# - BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH -

IN THE MATTER OF THE	)	<b>DOCKET NO. 13-2506-01</b>
APPLICATION OF WILLOW CREEK	)	
WATER COMPANY FOR A CULINARY	)	DPU Exhibit No. 1.0
WATER RATE CASE		

#### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

OF

**MARK A LONG** 

DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE STATE OF UTAH

June 14, 2013

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Subje</u>	<u>Subject</u>		
I.	INTRODUCTION	3	
II.	IDENTIFICATION OF WITNESS	3	
III.	PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY	4	
IV.	BACKGROUND OF COMPANY	4	
V.	SUMMARY OF EXHIBITS	11	
VI.	RECOMMENDATION	18	
VII.	CUSTOMER IMPACT	20	
VIII.	CONCLUSION	22	

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND POSITION
3		WITH THE DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES.
4	A.	My name is Mark A. Long. My business address is Heber M. Wells Building,
5		160 East 300 South, 4th Floor, Salt Lake City, Utah. I am employed as a Utility
6		Analyst in the Telecommunications & Water Section for the Division of public
7		Utilities (Division).
8	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL
9		EXPERIENCE.
10	A.	I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from the University of
11		Utah. I was employed for 22 years with the Utah Tax Commission as a tax
12		auditor and criminal investigator. I have been employed by the Division since
13		December of 2008.
14		II. IDENTIFICATION OF WITNESS
15	Q.	FOR WHICH PARTY WILL YOU BE OFFERING TESTIMONY IN
16		THIS CASE?
17	<b>A.</b>	I will be offering testimony on behalf of the Division.
18	Q.	HAVE YOU TESTIFIED BEFORE THE UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE
19		COMMISSION (COMMISSION) ON PRIOR OCCASIONS?

20	A.	Yes. I have testified before the Commission as an expert witness, most recently
21		in Docket Nos. 10-2529-01, 11-097-01, 11-097-02, 11-097-03 and 12-2443-01.
22	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR PARTICIPATION IN THE DIVISION'S
23		REVIEW OF WILLOW CREEK WATER COMPANY (WILLOW CREEK
24		OR COMPANY) IN THIS DOCKET.
25	A.	I have been involved with and participated in the review and investigation of
26		Willow Creek's operations, revenues and expenses. I reviewed and analyzed all
27		the documentation and data submitted with the rate case and several informal data
28		requests, including, but not limited to, tax returns, check registers, budgets,
29		Division of Drinking Water reports, loan documents and other financial reports.
30		III. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
31	Q.	PLEASE STATE THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY.
32	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to present my analysis regarding the financial
33		aspects of the Company. I will also make a recommendation regarding the new
34		rates and fees as requested by Willow Creek in its rate increase request.
35		IV. BACKGROUND OF COMPANY
36	Q.	PLEASE TELL US ABOUT THE HISTORY OF THE COMPANY.
37	A.	Willow Creek was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah as a non-profit
38		water company on March 2, 1998. Willow Creek is an active corporation in good
39		standing with the Division of Corporations. Willow Creek provides culinary

40		water solely within the High Country Estates and Spring Ridge Subdivisions,
41		located in Box Elder County, Utah. On July 2, 2009, Willow Creek was granted a
42		Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN), Certificate Number
43		2506, to operate as a water corporation providing culinary water solely within the
44		High Country Estates and Spring Ridge Subdivisions, Box Elder County, Utah.
45	Q.	HOW LONG HAS IT BEEN SINCE WILLOW CREEK HAD A RATE
46		INCREASE?
47	A.	Willow Creek has not had a rate increase since its CPCN was approved in 2009.
48	Q.	DOES THE DIVISION WISH TO ACKNOWLEDGE THE COMPANY'S
49		PARTICIPATION IN THE RATE CASE PROCESS?
50		A. Yes. The Division would like to acknowledge Mr. Alton Veibell's and
51		Mr. Steven Taylor's hard work, cooperation and willingness to provide
52		information timely during the Division's investigation.
53		The Division commends Willow Creek's efforts in limiting and reducing its
54		expenses to keep rates as low as possible. For example, Willow Creek is running
55		its pumps during off-peak hours to reduce its electricity bill. Another example is
56		Willow Creek's interest-free loan from the State of Utah to meet the Division of
57		Drinking Water's standards in regards to lower arsenic levels recently mandated
58		by the EPA.

