### - BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH -

IN THE MATTER OF THE REQUEST OF	)	<b>DOCKET NO. 02-2270-01</b>
ALL WEST COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	)	
FOR REVISION TO EXCHANGE	)	DPU Exhibit No. 1.0
BOUNDARIES		

### REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

**OF** 

PAUL M. ANDERSON

DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE STATE OF UTAH

**OCTOBER 20, 2006** 

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Subje</u>	<u>Page Number</u>	
I.	IDENTIFICATION OF WITNESS	3
II.	PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY	3
Ш	EXISTING SITUATION	4
IV	ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF	
	EXCHANGE SERVICE AREA	7
V.	CONCLUSION	16
VI.	EXHIBIT(S)	19

1		<u>I. IDENTIFICATION OF WITNESS</u>
2		
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND POSITION
4		WITH THE DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES.
5	A.	My name is Paul M. Anderson. My business address is Heber M. Wells Building,
6		160 East 300 South, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Salt Lake City, Utah. I am employed as a Utility
7		Analyst for the State of Utah in the Division of Public Utilities. I am testifying on
8		behalf of the Division of Public Utilities (DPU).
9		
10	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND,
11		QUALIFICATIONS AND EMPLOYMENT EXPERIENCE?
12	A.	My qualifications are summarized on the attached DPU Exhibit 1.1.
13		
14		
15		II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
16		
17	Q.	PLEASE STATE THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY.
18	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to present the DPU's engineering analysis and
19		opinion pertaining to All West's request for a revision to exchange boundaries
20		between Qwest's Park City Exchange and All West's Jordanelle Exchange due to
21		the development of the Promontory Ranch Club subdivisions built across the
22		existing exchange boundary. The DPU does not see a compelling public interest

or customer reason for the Commission to approve such a significant forced transfer of serving area from Qwest to All West. However, the DPU does recommend an adjustment to the exchange boundary to accommodate the reasonable determination of where ILEC territory for All West ends and CLEC/Qwest territory begins. The DPU has examined this aspect of All West's concern about efficiencies in determining which lots are ILEC and which are CLEC and has developed a proposal to align the exchange boundary along natural barriers.

### **III EXISTING SITUATION**

Q. HAS THE DPU REVIEWED THE AREA THAT ALL WEST WANTS TO INCLUDE IN ITS EXCHANGE AREA BY REVISING THE EXCHANGE BOUNDARY BETWEEN QWEST AND ALL WEST TO ACCOMMODATE ALL OF THE PROMONTORY RANCH CLUB DEVELOPMENT?

A. The DPU conducted a field visit to the Promontory Ranch Club development to
familiarize staff with the area. Promontory consists of about 35 proposed and
developed individual subdivisions dedicated to upscale multi-million dollar
residential speculative investments. Most of the homes are planned to be second,
vacation and resort homes occupied seasonally, with two golf courses and other

amenities. All West has placed fiber feeder facilities to their Jordanelle terminal building and has placed fiber distribution facilities to about half of the total development. At this time there are about 49 subscribers in the East Promontory area (All West territory) and about 35 subscribers in the West Promontory area (Qwest territory). The current lines per subscriber rate for Promontory is 1.44. The DPU observed how the Promontory Development was being built across the telephone exchange boundary between the Qwest Park City exchange and All West's Kamas/Jordanelle exchange. The exchange boundary was established years ago when the area was undeveloped and was drawn north and south along existing section lines. Refer to DPU Exhibit 1.4.

# Q. DID THE DPU DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF SUBDIVISION LOTS THAT ARE AFFECTED BY ALL WEST'S PROPOSED BOUNDARY CHANGE?

A.

The DPU requested, and received from the developer, all current approved subdivision plats and a future overall map showing proposed subdivisions that Promontory will develop in the foreseeable future. The DPU analyzed in detail the number of lots on both sides of the existing exchange boundary. When a subdivision lot was in both sides of the boundary it was assigned to the exchange that had the majority of its square footage. The number of developed and proposed lots on the All West side of the boundary is 764. The number of

