ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER A DIVISION OF PACIFICORP

201 South Main, Suite 2300 Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

April 2, 2014

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING AND OVERNIGHT DELIVERY

Utah Public Service Commission Heber M. Wells Building, 4th Floor 160 East 300 South Salt Lake City, UT 84114

Attention: Gary Widerburg Commission Secretary

RE: Docket No. 14-035-31 Errata Testimony In the Matter of Rocky Mountain Power's Application to Increase the Deferred EBA Rate through the Energy Balancing Account Mechanism

Rocky Mountain Power hereby submits for filing the Errata Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal in the above reference matter. An original and twelve copies of this filing will be provided via overnight delivery. Redlined and corrected versions will also be provided. Page 11 of the original Direct Testimony inadvertently contained incorrect information.

Rocky Mountain Power respectfully requests that all formal correspondence and requests for additional information regarding this filing be addressed to the following:

By E-mail (preferred):	<u>datarequest@pacificorp.com</u> <u>dave.taylor@pacificorp.com</u>
By regular mail:	Data Request Response Center PacifiCorp 825 NE Multnomah, Suite 2000 Portland, OR 97232

Informal inquiries may be directed to Dave Taylor at (801) 220-2923.

Sincerely,

FE Lansin R

Jeffrey K. Lärsen Vice President, Regulation & Government Affairs

cc: Service List

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 2nd day of April 2014, a true and correct copy of the

foregoing was served by email on the following:

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Amy Eissler Coordinator, Regulatory Operations

Redlined Version

Errata Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

245 \$3.<u>1282</u> million.

 246
 As shown in Exhibit RMP__(SRM-6). This amount is comprised of three

 247
 components.

- Approximately \$2.2098 million incremental transmission revenue received for
 service provided during 2013. This amount is being credited to customers at
 100 percent.
- Approximately \$0.4538 million adjustment of transmission revenue received during 2013 for service provided during 2012 for transmission wheeling, Schedule 5—Operating Reserve Spinning Reserve Service, and Schedule 6—Operating Reserve Supplemental Reserve Service. This adjustment reflects a true-up of 2012 rates subject to refund and a usage level true-up. Rates for these services decreased in 2012, since the price for these services did not increase, the amount is being credited to customers at 70 percent.
- Approximately \$0.467 million incremental transmission revenue received and 258 259 service provided in 2012 under interim rates for Schedule 1-Scheduling, 260 System Control and Dispatch Service; Schedule 2-Reactive Supply and 261 Voltage Control from Generation or other Resource Service; Schedule 3-262 Regulation and Frequency Response Service; and Schedule 3a-Generator 263 Regulation and Frequency Response Service. Since these rates were still 264 interim during 2012, the associated revenues were included in the 2013 EBA 265 subject to the 70 percent sharing band. Now that the increased rates have been 266 made permanent, the additional 30 percent on the incremental revenue is being credited to customers in the 2014 EBA. 267

Page 11 - Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal - Errata

Rocky Mountain Power Docket No. 14-035-___ Witness: Steven R. McDougal

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF UTAH

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal Allocation of EBA Costs

March 2014

1	Q.	Please state your name and business address with PacifiCorp dba Rocky
2		Mountain Power (the "Company").
3	А.	My name is Steven R. McDougal and my business address is 201 South Main,
4		Suite 2300, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111.
5	Qualifications	
6	Q.	What is your current position at the Company and what is your employment
7		history?
8	А.	I am currently employed as Director of Revenue Requirement for the Company. I
9		have been employed by Rocky Mountain Power or its predecessor companies
10		since 1983. My experience at Rocky Mountain Power includes various positions
11		within regulation, finance, resource planning, and internal audit.
12	Q.	What are your responsibilities as Director of Revenue Requirements?
13	А.	My primary responsibilities include calculating the Company's revenue
14		requirement, applying the appropriate inter-jurisdictional cost allocation
15		methodology to costs, reporting of the Company's regulated earnings, and
16		providing technical expertise in regulatory filings supporting those calculations to
17		regulators in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates.
18	Q.	What is your education background?
19	А.	I received a Master of Accountancy from Brigham Young University with an
20		emphasis in Management Advisory Services in 1983 and a Bachelor of Science
21		degree in Accounting from Brigham Young University in 1982. In addition to my

formal education, I have also attended various educational, professional, and

23 electric industry-related seminars.