59	Q.	FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE COMPANY AND ITS CUSTOMERS CAN
60		THE DIVISION BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE RATE CASE PROCESS?
61	A.	Yes. Let me first remind interested parties that customers are not simply paying
62		for water; they are paying for the infrastructure and range of services required to
63		receive a clean and reliable water supply. Fresh, pure water is expensive to pump,
64		store, treat and transport to the tap.
65		Since public utility rate making is prospective, rates are calculated in advance of
66		the consumer using the services and are designed to fully recover all costs
67		prudently incurred by the Company in providing service now and in the future.
68		Thus, an estimate is made of the future cost of service, which includes operations
69		and maintenance expenses, reserves or savings, return on investment and taxes.
70		Consumers have an obligation to reimburse the Company at rates that will provide
71		such an opportunity. In this case, since Willow Creek is a non-profit company, it
72		does not earn a return on its investment (profit) and has no Federal or State
73		income tax liabilities.
74	Q.	WHAT IS FULL-COST PRICING AND WHY IS IT IMPERATIVE THAT
75		WILLOW CREEK IMPLEMENT FULL-COST PRICING?
76	A.	Full-cost pricing refers to the practice of ensuring that the developed rates provide
77		a revenue stream that adequately covers the Company's ongoing operations and
78		maintenance expenses, reserves or savings, return on investment and taxes. The
79		most obvious benefit of full-cost pricing is the ability of the Company to

consistently meet all on-going operational, maintenance and capital costs to provide a high level of service. It is also important that utilities do not operate at a loss or depend on subsidizes or continually deplete cash reserves so that degradation of the system does not result, thereby compromising the quality of service provided. Q. ARE WILLOW CREEK'S CURRENT RATES AND FEES INDICATIVE OF THE FULL COST OF PROVIDING WATER TO ITS CUSTOMERS? PLEASE EXPLAIN. A. No. The developer, Mr. Veibell, has been financially subsidizing the daily operation and maintenance expenses of the Company with personal funds since its CPCN was approved in 2009. In addition, Mr. Veibell has performed many services for the Company as well as for individual customers with countless donated hours, utilizing his personal equipment with no charge to the Company or customer. There are no reserves set aside due to the lack of rates fully funding the expenses of the Company. If the Company had employed full-cost funding since its inception, the customers would have been paying much higher rates, similar to those recommended in this rate case. Because Mr. Veibell has subsidized the Company to the extent and length of time he has, customers have enjoyed artificially low rates for many years now.

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

Subsidizing the Company is simply not a sustainable practice.

101 Q. MR. VEIBELL HAS INDICATED THAT HE WILL VOLUNTARILY 102 DONATE \$5,000 OF HIS OWN FUNDS TO WILLOW CREEK EACH 103 TIME A LOT IS SOLD. MR. VEIBELL WANTS TO USE THIS MONEY 104 TO HELP FUND THE CAPITAL RESERVE ACCOUNT AND, 105 THEREFORE, LOWER RATES. WHAT IS THE DIVISION'S OPINION 106 AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THIS POTENTIAL OFFER 107 BY MR. VEIBELL? 108 A. The Division acknowledges the good intentions of Mr. Veibell wanting to 109 continue subsidizing the Company if he sells lots. At first blush, this sounds like 110 a good solution to keep rates low, albeit artificially low. Basing rates on funds 111 deposited in the Company's account on the speculation that a lot is sold and on 112 the goodwill of a donor is a very slippery slope and is simply not prudent rate 113 making policy. Unfortunately, a sustainable public utility company cannot set 114 rates based on the assumption that lots may be sold and that the donor, or the 115 donor's successor, will always be willing or in a position to voluntarily contribute 116 proceeds to the company. If the Company started funding its Capital Reserve 117 account when its CPCN was approved in 2009, it would have approximately 118 \$100,000 (less any capital repairs or replacements) in reserves. With its reserves 119 already behind by \$100,000, the Division believes that Mr. Veibell's offer to