88		PROMONTORY DEVELOPMENT?
87	Q.	HAS QWEST PLACED ANY TELEPHONE FACILITIES IN THE
86		
85		Commission.
84		Qwest Park City exchange, with authority of a certificate from the Public Service
83	A.	All West/Utah, a CLEC, serves West Promontory, as well as other areas in the
82		QWEST TERRITORY OF THE PROMONTORY DEVELOPMENT?
81	Q.	HOW DOES ALL WEST SERVE THE EXISTING CUSTOMERS IN THE
80		
79		(existing All West territory) and West Promontory (existing Qwest territory).
78		lines in some of the developed subdivisions in portions of both East Promontory
77		a remote fiber terminal. Fiber optic cable is then distributed along the front lot
76		a building which All West has designated the Jordanelle wire center which houses
75		along Highway 40 through Qwest's area and into the Promontory development to
74	A.	All West has placed fiber optic cable from the outskirts of the Kamas exchange
73		
72		THE DEVELOPED SUBDIVISIONS?
71		Q. HAVE TELEPHONE FACILITIES BEEN PLACED IN ANY OF
70		column.
69		subdivision of how the lots currently are positioned in the "Present Method"
68		number of estimated lots is 1,373. Refer to DPU Exhibit 1.2 for a breakdown by
67		developed and proposed lots on the Qwest side of the boundary is 609. The total

89	A.	Qwest has not placed any facilities in the Promontory development. All West is
90		the only telephone provider. Qwest's closest facilities are at the fire station that
91		serves the area.
92		
93	Q.	WHAT QWEST TERRITORY HAS ALL WEST PROPOSED TO BE
94		TRANSFERRED TO ALL WEST TERRITORY?
95		
96	A.	All West provided the Division with a map of their proposed transfer area (refer
97		to DPU Exhibit 1.3). All West proposes that the exchange boundary be moved
98		about three quarters of a mile to the west along a four mile stretch of the
99		Promontory Development to Interstate 80 as a west boundary on the north and
		most of the West Prementory money line as a west boundary on the send
100		most of the West Promontory property line as a west boundary on the south.
<ul><li>100</li><li>101</li></ul>		most of the west Promontory property line as a west boundary on the south.
	<u>IV.</u>	ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF EXCHANGE
101	<u>IV.</u>	
<ul><li>101</li><li>102</li></ul>	<u>IV.</u>	ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF EXCHANGE
<ul><li>101</li><li>102</li><li>103</li></ul>	<u>IV.</u> Q.	ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF EXCHANGE
<ul><li>101</li><li>102</li><li>103</li><li>104</li></ul>		ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF EXCHANGE  SERVICE AREA
<ul><li>101</li><li>102</li><li>103</li><li>104</li><li>105</li></ul>		ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF EXCHANGE SERVICE AREA  HAS THE DPU REVIEWED THE REASONS ALL WEST GIVES FOR
<ul><li>101</li><li>102</li><li>103</li><li>104</li><li>105</li><li>106</li></ul>		ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF EXCHANGE SERVICE AREA  HAS THE DPU REVIEWED THE REASONS ALL WEST GIVES FOR THEIR PROPOSED CHANGE IN EXCHANGE BOUNDARY BETWEEN
101 102 103 104 105 106 107	Q.	ISSUES OF CONCERN REGARDING THE TRANSFER OF EXCHANGE  SERVICE AREA  HAS THE DPU REVIEWED THE REASONS ALL WEST GIVES FOR  THEIR PROPOSED CHANGE IN EXCHANGE BOUNDARY BETWEEN  ALL WEST AND QWEST IN THE PROMONTORY DEVELOPMENT?

111 1. It is impossible for the CLEC to charge the same rates as the ILEC. 112 2. The customers on the Qwest side of the boundary line would pay to extend 113 Qwest's facilities. A boundary change would avoid those costs. 114 3. All customers in both West and East Promontory would be assured access to 115 the same services at the same prices. 116 4. Qwest hasn't attempted to provide service in West Promontory so far 117 (seemingly implying that the certificate holder is not performing its obligations). 118 5. All West is willing to waive the size requirements for CLEC entry into West 119 Promontory (Meaning they would not oppose competitive entry.). 120 6. Significant savings from efficiencies in All West's operations will 121 automatically flow to the customer. a. The process of determining what side of the boundary the customer is in 122 123 is time consuming and expensive. 124 b. Keeping a separate set of accounts for this little pocket of customers 125 will be costly. 126 7. The NECA tariff requires All West to contribute a tariffed charge for each 127 broadband subscriber in the ILEC area only. 8. The increase in Federal USF will provide significant benefit to the residents of 128 129 West Promontory. 130 9. The existing exchange boundary creates hardships for customers and for the 131 utility serving those customers and seems like an unfair and unnecessarily 132 burdensome regulation.