Page 1 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

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Q. Have you testified in previous proceedings?

A. Yes. I have provided testimony before the Public Service Commission of Utah
("UPSC"), the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, the
California Public Utilities Commission, the Idaho Public Utilities Commission,
the Oregon Public Utility Commission and the Wyoming Public Service
Commission.

30 Purpose of Testimony

31 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to support and address the allocation of Energy
Balancing Account Costs ("EBAC") to Utah as part of the EBA deferral filing.
EBAC include both Net Power Costs ("NPC") and wheeling revenue. My
testimony also addresses the Company's treatment of incremental wheeling
revenue that resulted from the now concluded Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission ("FERC") Rate Case (as defined below).

38 Q. Are there additional Company witnesses in this case?

39 A. Yes. The following witnesses will also provide direct testimony in this case:

- Mr. Brian S. Dickman, Manager of Net Power Costs, is sponsoring testimony
 supporting the Company's calculation of the EBA deferral amount for
 calendar year 2013.
- Ms. Joelle R. Steward, Director of Pricing, Cost of Service, and Regulatory
 Operations, is sponsoring testimony regarding the rate spread and rate design
 of the EBA surcharge.

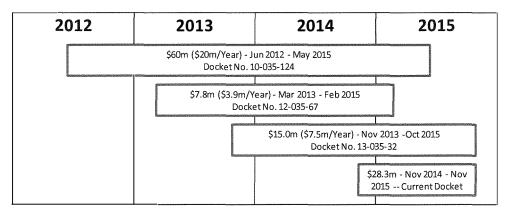
Page 2 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

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46 EBAC Recovery

47 Q. Please explain how this filing works in conjunction with other EBA
48 collections currently in place.

49 The Company is currently collecting \$60 million over three years as part of the Α. 50 2011 GRC Stipulation, with the \$20 million per year collection starting on June 1, 51 2012 based on the order in Docket No. 12-035-67. The Company is also 52 collecting \$7.8 million over two years, or \$3.9 million per year, starting on March 53 1, 2013 based on the approved settlement in Docket No. 12-035-67, and \$15.0 54 million over two years, or \$7.5 million per year, starting November 1, 2013, based 55 on the approved settlement stipulation in Docket No. 13-035-32. The current 56 request for \$28.3 million starting on November 1, 2014, is in addition to the 57 amounts already being collected. The chart below illustrates the interaction 58 among the four filings.



59 Allocation of EBAC to Utah

60 Q. How are total company EBAC allocated to Utah in the EBA?

A. Utah's allocation of net power costs under the EBA have been calculated using
 four different methods in response to previous settlement agreements or
 commission orders to provide additional information. I will first explain the

Page 3 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

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65 million in this filing and then I will explain each of the alternative methods.

66

Primary Allocation Method for Cost Recovery

67 О. Please explain the method used as the basis for cost recovery in this filing.

The method used by the Company as the basis for the request for recovery of 68 Α. 69 \$28.3 million in this filing was done using the Utah allocation scalars. This 70 method was first introduced in the general rate case, Docket No. 10-035-124 71 ("2011 GRC") and included as Exhibit B in that GRC Stipulation. The premise of 72 the scalar was to take the total Company monthly NPC on a \$/MWh basis, and use the same shape for the Utah \$/MWh. The scalar was introduced as an 73 74 adjustment to total Company \$/MWh so that the annual total of Utah allocated 75 NPC are equal to the amount calculated using the 2010 Protocol allocation 76 method – the scalar is required since not all components of NPC are allocated on 77 an energy basis.

The scalar method was also agreed to by the parties and included as 78 79 Exhibit A1 in the stipulation in Docket No. 11-035-200 ("2012 GRC 80 Stipulation"), and is included for reference as part of Exhibit RMP (SRM-1) in 81 this docket. The 2012 GRC Stipulation was approved by the Commission in its 82 September 19, 2012, Report and Order. Base NPC used to calculate the EBA 83 deferral in this case were determined in the 2012 GRC, which used a test period 84 of the 12-months ending May 2013. Total Company Base NPC were set at \$1.479 85 billion. The calculation of the EBA deferral supporting the Company's requested 86 recovery of \$28.3 million is further discussed in Mr. Dickman's testimony.

