BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Petition by AUTOTEL)	
for Arbitration of an Interconnection)	
Agreement with QWEST CORPORATION)	DOCKET NO. 03-049-19
Pursuant to Section 252(b) of the)	
Telecommunications Act)	

SUPPLEMENTAL REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

RACHEL TORRENCE

FOR

QWEST CORPORATION

OCTOBER 14, 2003

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IDENTIFICATION OF WITNESS I.

2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND POSITION WITH
3		QWEST CORPORATION.
4	A.	I am Rachel Torrence. My business address is 700 W. Mineral Ave., Littleton Colorado.
5		I am employed as a Director within the Technical and Regulatory Group of the Local
6		Networks Organization of Qwest Corporation ("Qwest"). I am testifying on behalf of
7		Qwest.
8	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY IN THIS CASE?
9	A.	Yes, I filed direct testimony in this case on May 30, 2003, and rebuttal testimony on June
10		27, 2003.
11		II. PURPOSE OF SUPPLEMENTAL REBUTTAL TESTIMONY
12	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY?
13	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to address the issues regarding Type 1 Interconnection
14		signaling which Mr. Oberdorfer raised in his supplemental direct testimony.
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16		III. TYPE 1 INTERCONNECTION SIGNALING (ISSUE 9)
17	Q.	MR. OBERDORFER RECOUNTS AUTOTEL'S ARRANGEMENT FOR TYPE 1
18		INTERCONNECTION AND SIGNALING IN NEVADA WITH SPRINT. HOW IS
19		THIS RELEVANT TO THIS PROCEEDING?
20	A.	It is not at all relevant. As I state in my direct testimony, the types of signaling that
21		Autotel is requesting are not being actively offered by Qwest nor are they being actively

deployed as anything other than an exception to the rule and in isolated instances. While state tariffs do allow for MF, DTMF and Dial Pulse signaling, they clearly specify that it is subject to availability. However, due to Qwest's technological evolution, DTMF and Dial Pulse signaling are no longer generally available. Therefore, although they are still included in Qwest's tariffs, they are not generally available and are provided only to customers that continue to utilize dated technologies. They would not generally be available to new customers.

If Autotel insists on these types of signaling architectures, Autotel can purchase these types of signaling out of the state tariffs (if and where available) or may approach Qwest through the Special Request Process or the Bona Fide Request Process where implementation of non-standard methods can be addressed. I understand that the parties have agreed to remove the Bona Fide Request Process from the interconnection agreement because Autotel objected to it. I understand that one of the bases for Autotel's objection to the Bona Fide Request Process was the nonrecurring charge associated with it. The reason for the non-recurring charge in the Bona Fide Request Process is that it involves requests for services where technological feasibility in general is an issue. The Special Request Process, on the other hand, involves situations where technological feasibility has already been demonstrated. There is no nonrecurring charge associated with the Special Request Process. I understand that Autotel still disagrees with the Special Request Process. Nonetheless, Qwest is willing to insert the Special Request Process into the interconnection agreement, and this process would allow Autotel to

2	Request Process is as follows:
3	Special Request Process
4 5 6	1. The Special Request Process shall be used for the following requests:
7 8	1.1 Requesting specific product feature(s) be made available by Qwest that are currently available in a switch, but which are not activated.
9 10 11	1.2 Requesting specific product feature(s) be made available by Qwest that are not currently available in a switch, but which are available from the switch vendor
12 13	1.3 Requesting a combination of Unbundled Network Elements that is a combination not currently offered by Qwest as a standard product and:
14 15 16	1.3.1 that is made up of UNEs that are defined by the FCC or the Commission as a network element to which Qwest is obligated to provide unbundled access, and;
17 18	1.3.2 that is made up of UNEs that are ordinarily combined in the Qwest network.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	1.4 Requesting an Unbundled Network Element that does not require a technical feasibility analysis and has been defined by the FCC or the State Commission as a network element to which Qwest is obligated to provide unbundled access, but for which Qwest has not created a standard product, including, but not limited to, OC-192 (and such higher bandwidths that may exist) UDIT, EEL between OC-3 and OC-192 and new varieties of subloops.
26 27	2. Any request that requires an analysis of Technical Feasibility shall be rejected.
28 29	3. A Special Request shall be submitted in writing and on the appropriate Qwest form, which is located on Qwest's website.
30 31	4. Qwest shall acknowledge receipt of the Special Request within two (2) business days of receipt.
32 33 34	5. Qwest shall respond with an analysis, including costs and timeframes, within fifteen (15) business days of receipt of the Special Request. In the case of UNE Combinations, the analysis shall include

obtain these types of signaling at the locations requested. The language for the Special

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whether the requested combination is a combination of network elements
that are ordinarily combined in the Qwest network. If the request is for a
combination of network elements that are not ordinarily combined in the
Qwest network, the request shall be rejected.

6. Upon request, Qwest shall provide CLEC with Qwest's supporting cost data and/or studies for Unbundled Network Elements that CLEC wishes to order within seven (7) business days, except where Qwest cannot obtain a release from its vendors within seven (7) business days, in which case Qwest will make the data available as soon as Qwest receives the vendor release. Such cost data shall be treated as Confidential Information, if requested by Qwest under the non-disclosure sections of this Agreement.

Α

Q. IS MR. OBERDORFER CORRECT WHEN HE INFERS THAT SPRINT'S CONTINUED USE OF AN ARCHITECTURE DEMONSTRATES A NEED AND IS EVIDENCE OF CONTINUED TECHNICAL FEASIBLITY?

No. In his testimony, Mr. Oberdorfer relates conversations that he says he had with Sprint, but beyond that offers no substantiation as to the content of those conversations. In any case, how Sprint chooses to deploy its network is a function of the areas it serves and the services it offers in those areas. The same holds true for Qwest. The fact that one carrier chooses one architecture over another does not make that an intelligent choice for every other carrier. If Sprint chooses to deploy switches that accommodate DTMF, it might simply be because Sprint has a substantial amount of Type 1 interconnection in the serving area in which Autotel is interconnected that makes it cost effective for Sprint to continue to offer the types of signaling which Autotel wants Qwest to also provide. It is not indicative of the fact that it is a viable architecture choice for Owest.

IV. CONCLUSION

- 2 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 3 A. Yes it does.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and complete copy of the foregoing SUPPLEMENTAL REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF RACHEL TORRENCE was served on the following by electronic mail and by U.S Mail, postage prepaid, on October 14, 2003:

Richard L. Oberdorfer Autotel 114 North East Penn Avenue Bend, OR 97701 oberdorfer@earthlink.net

Michael Ginsberg Assistant Attorney General 160 East 300 South, Suite 500 Heber M. Wells Building Salt Lake City, UT 84111 mginsberg@utah.gov

SaltLake-212404.1 0019995-00151