133	Q.	HOW DOES ALL WEST'S CLEC RESIDENTIAL RATE COMPARE
134		WITH ITS ILEC RESIDENTIAL RATE?
135	A.	All West did not provide data to show the cost difference for service between the
136		CLEC and the ILEC, but the rate information given to Qwest in All West's
137		response to Qwest's Second Set of Data Requests on question 2.21 shows that the
138		totals with foreign exchange service included in the ILEC rate are only \$2 apart.
139		The residential rate for CLEC is service is \$28.95 and the residential rate for
140		ILEC is \$30.95. Foreign exchange (FX) service allows calls to Park City from the
141		ILEC in East Promontory to be charged as local calls. This difference in rates
142		does not seem of significant concern to the DPU, and should not be a concern of
143		the Commission.
144		
145	Q.	WOULD EAS BETWEEN PARK CITY AND KAMAS BE A
146		SATISFACTORY SOLUTION TO THE CALLING AREA PROBLEM?
147	A.	Assuming that All West and Qwest were able to work out an EAS arrangement
148		between the two exchanges there would be an EAS charge to replace the existing
149		FX charge. According to the direct testimony of James B. Farr, Qwest apparently
150		does not oppose EAS in this area and All West has stated that there is a
151		community of interest between Promontory and Park City.
152		
153		If All West wants to fund an EAS study, the DPU will facilitate it and provide the
154		necessary surveys to determine customer calling preferences for toll charges

verses EAS charges in Park City, Promontory and Kamas. However, the DPU believes that All West's FX plan is the best solution at this time because of the small number of subscribers it will actually help.

A.

### Q. IF OWEST EXTENDED ITS FACILITIES IN THE WEST

### PROMONTORY AREA WHO WOULD PAY FOR THIS EXPENDITURE?

Qwest uses a standard Land Development Agreement (LDA) with developers in greenfield areas where the developer opens trenches for joint placement of utilities. In the case of Promontory, a major portion of the facilities have already been placed by All West. It is very unlikely that Qwest would overbuild facilities through the developed subdivisions. There are, however, subdivisions in West Promontory that have not been developed yet for which Qwest could enter into an LDA with the developer and provide facilities. The DPU believes that it is unlikely that the developer would voluntarily let Qwest extend facilities because of the developer's contract with All West. Qwest's costs associated with the extension of facilities would be recovered through the rates Qwest charges its customers. A boundary change would not necessarily affect these costs.

## Q. DO CUSTOMERS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE EXISTING BOUNDARY HAVE ACCESS TO THE SAME SERVICES AT THE SAME PRICE?

175	A.	All West/Utah (CLEC) has the capability to provide the same services to West
176		Promontory that All West (ILEC) provides to East Promontory. The CLEC is
177		free to price its services exactly the same or as necessitated by their costs.
178		
179	Q.	HAS QWEST ATTEMPED TO PROVIDE SERVICE TO WEST
180		PROMONTORY?
181	A.	According to the testimony of Jim Farr, the Qwest field engineer for the area
182		contacted the developer and was told that All West had been selected as their
183		development's telephone provider and that the developer did not want or need
184		Qwest to place facilities. Qwest can only fulfill its obligation to serve if the
185		customers, or by extension, developers allow or facilitate the process. At this
186		point in time no one in West Promontory is being denied access to telephone
187		service.
188	Q.	WOULD ALLOWING CLEC ENTRY INTO WEST PROMONTORY, IF
189		ALL WEST'S PROPOSED BOUNDARY CHANGE IS ALLOWED,
190		PROVIDE COMPETITION?
191	A.	Some competition can now be achieved by the use of Voice over Internet (VoIP).
192		But, at this time, even if the developer allows access on their private roads, or All
193		West allows access to its facilities, there is still a competitive advantage for All
194		West because of a \$44 per line per month USF subsidy. In the event that Qwest's
195		CLEC or another carrier is designated an ETC (Eligible Communications Carrier)
196		in the All West they would have to qualify to receive federal USF to have the

capability to serve customers at the same rate. Only allowing CLEC entry into West Promontory, and not East Promontory, would be a big disadvantage to competitors since it would be harder to convince the developer to give future access to only part of the development.

A.

### Q. WOULD ALL WEST'S PROPOSED BOUNDARY CHANGE HELP

### IMPROVE OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCIES IN THE PROMONTORY

AREA?

The DPU recognizes that an arbitrary boundary from point A to point B through a subdivision presents operational problems. In an attempt to alleviate these problems, the DPU proposes a less radical revised exchange boundary along the natural barrier of the golf course that runs north and south through Promontory near the existing boundary (see DPU Exhibit 3). The establishment of this new clearly defined boundary will help eliminate the costly and confusing process of determining what side of the exchange boundary a particular lot is on. This new modified exchange boundary will require the transfer of only 73 lots from being located in the Qwest area to being located in the existing All West ILEC area.