Page 4 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

- 87 Q. Is the scalar method used in this filing consistent with the fixed scalar
 88 method used in the 2012 EBA docket?
- 89 A. Yes.
- 90 Q. In addition to the scalar method used to calculate the EBA deferral in this
 91 docket, are other methods presented?
- A. Yes. The Company has prepared calculations under three other methods for
 informational purposes only as identified below. Two of these are consistent with
- 94 the 2012 GRC Stipulation, the third is consistent with the Commission's Report
- 95 and Order in Docket No. 09-035-15.
- 96 Docket No. 09-035-15 Method
- 97 Q. Please explain the second method of allocation of EBAC you have included.
- 98 A. For informational purposes only, the Company has included the allocation
- 99 calculation using the method described in the Commission's order in Docket No.
- 100 09-035-15. This was also addressed in the Commission's order in the 2012 GRC
- 101 which states:

102 Our approval of the Settlement Stipulation, as in similar cases, is not intended to alter any existing Commission policy or to 103 establish any Commission precedent. In this instance, however, we 104 note a minor inconsistency which may arise from implementation 105 of the Settlement Stipulation. Specifically, the calculation of base 106 NPC shown in Exhibit A2 of the Settlement Stipulation is 107 inconsistent with the method required in our March EBA Order in 108 109 Docket No. 09-035-15. From testimony at hearing, it is clear the intent of this exhibit is to comply with our March EBA Order. 110 111 While the differences may be immaterial, we will continue to require the Company to also perform the base and actual EBA cost 112 113 per megawatt hour for each month correctly, that is, by applying 114 the appropriate annual allocation factor to each category of cost in 115 each month. The purpose of this requirement is to consistently 116 evaluate this method during the EBA pilot program period.¹

¹ UPSC Order in Docket No. 11-035-200, September 19, 2012, page 27.

117 As mentioned in the aforementioned order, the method in Docket No. 09-035-15 is similar to method A2 below, with the total Company amounts 118 119 calculated in the same manner. However, under the Docket No. 09-035-15 120 method, the monthly Utah-allocated NPC are calculated by applying the annual 121 SG and SE factors to monthly costs as defined by 2010 Protocol. Using the A2 122 method below, the Utah-allocated monthly costs are calculated in the same 123 proportion as total company monthly costs rather than looking at specific costs by 124 month. The Docket No. 09-035-15 method calculation is provided in Exhibit 125 RMP (SRM-2).

126 Stipulation Exhibit A2 Method

127 Q. Please explain the third method of allocation of EBAC you have included.

128 A. For informational purposes only, the Company also calculated base monthly NPC 129 as set forth in Exhibit A2 in the 2012 GRC Stipulation. Under the Stipulation 130 Exhibit A2 method, annual Utah-allocated NPC are calculated using the annual 131 SE and SG factors, and monthly Utah-allocated NPC are prorated based on 132 monthly total company NPC. As mentioned above, this method is similar to the 133 Docket No. 09-035-15 method above, except in how the annual Utah allocated 134 costs are split among the individual months. The Stipulation Exhibit A2 method calculation is provided in Exhibit RMP (SRM-3). 135

136 Stipulation Exhibit A3 Method

137 Q. Please explain the fourth method of allocation of EBAC you have included.

A. For informational purposes only, the Company also calculated monthly NPC as
set forth in Exhibit A3 in the 2012 GRC Stipulation. This method calculated