subsidize the Company with a donation if he sells a lot is not a sustainable 120 121 practice and recommends that this not to be considered in rates. 122 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY FULL COST PRICING, WHICH INCLUDES A 123 CAPITAL RESERVE ACCOUNT, IS REQUIRED NOW, BUT WAS NOT 124 REQUIRED WHEN WILLOW CREEK'S CPCN AND TARIFF WERE 125 APPROVED IN JULY 2009. 126 In 2009, when a water company applied for a CPCN number and sought approval A. 127 of its tariff, the Division reviewed other water companies of similar size, number 128 of customers and general geographical location to verify that the rates and fees of 129 the applicant were comparable. If the applicant company met this criterion, the 130 Division gave a favorable recommendation to the Commission for approval. 131 Unfortunately, when the economy went down-hill, developers were no longer 132 selling lots and were financially unable to continue subsidizing the water 133 companies. After a couple of years of under-funding and neglect, many regulated 134 water companies were no longer able to pay their bills and faced closure or 135 serious degradation of water quality and services. After several rate cases were 136 completed by the Division on an emergency basis and special assessments of 137 hundreds of dollars charged to customers just to keep water flowing, the Division 138 changed its criteria in assessing the sustainability of applicant water companies 139 and now requires rates that cover the full cost of service, which includes a capital

reserve account. Now, new applicants, as well as established water companies

141		seeking a rate increase, must have rates that cover the full cost of service to
142		receive a favorable recommendation from the Division.
143	Q.	FOR THIS CASE, ON WHICH YEARS DID THE DIVISION BASE ITS
144		RECOMMENDATION?
145	A.	The Division reviewed the entire year of 2012, which is the last complete year
146		accounting records are available. The Division also reviewed prior years'
147		financial statements as well as available 2013 financial information. The Division
148		also used the 2014 budget as a basis to ensure that the rates would be reflective of
149		future obligations and revenues.
150	Q.	IN YOUR OPINION, ARE THE BOOKS AND RECORDS OF THE
151		COMPANY RELIABLE AND ACCURATE?
152	A.	Yes. Mr. Veibell prides himself on having complete and accurate records. He
153		keeps a set of hand-written paper ledgers and meticulously reproduces them in
154		QuickBooks. The Division appreciates Mr. Veibell's efforts in keeping such
155		complete and accurate records and making them readily available for this rate
156		case.

157		V. SUMMARY OF EXHIBITS
158	Q.	WHAT EXHIBITS ARE YOU INCLUDING IN SUPPORT OF YOUR
159		DIRECT TESTIMONY?
160	A.	The exhibits referred to in this testimony are identified immediately below and
161		will be discussed in further detail in the body of the testimony.
162	•	Exhibit 1.1, Index (The Excel Index has hyperlinks to each spreadsheet)
163	•	Exhibit 1.2, Costs of Providing Water and Rate Calculations
164	•	Exhibit 1.3, Adjustments to Expenses
165	•	Exhibit 1.4, Summary of Revenues Before and After Taxes, and Expenses
166	•	Exhibit 1.5, Capital Reserves
167	•	Exhibit 1.6, Depreciation Expense & Accumulated Depreciation Reconciliation
168	•	Exhibit 1.7, Contribution in Aid of Construction (CIAC) & Amortization of CIAC
169		Reconciliation
170	•	Exhibit 1.8, Rate Base
171	•	Exhibit 1.9, Return on Investment
172	•	Exhibit 1.10, Projected Federal & State Income Taxes
173	•	Exhibit 2.0, Tariff No. 2, Rates and Fees Schedule and Rules and Regulations,
174		with the recommended rates and fees

# 175 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE DIVISION PREPARED EXHIBIT 1.2,

#### "COSTS OF PROVIDING WATER AND RATE CALCULATIONS."

A. Exhibit 1.2 lists the rates recommended by the Division. Immediately below the recommended rates, the Division lists the expenses that must be paid through the recommended rates. The Division prepared this exhibit to show the direct relationship between reasonable and prudent expenses and the rates needed to cover these expenses. The Division also wants this process to be as transparent as possible so customers and others can see and understand that the rates are a direct result of the allowable expenses.

