BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

TESTIMONY OF DOUGLAS DUNCAN MEREDITH ON BEHALF OF THE UTAH RURAL TELECOM ASSOCIATION AND ASSOCIATION MEMBERS

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Introduction

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2	Q:	Please state your full name, place of employment and position.
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- 3 A: My full name is Douglas Duncan Meredith. I am employed by John Staurulakis, Inc.
- 4 ("JSI") as Director Economics and Policy. JSI is a telecommunications consulting firm
- 5 headquartered in Greenbelt, Maryland. My office is located at 547 Oakview Lane,
- 6 Bountiful, Utah 84010. JSI has provided telecommunications consulting services to local
- 7 exchange carriers since 1963.

8 Q: Please describe your professional experience and educational background.

- 9 A: As the Director of Economics and Policy at JSI, I assist clients with the development of
- policy pertaining to economics, pricing and regulatory affairs. I have been employed by
- JSI since 1995. Prior to my work at JSI, I was an independent research economist in the
- District of Columbia and a graduate student at the University of Maryland College Park.

In my employment at JSI, I have participated in numerous proceedings for rural and non-

rural telephone companies. These activities include, but are not limited to, the creation of

forward-looking economic cost studies, the development of policy related to the

application of the rural safeguards for qualified local exchange carriers, the determination

of Eligible Telecommunications Carriers, the sustainability and application of universal

service policy for telecommunications carriers, as well as supporting incumbent local

exchange carriers in arbitration proceedings and rural exemption and suspension and/or

21 modification proceedings.

In addition to assisting telecommunications carrier clients, I have served as the economic

advisor for the Telecommunications Regulatory Board of Puerto Rico since 1997. In this

capacity, I provide economic and policy advice to the Board Commissioners on all

telecommunications issues that have either a financial or economic impact on carriers or

end-users. I have participated in a number of arbitration panels established by the Board

to arbitrate interconnection issues under Section 252 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996.

I am participating or have participated in numerous national incumbent local exchange carrier and telecommunications groups, including those headed by NTCA, USTelecom, and the Rural Policy Research Institute. My participation in these groups focuses on the development of policy recommendations for advancing universal service and telecommunications capabilities in rural communities and other policy matters.

I have a Bachelor of Arts degree in economics from the University of Utah, and a Masters degree in Economics from the University of Maryland – College Park. While attending the University of Maryland – College Park, I was also a Ph.D. candidate in Economics, having completed all coursework, comprehensive and field examinations for a Doctorate of Economics.

Q: Have you testified previously in federal and state regulatory proceedings on telecommunications issues?

A: Yes. I have testified live or in pre-filed regulatory testimony in various states including Utah, Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, North Dakota, South Dakota, Texas, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Kentucky. I have also participated in regulatory proceedings in many other states that did not require formal testimony, including Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Puerto Rico and Virginia. In addition to participation in state regulatory proceedings, I have participated in federal regulatory proceedings through filing of formal comments in various proceedings and submission of economic reports in an enforcement proceeding.

Q:

On whose behalf are you testifying in this proceeding?

55 A: I am testifying on behalf of the Utah Rural Telecom Association and Association Members 56 ("URTA").

Q: What is the purpose of your testimony?

59	A:	The purpose of my testimony is to provide the Commission with analysis of application of
60		Wide Voice, LLC for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity ("CPCN") to
61		provide resold and facilities-based local exchange services within the State of Utah. I have
62		reviewed the application and its various amendments and recommend to the Commission
63		that it deny the application as deficient and incomplete in the following items:
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65 66	1.	Wide Voice has failed to provide supporting testimony in this proceeding supporting its allegations of good conduct;
67 68 69	2.	Wide Voice imprecisely identifies its target market and services to be offered thereby failing to give the Commission any meaningful information from which to judge its operations proposed in the State of Utah;
70 71	3.	Wide Voice seeks a waiver of the bond requirement as required in R745-349-3(A)(2) without adequate justification;
72 73	4.	Wide Voice seeks a certificate in all areas of the state without exclusion, a request that ignores the provision Utah Code Ann. 54-8b-2.1 (3) and (4) afforded URTA members; and,
74 75 76 77	5.	Wide Voice has failed to provide supporting testimony in this proceeding supporting its allegations that competition in all areas of the state satisfies the public interest requirement.
78		Accordingly, I recommend the Commission deny Wide Voice's application for a CPCN in
79		the State of Utah.
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82	1.	Wide Voice has failed to provide supporting testimony in this
83		proceeding supporting its allegations of good conduct
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85	Q:	Have you reviewed the application(s) filed by Wide Voice in this docket?
86	A:	Yes.
87 88	Q:	Does the application provide sufficient information to the Commission to judge the
89		adequacy of this provider?
90	A:	No. The application and the amendment to the application provide insufficient information
91		to judge the adequacy of Wide Voice. This proceeding was scheduled so that Wide Voice

could offer testimony supporting its allegations and provide details regarding its services.

Wide Voice has chosen not to file any testimony in this proceeding that would provide

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facts sufficient for the Commission to judge the new entrant and determine its capabilities to offer service and contribute to the general welfare of the State of Utah.