The expense of keeping a separate set of accounts for West Promontory is only part of doing business, as All West already knows from doing the same thing for other areas it serves as a CLEC in the Park City exchange since it is required to by law.

219	Q.	IS THE DPU RECOMMENDING A CHANGE IN EXCHANGE
220		BOUNDARY?
221	A.	The DPU is not recommending a boundary change to include all of West
222		Promontory in All West's service area. The DPU is only recommending to the
223		Commission a minor change in exchange boundary alignment to provide a clearly
224		defined boundary. This boundary adjustment would be negotiated between Qwest
225		and All West to alleviate operational problems and would clearly benefit both
226		companies.
227	Q.	WOULD ALL WEST'S PROPOSED BOUNDARY CHANGE BENEFIT
228		THE CUSTOMERS IN THE WEST PROMONTORY AREA BY HAVING
229		THEIR BROADBAND COSTS AND REVENUES INCLUDED IN THE
230		NECA POOL?
231	A.	It is possible that the broadband costs and revenues for this group of subscribers
232		would affect the calculation of the NECA tariff, but not probable. The biggest
233		effect would be that the recovery of broadband costs would not come from what
234		the CLEC charges, but from the NECA tariff rate and pooling used by the ILEC.
235		This difference would have a negligible effect on subscribers.
236		
237	Q.	WOULD ALL WEST'S PROPOSED BOUNDARY CHANGE GIVE A
238		SIGNIFICANT BENEFIT TO THE CUSTOMERS IN THE WEST
239		PROMONTORY AREA BY INCREASING THE FEDERAL USF
240		FUNDING TO ALL WEST?

Yes. All rate payers contribute to the federal and state USF high cost fund, if not directly as a line item on their telephone bill, then indirectly in the rates they pay for telephone service. The federal and state USF funds are intended to help support basic telephone service to high cost rural areas. The West Promontory service area is currently a "competitive area" since it is located in the Qwest Park City exchange. There are other subdivisions similar to Promontory that are being served in the Park City exchange by Qwest and some by All West/Utah that do not qualify for high cost USF support. None of these subdivisions have the characteristics of the traditional "rural" environment that used to exist when low density agricultural and ranching farms were pervasive. These subdivisions look more like denser high-end "urban" residential developments with all the amenities. As un-served or low density rural areas become upscale higher density urban areas, the need for high-cost support is eliminated and the onset of competition should be encouraged.

A.

In the particular case of West Promontory, the DPU believes that the boundary change that All West proposes would have a harmful effect on competition as it would convert about three square miles of high-end looking urban area that is presently "competitive" to a "high cost" status. It would release federal USF funds at a current rate of \$44 per line per month.

262

262	Q.	WHAT EFFECT WOULD ALL WEST'S PROPOSED BOUNDARY
263		CHANGE HAVE ON STATE USF FUNDING?
264		
265	A.	If All West's proposed boundary change is granted the West Promontory area
266		would be eligible for future Utah USF funds which would be based on a revenue
267		requirement analysis in a rate of return or rate case audit. All West did not
268		provide future state USF funding impacts and the DPU cannot calculate the
269		change in state USF funding that would be due to West Promontory's inclusion in
270		All West's study area without a detailed audit. However, because the cost per
271		loop is high, the DPU believes the effect on state USF funding would be to raise
272		these payments considerably and is a reason for not granting the proposed area
273		change. If All West's boundary change is granted and federal USF funds are not
274		approved because the territory was previously a Qwest serving area, the burden of
275		high cost support will fall on state USF. Please refer to the Rebuttal Testimony of
276		E. Clair Oman for an analysis of issues regarding state and federal USF.
277		
278	Q.	DOES THE EXISTING EXCHANGE BOUNDARY CREATE HARDSHIPS
279		FOR CUSTOMERS AND FOR THE UTILITY SERVING THOSE
280		CUSTOMERS AND SEEM LIKE AN UNFAIR AND UNNECESSARILY
281		BURDENSOME REGULATION?
282		

WHAT EFFECT WOULD ALL WEST'S PROPOSED BOUNDARY

No customers have complained to date, and, as discussed above, the DPU's proposed exchange boundary modification will eliminate some of the problems associated with determining the location of ILEC and CLEC lots. This boundary modification will also resolve the boundary dispute if agreed to by all parties. As indicated by the agreement All West executed with the developer, All West was aware of the boundary dividing the development and the necessity of their CLEC providing service in the Qwest area.