### Q. WHAT RATES ARE SHOWN IN THIS EXHIBIT AS BEING

#### **RECOMMENDED BY THE DIVISION?**

#### 186 A.

184

185

176

Description	Explanation	Rate
Monthly Standby Rates	Applies to lots where service mains are in place and water is available, but no water service has been connected. ( <i>This is only a summary; refer to Tariff No. 2 for specific details.</i> )	\$51.30
Monthly Usage Rates	This rate included up to a Maximum of 12,000 gallons water use per month.	\$106.30
Overage Rate per 1,000 gallons	Fees per 1,000 gallons when water use exceeds 12,000 gallons per month.	\$5.50

In its recommendation, the Division will provide a comparison of the prior rates and fees, interim rates and fees and the recommended rates and fees.

189	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.3, ADJUSTMENTS
190		TO EXPENSES.
191	A.	Exhibit 1.3 lists the expenses requested by the Company and the adjustments
192		made by the Division to these requested expenses. Please refer to Exhibit 1.3 for
193		detailed explanations.
194	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.4, SUMMARY OF
195		REVENUES BEFORE AND AFTER TAXES, AND EXPENSES.
196	A.	Exhibit 1.4 summarizes the revenues based on the recommended rates, both
197		before and after taxes. It also summarizes the expenses per Exhibits 1.2 and 1.3.
198		Exhibit 1.4 demonstrates that the revenues generated from the Division's
199		recommended user rates are sufficient to meet the fair and reasonable expenses of
200		the Company. The over earning amount of \$59.80 is a result of rounding on
201		Exhibit 1.2 to the nearest 5 cents.
202	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.5, CAPITAL
203		RESERVES.
204	A.	The Division is concerned about Willow Creek's lack of financial reserves.
205		Reserves are a necessary part of a sound financial management plan for an on-
206		going and effective system. Setting aside reserves is critical to developing and
207		maintaining financial stability and can mean the difference between a system that
208		is self-sustaining and one that may fall victim to disrepair or become financially

unstable during even a relatively small emergency. Capital reserves are funded through rates, paid equally by all connected and standby customers, and should be maintained in an escrow or other protected account and allowed to accumulate or used for capital replacement, improvements and major restorations as the need arises. The targeted minimum amount to be set aside annually for capital reserves is equal to the company's annual depreciation expense prior to making any adjustments for Contributions in Aid of Construction (CIAC). Even though assets are contributed (CIAC) to the Company at no cost or obligation to repay on the part of the Company, they must be maintained and replaced by the Company at the Company's expense. Since capital reserves are calculated based on the historical replacement costs for an aging infrastructure they will likely not cover all future capital asset repair and replacement, but will go a long way in creating and maintaining Willow Creek's financial integrity and quality of service in the years to come. Willow Creek's Tariff lists the proper uses, required audit trail and necessary disclosures of its Capital Reserve Account. See Exhibit 1.5 for further details.

209

210

211

212

213

214

215

216

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224

225

227	Q.	WHAT ARE SOME OF THE BENEFITS OF REGULATED PUBLIC
228		UTILITY COMPANIES HAVING CAPITAL RESERVE ACCOUNTS?
229	A.	The Division has received many positive comments regarding its recommendation
230		to establish a reserve account for water companies. Some of the benefits include:
231	•	Better and more timely operational decisions and actions.
232	•	Improved emergency response.
233	•	More efficient operations.
234	•	Greater ability to plan and pay for future repairs and replacements.
235	•	Capital Improvement projects that meet the true needs of the system.
236	•	Enhanced ability to obtain financing, and at more favorable rates.
237	•	Special assessments are no longer required to pay for emergency repairs or
238		replacements.
239	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.6, DEPRECIATION
240		EXPENSE & ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION RECONCILIATION.
241	A.	Exhibit 1.6 captures the total Utility Plant in Service account, from which
242		depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation are calculated. This amount
243		is also forwarded to Exhibit 1.5 and used to set the Capital Reserve amount.
244	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.7,
245		CONTRIBUTION IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION (CIAC) &
246		AMORTIZATION OF CIAC RECONCILIATION.