Page 6 - Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

140		separate SE and SG factors for each month using monthly energy and
141		jurisdictional coincident peaks, rather than using annual factors as prescribed by
142		the 2010 Protocol and as used in both the Docket No. 09-035-15 and Exhibit A2
143		methods above. The Utah-allocated NPC calculated using the monthly SE and SG
144		factors is then trued-up to the annual amount calculated under the 2010 Protocol
145		by prorating the monthly amounts. The Stipulation Exhibit A3 method calculation
146		is provided in Exhibit RMP(SRM-4).
147	Q.	How did you calculate actual allocation factors used to allocate actual total
148		company NPC to Utah?
149	A.	The 2013 allocation factors were calculated using actual energy and coincident
150		peak information, consistent with the Commission's January 20, 2012, prehearing
151		order in Docket No. 11-035-T10 on page 4 where it states:
152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159		"That is, the approved allocation factors and their general rate case values will be used to determine Utah's share of the base power-related expenses and revenues approved for balancing account treatment, and the approved allocation factors calculated using actual company load conditions during the period of balancing account accrual will be used to determine Utah's share of the Company's actual power-related expenses and revenues eligible for the EBA."
160		Utah's SG and SE factors using 2013 actual jurisdictional loads are 43.53 percent
161		and 42.89 percent, respectively. I have provided the calculation of the 2013
162		allocation factors in Exhibit RMP(SRM-5).

163 FERC Transmission Rate Case

- What commitments did the Company make regarding the amount of 164 О. 165 wheeling revenues to be credited to customers as a result of the proposed 166 settlement in the Company's transmission rate case, Docket No. ER11-3643-167 000, before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission? 168 At the time Rocky Mountain Power filed the 2011 GRC (Docket No. 10-035-124) A. 169 the Company did not have final resolution of rates in the pending FERC 170 transmission rate case ("FERC Rate Case"). To address this issue, the Company 171 agreed that additional revenue related to the FERC Rate Case would be deferred 172 and credited to customers through the energy balancing account ("EBA") without 173 application of the 30 percent sharing mechanism (i.e., 100 percent of the 174 transmission rate adjustment will accrue to customers). Specifically the 175 Stipulation in Docket No. 10-035-124 states: 48. 176 Additional wheeling revenues that may result from the Company's transmission rate case, Docket No. ER11-3643, 177 before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 178 ("FERC") are not reflected in the agreed upon revenue 179 180 requirement. Any such additional revenues resulting from increased price or utilization that accrue from the time the 181 182 new FERC transmission rates go into effect through the end of the test period in the General Rate Case (i.e. June 30, 183 184 2012) shall be deferred and credited to customers in the 185 2013 EBA annual filing without application of the 30 percent sharing mechanism. 186 187 The FERC Rate Case still had not been resolved at the time Rocky Mountain 188 Power filed the 2012 GRC (Docket No. 11-035-200) and the Company agreed to
- Tower med me 2012 Give (Doeker voi 11 000 200) and the Company agreed to
 - 189 continue the deferral treatment established in the previous case. Specifically the

190 2012 GRC Stipulation states:

191		51. The Parties agree that the Company will defer for later
192		refund to or collection from Utah ratepayers Utah's
193		allocated share of all revenues booked in the Company's
194		FERC Account 456.1 resulting from its pending Federal
195		Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") rate case in
196		FERC Docket No. ER11-3643-000 including refunds,
197		incremental to the FERC revenues projected by the
198		Company in this docket, for the entire period from July 1,
199		2012 through the effective date of the 2014 GRC, in a
200		manner consistent with the treatment of FERC revenues in
201		Docket No. 10-035-124. Once FERC has issued a final
202		order in FERC Docket No. ER11-3643-000, the Company
203		will include the deferred balance in the next annual EBA
204		filing as a credit to the EBA balance to reflect a 100 percent
205		pass-through of all such incremental revenues to customers.
206		The FERC deferral account will not accrue a carrying
207		charge.
208	Q.	Are those deferred revenues being passed back to customers as part of this
209		filing?
210	А.	Yes. \$1.1 million in additional revenues resulting from the FERC Rate Case are
211		shown on Table 1 in the direct testimony of Company witness Mr. Dickman. This
212		amount reflects the 30 percent of the incremental wheeling revenue above the
213		change in wheeling revenue already reflected in the 70 percent sharing of the
214		change in EBA Costs related to the FERC Rate Case price change.
215	Q.	Please provide an overview of the FERC Rate Case.
216	А.	On May 26, 2011, PacifiCorp filed revised Open Access Transmission Tariff
217		("OATT") sheets with the FERC to adopt and implement a cost-of-service
218		formula rate for Network Integration Transmission Service ("NIT Service"),
219		Point-to-Point Transmission Service ("PTP Service"), and Ancillary Service
220		Schedule 1 (Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service). PacifiCorp's
221		filing also proposed to amend its OATT to: (1) revise the rates for Ancillary

Page 9 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

222 Service Schedules 2, 3, 5 and 6; (2) add a new Schedule 3A to provide for 223 Generator Regulation and Frequency Response Service; and (3) revise the 224 transmission service real power loss factors in Schedule 10.