A.

The DPU does not see a need for the Commission to discourage All West from serving customers in the Promontory development with their CLEC. Rather, the DPU encourages All West to provide state of the art communications with their broadband investment in the area. The DPU does see a need for clear exchange boundaries between companies, especially when the companies are regulated differently. Competition and high cost support are both affected in considering exchange boundary changes. This is only the first development among many that will need to be looked at along the All West/Qwest boundary in the future. The DPU believes that both parties should look for appropriate new development trade offs, if necessary, to ensure good identifiable boundaries in the future and avoid the necessity of future hearings.

### V. CONCLUSION

The DPU does not see a compelling public interest or customer reason for the Commission to approve such a significant forced transfer of serving area from Qwest to All West in the West Promontory area. The Qwest service area should remain with Qwest and All West should continue to serve West Promontory as a CLEC.

A.

However, the DPU does see a need for an adjustment to the arbitrarily defined existing exchange boundary to accommodate the reasonable determination of where ILEC territory for All West ends and CLEC/Qwest territory begins. The DPU has examined this aspect of All West's concern about efficiencies in determining which lots are ILEC and which are CLEC and has developed a proposal to align the exchange boundary along clearly defined natural barriers, in this case, a golf course running north and south through the development and a future par 3 golf course (refer to DPU Exhibit 1.4).

The DPU believes that changing the West Promontory area from a competitive area to a high cost area is going in the wrong direction, since West Promontory does not have the characteristics of the traditional rural environment, but is a more densely populated high end development that should be served competitively.

326		The DPU believes that allowing West Promontory to be included in All West's
327		study area will increase federal USF funding if approved by the FCC and increase
328		state USF funding and recommends that the Commission not grant All West's
329		proposed exchange boundary change.
330		
331		If the Commission grants All West's proposed exchange boundary change the
332		DPU recommends that it should be approved only on condition that All West
333		submits its new study area and apply for and receive federal USF. The approval
334		for increased federal USF must be submitted to the Utah Public Service
335		Commission prior to receiving any increase in state USF.
336		
337		The DPU recommends that the DPU's smaller boundary realignment proposal not
338		be conditioned on the approval of federal USF since it will help promote more
339		efficient operations and not have a significant effect on state USF.
340		
341	Q.	DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?
342	A.	Yes it does. Thank you.

### VII. EXHIBIT(S)

		Page Number
Exhibit 1.1	Qualifications	20
Exhibit 1.2	Comparison of Assigned Promontory Subdivision Lots	21
Exhibit 1.3	Proposed Jordanelle Exchange Addition	22
Exhibit 1.4	Existing and Proposed All West Exchange Boundary Change	ge 23

#### Exhibit 1.1 – Qualifications

- Bachelor of Science, Engineering Degree, University of Utah
- Extensive BELLCORE TECHNICAL training in the telecommunications industry.
- NARTE Certified Engineer (National Association of Radio and Telecommunications Engineers) while employed at US West.
- Over 30 years experience in the telecommunication industry. Extensive background in facility and switch planning, designed SONET/digital transmission systems for interoffice facilities, developed and analyzed long range incremental cost studies, facilitated and developed local loop integrated planning.
- Instrumental in the development and direction of fiber based Broadband strategies, and the establishment of survivability and diversity for the US West switch and facility network. Over 7 years experience engineering and constructing backbone fiber rings for MCI using Sonet self-healing fiber optic ring design. Scheduled and managed construction jobs, obtained permits and worked with customers and contractors on site surveys for building entrance and riser cable designs.
- Monitored and initiated modernization strategies for US West's interoffice facility and switch network for Utah, Idaho and Montana. Provided Company direction for orderly economic network evolution; includes making recommendations to high level managers.
- Translated customer needs to technical requirements and analyzed future emerging technologies and network elements.
- Prepared, and tracked capital and expense operating budget for facility and switch projects through approval, co-ordination and completion of the project.
- Planned and engineered local access feeder and distribution cable facilities for Utah. Planned and engineered structure reinforcements such as underground conduit and pole line facilities. Analyzed feeder routes to allocate cable pairs to distribution points. Conducted plant rehabilitation studies to determine areas to be upgraded. Developed construction budget (\$20M).
- Received the following recognition and awards: (1) Network Stars Award for Contributions to Excellence, N&TS, 1990, (2) Volunteer of the Year Award, Salt Lake City School District, 1992, (3) On-The-Spot Award, LATA Network Planning, 1992 and (4) Award of Excellence, Brooks Fiber Communications, 1997.