At present, there is no testimony supporting the allegations in the application. Without any supporting facts it is not possible for the Commission to find that granting a CPCN. On this basis alone, I believe the Commission should deny Wide Voice's request.

2. Wide Voice imprecisely identifies its target market and services to be offered thereby failing to give the Commission any meaningful information from which to judge its operations proposed in the State of Utah

Q: Will you please provide the Commission some examples of the vague and unsupported claims made in the Wide Voice application?

Yes. The application requirements are supposed to provide the Commission an adequate picture of the applicant's operations. Yet, in paragraph 4 of the application addressing state rule R746-349-3(A)(4) entitled "Services to be Offered," Wide Voice states it will "provide service to VoIP-enabled business customers and Telephony Applications providers on a retail, wholesale, carrier level, including PSTN connectivity and intermediate carrier functions." Wide Voice then states further that it will "initially" offer services targeted at business customers. With these statements, it appears that Wide Voice seeks to provide business service but with its use of the word "initially," the exact scope of services it will offer are unknown. The Commission simply doesn't know what will be offered by Wide Voice and there isn't anything in the record to inform the Commission on whether there is or is not a problem with the services it seeks to offer.

Furthermore, in Section 12 of the application addressing State rule R746-349-3(A)(12)(b), Wide Voice states for the first time that it intends to "resell" services as well as provide facilities-based interconnection services. I cannot find any more information on the types of services Wide Voice intends to resell. This raises questions for URTA members because a carrier can resell service to customers either with or without triggering the wholesale

discount provision in Section 251 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. There are a number of questions whether Wide Voice will be seeking to resell services in URTA member's service areas.

The response to R736-349-3(A)(4)(b) does not give any guidance to this important question of the location of service because Wide Voice states its "initial focus will be in the service territory of CenturyLink, but it request [sic] statewide authority." URTA members need better guidance from the applicant on its intent before it can give a response to the Commission that would inform the Commission on the prudence of granting a CPCN for Wide Voice.

3. Wide Voice seeks a waiver of the bond requirement as required in R745-349-3(A)(2) without adequate justification

141 Q: Wide Voice seeks a waiver of the proof of bond required by R746-349-3(A)(2). Do 142 you recommend this be granted?

143 A: No. The proof of bond addresses in part customer deposits and prepaid services. But the
144 proof of bond is also a mechanism the Commission may use to ensure that payments to the
145 Utah Public Telecommunications Service Support Fund are timely and correct. Without
146 any track record in the State of Utah, Wide Voice claims that its adequate financial
147 resources will be sufficient to cover amounts due to state.

One reason the bond is required is to assure that payments are made to the state. I don't think it prudent for the Commission to waive this requirement for a new entrant coming into the state. Instead, if the Commission desired, the requirement could be waived after sufficient time has passed where Wide Voice has made a demonstration that support payments are made. I think that three years of payments would be adequate to demonstrate a timely payment history. After a three-year period, the Commission could revisit the need to require a proof of bond for Wide Voice.

157	4.	Wide Voice seeks a certificate in all areas of the state without
158	••	exclusion, a request that ignores the provision Utah Code Ann.
159		§54-8b-2.1 (3) and (4) afforded URTA members
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161	Q:	Did you find in the Wide Voice application any statements addressing Utah Code
162		Ann. §54-8b-2.1 (3) and (4)? This is a provision addressing the rural areas of the
163		state.
164	A:	No. Wide Voice seeks "statewide authority." (See response to R746-349-3(A)(4)(b))
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166	Q:	What concerns does URTA have with Wide Voice's failure to address the rural
167		provision in the statute?
168	A:	URTA members seek to have the Commission exclude from the Wide Voice application
169		all areas served by URTA members or their incumbent carrier affiliates. This exclusion
170		would be faithful to the application wherein Wide Voice states its "initial focus will in the
171		service territory of CenturyLink." The Commission should limit the application to
172		CenturyLink service area. Wide Voice can seek to amend its CPCN to include other areas
173		of the state when and if it moves beyond its initial focus. This determination is consistent
174		with the public interest as it follows prior Commission CPCN decisions.
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176	5.	Wide Voice has failed to provide supporting testimony in this
177		proceeding supporting its allegations that competition in all
178		areas of the state satisfies the public interest requirement
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180	Q:	Has Wide Voice provided any support for its claim of public interest?
181	A:	No. Wide Voice states its "application will serve the public interest by creating greater
182		competition in the local exchange marketplace." (Application Section 15) This statement
183		is an allegation that creates a nullity in the state statute and rules. Assuming arguendo that
184		creating greater competition was always in the public interest, then the Commission would

rubber-stamp all requests for a CPCN and there would be no need to require a public

interest finding. However, the state Legislature requires that the Commission judge

whether granting a CPCN is in the public interest and the Commission requires a statement

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as to why entry by the applicant is in the public interest. (R746-349-3(A)(15)) I think it would be expected for the applicant to support said statement in testimony and give its rationale as to why it is in the public interest to be given "statewide authority." Absent any support for its claim, I recommend the Commission reject Wide Voice's allegation that generating more competition statewide is always in the public interest.

Conclusion

- **Q:** Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 196 A: Yes.