Qwest 1801 California St. Suite 4700 Denver, Colorado 80202



November 21, 2008

A.L. 2008-T01 (UT2008-012)

Public Service Commission of Utah 160 East 300 South, 4th Floor Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

Dear Commissioners:

As a result of customer discussions, Qwest is replacing Page 13 and 16 to make two changes in the pending filing. The unidentified percent interstate usage floor will change from 7% to 5%. Language is added to clarify the customer's dispute options in the event the customer believes that the intrastate rate should not be applied to the unidentified traffic in excess of the floor.

The following replacement pages are attached:

Access Service Tariff

SECTION	PAGE	RELEASE
2	13	4
2	16	3

If you have any questions concerning this filing, please contact me.

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Attachments

Qwest Corporation

ACCESS SERVICE TARIFF UTAH

PENDING

Page 13 Release 4

Issued: 10-30-2008

(A.L. 2008-T01)

Effective: 12-1-2008

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER (Cont'd)

2.3.9 COORDINATION WITH RESPECT TO NETWORK CONTINGENCIES

The customer shall, in cooperation with the Company, coordinate in planning the actions to be taken to maintain maximum network capability following natural or man-made disasters which affect telecommunications services.

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORT REQUIREMENTS

A. Jurisdictional Determinant

Pursuant to Federal Communications Commission order F.C.C. 85-145 adopted April 16, 1985, interstate usage is to be developed as though every call that enters a customer network at a point within the same state as that in which the called station (as designated by the called station number) is situated is an intrastate communication and every call for which the point of entry is in a state other than that where the called station (as designated by the called station number) is situated is an interstate communication.

For purposes of CCSAC ISUP Call Set-up requests, Percent Other Messages (POM) shall be established by dividing the customer CCSAC ISUP Call Set-up requests (originating and terminating) associated with local, EAS, intraMTA, the Local Exchange Company portion of jointly provided Switched Access and Company originated toll by the total number of CCSAC ISUP Call Set-up requests (originating and terminating) and expressing the result as a percentage in a whole number.

When mixed interstate and intrastate Access Service is provided on the same Access Service transmission path, all charges between interstate and intrastate are prorated as set forth in 2.3.11, following.

A floor of 7% will be set for a switched access customer's Feature Group D terminating access minutes when they are lacking originating number information needed to determine jurisdiction. The 7% floor will be applied as follows:

- When the percentage of terminating traffic without sufficient call detail to determine jurisdiction does not exceed the 7% floor, the Company will apply the PIU factor as set forth in B.2.c, following or
- When the percentage of terminating traffic without sufficient call detail to determine jurisdiction exceeds the 7% floor, the Company will assess rates from the state jurisdiction on all minutes exceeding the 7% floor.

(M) Material moved to Page 13.1.

(N)

(N) (M)

Qwest Corporation

ACCESS SERVICE TARIFF UTAH

PENDING

Page 16 Release 3

> (T) (C)

(C)

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORT REQUIREMENTS

B.2. (Cont'd)

c. Terminating FGD Service

When a customer orders terminating FGD, if the Company has sufficient call details to determine the jurisdiction for the call, the Company will bill the call minutes of use according to that jurisdiction.

When terminating call details are insufficient to determine the jurisdiction for the call, see A, preceding, the customer may supply the projected PIU factor for a portion of the indeterminate jurisdiction by LATA[1]. The projected PIU factor will be used to apportion the terminating traffic which does not exceed the 7% floor.

When terminating call details are insufficient to determine the jurisdiction, and the customer does not supply a projected PIU factor by LATA, calls will be billed using a PIU of 50 (50% interstate – 50% intrastate). The PIU of 50 will be used to apportion the terminating traffic which does not exceed the 7% floor.

(C)

[1] When the customer reports a LATA-level PIU factor, the specified percentage applies to all end offices within the LATA.