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Q. What was the outcome of that docket?

A. In an order issued August 8, 2011, the FERC accepted for filing and suspended the proposed tariff sheets subject to refund and the outcome of hearing and settlement judge procedures. PacifiCorp commenced invoicing transmission customers at the proposed rates January 1, 2012, subject to refund. As part of settlement negotiations, PacifiCorp worked with parties to the FERC Rate Case and achieved an unopposed settlement agreement which was filed with the FERC on February 22, 2013. On May 23, 2013, the FERC approved the settlement.

233 Q. What was the impact on 2012 and 2013 wheeling revenues?

A. For 2012, the settled and approved wholesale transmission rate decreased from the originally filed rate of \$24.774/kW/yr. ("as-filed rate") to \$21.217/kW/yr. Pursuant to the approved formula rate mechanism, the transmission rate increased starting June 1, 2013 to \$25.856/kW/yr. based on the 2013 annual update for rate year ending May 31, 2014.

Q. What is the amount of wheeling revenues directly associated with the FERC
Rate Case that is being credited to customers through the EBA in this case?

A. The amount of wheeling revenues credited to customers through the EBA in this
case was calculated consistent with the commitments made in the 2011 GRC and
2012 GRC. Specifically, the incremental transmission wheeling revenue
associated with the FERC Rate Case credited back to customers is approximately

Page 10 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal

245 \$3.12 million.

 246
 As shown in Exhibit RMP__(SRM-6). This amount is comprised of three

 247
 components.

- Approximately \$2.20 million incremental transmission revenue received for
 service provided during 2013. This amount is being credited to customers at
 100 percent.
- Approximately \$0.45 million adjustment of transmission revenue received during 2013 for service provided during 2012 for transmission wheeling,
 Schedule 5—Operating Reserve – Spinning Reserve Service, and Schedule
 6—Operating Reserve – Supplemental Reserve Service. This adjustment
 reflects a true-up of 2012 rates subject to refund and a usage level true-up.
 Rates for these services decreased in 2012, since the price for these services
 did not increase, the amount is being credited to customers at 70 percent.
- 258 Approximately \$0.47 million incremental transmission revenue received and 259 service provided in 2012 under interim rates for Schedule 1-Scheduling, 260 System Control and Dispatch Service; Schedule 2-Reactive Supply and 261 Voltage Control from Generation or other Resource Service; Schedule 3-262 Regulation and Frequency Response Service; and Schedule 3a-Generator 263 Regulation and Frequency Response Service. Since these rates were still 264 interim during 2012, the associated revenues were included in the 2013 EBA 265 subject to the 70 percent sharing band. Now that the increased rates have been made permanent, the additional 30 percent on the incremental revenue is 266 267 being credited to customers in the 2014 EBA.

Page 11 – Direct Testimony of Steven R. McDougal – Errata

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Q. Please explain how the amount was calculated for 2012.

269 The amount of wheeling and ancillary services revenues credited to customers for A. 270 2012 was initially based on a 70 percent split. With the FERC Rate Case 271 settlement, an additional 30 percent is credited for the rate increases to the 272 following PacifiCorp Open Access Transmission Tariff services: Schedule 1-273 Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service; Schedule 2—Reactive Supply 274 and Voltage Control from Generation or other Resource Service; Schedule 3-275 Regulation and Frequency Response Service; and Schedule 3a-Generator 276 Regulation and Frequency Response Service. For these services the additional 277 credit is based on the revenues reported in 2012 for these services compared to the 278 revenue reported in base rates multiplied by 30 percent and multiplied by the Utah 279 state allocation factor.

280 Q. Please explain how the amount was calculated for 2013.

A. The amount of wheeling and ancillary services revenues credited to customers for
2013 was based on 100 percent of the revenues reported compared to the amount
of revenues credited in base rates, less adjustments for out-of-period items
reported in 2013 multiplied by the Utah state allocation factors.

- 285 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 286 A. Yes.