comment on the position of certain parties concerning the ownership of renewable energy credits ("RECs").

I also comment briefly on the testimony of RMP and the Division of Public Utilities ("Division") concerning process and verification issues concerning avoided costs applicable to QFs.

Renewable Energy Credits

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- 24 Q IN REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, DOES RMP WITNESS CLEMENTS CONTINUE TO
 25 ASSERT THAT THE COMMISSION CAN AND SHOULD REQUIRE THE OWNERS
 26 OF QFs TO CONVEY THE RECs ASSOCIATED WITH A FACILITY TO RMP IN
 27 RETURN FOR BEING COMPENSATED AT THE LEVEL OF RMP'S AVOIDED
 28 COST?
- 29 A Yes. In rebuttal testimony, Mr. Clements continues to assert this position.

AT THE TOP OF PAGE 3 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, LINES 43 THROUGH 49, HE STATES THAT PURPA DOES NOT DICTATE REC OWNERSHIP AND THAT FERC HAS INDICATED THAT THE QUESTION OF TREATMENT OF RECS IS A MATTER FOR INDIVIDUAL STATES TO ADDRESS AND SPECIFY. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. CLEMENTS' STATEMENTS IN THIS REGARD?

Yes, I agree that PURPA does not dictate ownership of RECs, and that FERC has left to the states the determination of how the RECs are to be treated in each state. However, it is also important to note that, as I explained in direct testimony, the concept of a REC came long after the 1978 passage of PURPA that defined the avoided cost requirement for compensation of parties providing electricity to an electric utility. It is therefore clear that the value of a REC could not have been, and is not, subsumed in the avoided cost calculation.

Q PLEASE ELABORATE.

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A REC is a certificate created by the Utah state legislature to recognize the renewable energy attributes of electricity generated from a qualifying renewable resource. It identifies the source of the energy but has nothing to do with its physical characteristics. It is a detachable attribute that can be sold separately from the generated energy without affecting the delivery of the electricity or its physical characteristics.

A recent report by Platts (attached as Exhibit MEB SR-1) provides a review of the history of the development of RECs and the current markets for RECs. In the background section of that report, Platts outlines the genesis of RECs as the solution to the physical impossibility of tracing the source of a particular electron and identifying whether it was generated by a renewable facility or by some other source.

The report notes:

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"RECs offer a solution to this dilemma. Conceptualized in the 1990s, RECs separate the environmental attributes of renewable energy from the actual electricity."

Platts also goes on to explain and describe the development of REC markets in the United States. In some market areas, REC trading is primarily accomplished in the over-the-counter markets while in other market areas, an organized market for trading has developed or is developing, similar to the markets which exist for wholesale electricity.

Q DO RECs HAVE VALUE?

Yes. RECs have value separate and apart from the physical attributes of the electricity that is produced. If RECs did not have value, over-the-counter and organized markets for their trading obviously would not exist. The value depends upon geographic location of the generation, renewable portfolio standard ("RPS") rules in various states, supply and demand and a number of other factors. The value will vary over time, but there obviously is intrinsic value and a debate over the value of RECs should not be allowed to detract from the ownership issue.

¹"Renewable Energy Certificates," April 2012, Exhibit MEB SR-1 at page 3.

71	Q	AT PAGE 5 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, LINES 85 THROUGH 101,
72		MR. CLEMENTS COMMENTS CONCERNING THE COTTONWOOD HYDRO CASE
73		IN DOCKET NO. 10-035-15. WHAT DID THIS DECISION FIND WITH RESPECT
74		TO OWNERSHIP OF RECs?
75	Α	The Commission's Order in the Cottonwood Hydro case stated the following at
76		page 11:
77 78 79 80		"1. The output of a generator of renewable energy contains two distinct commodities: (1) the power generated by the facility itself, and (2) the environmental attributes of that power, i.e. RECs. Those commodities can be severed;
81 82 83 84		 Unless provided for otherwise in a contract, the RECs remain with the generator of renewable energy, and may be sold and valued separately from the energy produced or retained by the generator of the REC"
85	Q	IS THIS CONSISTENT WITH YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF UTAH STATE
86		REQUIREMENTS?
87	Α	Yes. As I stated in my direct testimony, counsel has advised me that RECs remain
88		the property of the QF owner, unless the owner agrees otherwise by contract. The
89		Commission's Cottonwood Hydro decision is consistent with that view. The QF owns
90		the detachable REC, which has value independent from the energy produced, and
91		may sell the REC or retain it for whatever purpose the QF determines is appropriate.

Avoided Cost Issues

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Q AT PAGE 18 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, LINES 355 THROUGH 369, DIVISION WITNESS DR. ABDULLE RESPONDS TO POINT NUMBER 10 OF YOUR LIST OF PRACTICES REGARDING THE DETERMINATION OF AVOIDED COSTS AND SUGGESTS THAT THE DIVISION ALREADY VERIFIES AVOIDED COST CALCULATIONS. HE URGES THE COMMISSION NOT TO ACCEPT YOUR

PROVISION NUMBER 10. HOW DO YOU RESPOND?

Provision Number 10 would require the Division to verify RMP's avoided cost calculations if the recipient of the avoided cost data from RMP had been unable to do so. In this regard, he refers to quarterly filings that RMP makes with the Division concerning avoided costs, and asserts that the Division already verifies the avoided costs. I have reviewed those filings and determined that they do not contain the on-peak and off-peak avoided cost information that typically is used for determining prices in the annual contracts that KUC and Tesoro have with RMP. So, I disagree that the Division already verifies the avoided costs in the KUC and Tesoro contracts when it reports on RMP's quarterly filings.

DOES THE DIVISION REVIEW THE AVOIDED COSTS IN THE KUC AND TESORO CONTRACTS AT ANY POINT IN THE PROCESS?

Yes. The Division reviews the KUC and Tesoro contracts when they are filed with the Commission for approval. In 2012, the Division's review of the filed contracts identified errors in RMP's calculation of avoided costs in KUC's contracts, which had to be corrected by amendment. In Provision Number 10, KUC and Tesoro propose to enlist the Division's aid earlier in the process to minimize the possibility of delay in the Commission proceedings.

AT PAGE 20 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, LINES 398 THROUGH 405, RMP 116 Q 117 WITNESS DUVALL BELIEVES THAT THIS CASE IS NOT THE APPROPRIATE 118 PLACE TO CONSIDER CHANGES IN SCHEDULE 38. HOW DO YOU RESPOND? 119 I believe that the Commission could consider these changes in this docket, but in 120 acknowledgement of Mr. Duvall's point, I noted on page 7 of my direct testimony 121 (line 141) that the Commission should address these issues ". . . in this docket or in a 122 separate docket . . .". Accordingly, if the Commission declines to address these 123 issues in this case, KUC and Tesoro would urge that they be taken up soon in 124 another forum.

125 Q DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

126 A Yes, it does.

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