247 A. Exhibit 1.7 includes the Utility Plant in Service items that were contributed by 248 either the developer or the customers through their connection fees. Even though 249 these assets are contributed to the Company, at no cost or obligation to repay on 250 the part of the Company, they must be maintained and replaced by the Company at the Company's expense. Instead of depreciating these items, an amortization of 251 252 CIAC is calculated for each item, equal to its depreciation expense. Since 253 contributed assets are not an investment by the Company it is subtracted from rate 254 base. 255 In this case, the entire infrastructure was contributed by the developer and, 256 therefore, the company has no investment in its infrastructure. 257 PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.8, RATE BASE. Q. 258 A. Exhibit 1.8 calculates the rate base, which is the value of property, or 259 infrastructure, on which a public utility is permitted to earn a specified rate of 260 return on. The rate base is essentially the utility's original investment at the time 261 the assets were placed in service less the accumulated depreciation and assets 262 contributed (CIAC) to the company. It also includes a working capital allowance 263 with reasonable prepayments for operating expenses and an allowance up to 1/8 264 of operational and maintenance expenses. In this case, the Company's entire 265 infrastructure was contributed by the developer, therefore, leaving very little to be

included in the rate base on which to earn a return.

267	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.9, RETURN ON
268		INVESTMENT.
269	A.	Exhibit 1.9 calculates the return on investment, which is the amount a public
270		utility is entitled an opportunity to earn on its investment in plant and equipment
271		over and above the allowable deductions from gross income. This return amount
272		is considered profit. In this case, the Willow Creek Company is registered as
273		Non-Profit, and, therefore, earns no return or profit.
274	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 1.10, PROJECTED
275		FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES
276	A.	Willow Creek is non-profit and therefore has no income tax liability.
277	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INCLUSION OF EXHIBIT 2.0, TARIFF NO. 2,
278		RATES AND FEES SCHEDULE AND RULES AND REGULATIONS,
279		WITH THE RECOMMENDED RATES AND FEES.
280	A.	The Division has prepared Tariff No. 2 for Willow Creek with the recommended
281		rates and fees. The Division will adjust it later for Willow Creek to include the
282		Effective Date and any other changes in the rates and fees as ordered by the
283		Commission. The Division recommends that with the aforementioned changes
284		notwithstanding, Tariff No. 2 be approved by the Commission.

285		VI. RECOMMENDATION
286	Q.	BASED ON YOUR INVESTIGATION, DO YOU HAVE A
287		RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE RATES AND FEES OF
288		WILLOW CREEK?
289	A.	Yes.
290	Q.	IN THE DIVISION'S RECOMMENDATION, PLEASE SHOW A
291		COMPARISON OF THE RATES AND FEES IN THE COMPANY'S
292		CURRENT TARIFF, THE INTERIM RATES AND FEES REQUESTED
293		BY THE COMPANY AND GRANTED BY THE COMMISSION ON
294		APRIL 1, 2013 AND THE RATES AND FEES RECOMMENDED BY THE
295		DIVISION.

# 296 A.

Current Tai	riff Rates	Approved Interim Rates		Final Recommended Rates	
Standby Fee	"No Charge"	Standby Fee	\$24.40	Standby Fee	\$51.30
Fixed System Fees, Maximum of	¢29.00	Residential: Fixed System Fees: Includes 12,000 gallons per MONTH	\$49.00	Monthly Fees for Residential & Commercial	\$106.30
293,274 gallons per YEAR	\$38.00	Commercial: Fixed System Fees: Includes 12,000 gallons per MONTH	\$49.00	Customers Connected to the Water System	\$100.30
Usage per 1,000 gallons		Residential: Usage per 1,000 gallons over 12,000 gallons per MONTH	\$1.50	Overage Fees per 1,000 gallons Used Over 12,000	
over 293,274 gallons per YEAR	\$1.00	Commercial: Usage per 1,000 gallons over 12,000 gallons per MONTH	\$1.50	gallons per MONTH for Residential & Commercial Customers	\$5.50
Connection Fee (1")	\$5,000.00	Connection Fee (1")	\$5,000.00	Connection Fee (1")	\$5,000.00
Connection Fee (2")	None	Connection Fee (2")	\$5,000.00	Connection Fee (2")	\$5,000.00
Turn On Fee (with Meter in place)	\$150.00	Turn On Fee (with Meter in place)	\$900.00	Turn On Fee (with Meter in place)	\$900.00
Turn Off Fee	None	Turn Off Fee	\$150.00	Turn Off Fee	\$150.00
Transfer of Ownership	None	Transfer of Ownership	\$300.00	Transfer of Ownership	\$300.00
Unwarranted Service Call	None	Unwarranted Service Call	\$60.00	Unwarranted Service Call	\$60.00
Fire Hydrant (deposit)	None	Fire Hydrant (deposit)	\$100.00	Fire Hydrant (deposit)	\$100.00
Late Fee	None	Late Fee	\$15.00	Late Fee	\$15.00

# VII. CUSTOMER IMPACT

# Q. HAVE YOU PREPARED A CHART SHOWING DIFFERENT USAGE SCENARIOS TO COMPARE AND CONTRAST THE PRIOR RATES, INTERIM RATES AND THE RECOMMENDED RATES?

302 A. Yes. It is presented immediately below.

Annual expen	Standby ses if use 12,0	Connected Customers Monthly Minimum 00 gallons, or l	Overage for Connected Customers ess, per month	Totals for Connected Customers
Original Tariff	\$0.00	\$456.00	\$0.00	\$456.00
Rates				
Requested &	\$292.80	\$588.00	\$0.00	\$588.00
Interim Rates				
Recommended Rates	\$615.60	\$1,275.60	\$0.00	\$1,275.60

Annual Exper 12,000 gallons		79 gallons per r 6 months:	month for 6 n	nonths and
Original Tariff	\$0.00	\$456.00	\$0.00	\$456.00
Rates				
Requested &	\$292.80	\$588.00	\$223.91	\$811.91
Interim Rates				
Recommended	\$615.60	\$1,275.60	\$821.01	\$2,096.61
Rates				

Annual Exper 12,000 gallons		000 gallons per or 6 months:	month for 6 n	nonths and
Original Tariff	\$0.00	\$456.00	\$216.00	\$672.00
Rates				
Requested &	\$292.80	\$588.00	\$324.00	\$912.00
Interim Rates				
Recommended	\$615.60	\$1,275.60	\$1,188.00	\$2,463.60
Rates				

304	Q.	THIS IS A LARGE INCREASE IN RATES AND FEES. WHY IS THE
305		DIVISION RECOMMENDING SUCH A LARGE INCREASE?
306	A.	The Division prefers to recommend that an increase of this scale to be phased in
307		over a period of time. Unfortunately, with relatively few customers, the reserve
308		account funding already \$100,000 in arrears, and operational expenses needing to
309		be met, Willow Creek does not have the option of phasing in the rate increase
310		over a period of time. In small public utility companies, such as this, there are
311		few customers among whom to spread the costs, thus creating higher than
312		desirable rates.
313		To some extent, customers can control their water bills by conserving water and
314		not using over 12,000 gallons per month, which will require them to pay overage
315		fees. Nevertheless, the Division realizes the magnitude of its suggested rates and
316		the customer impacts.
317		The Division and Willow Creek personnel spent a great deal of time reviewing
318		and adjusting numbers to obtain the lowest reasonable rates possible. The figures
319		used to compute rates are transparent and straight-forward, and clearly show that
320		the recommended rates are needed and justified. While the Division is sensitive
321		to recommending such a large increase, the increase is necessary to pay for the
322		costs of operations and to establish capital reserves through rates.

323		VIII. CONCLUSION
324	Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY ADDITIONAL REMARKS?
325	A.	Yes. Throughout the audit and investigation of Willow Creek, Mr. Veibell was
326		averse to raising the rates, especially to the extent that the Division is
327		recommending. The Division believes his hesitancy is based more on his concern
328		of Willow Creek's customer's reluctance to pay higher rates rather than on their
329		actual inability to pay higher rates. I reminded Mr. Veibell that he or his
330		successors may not always be in the position, or be willing, to subsidize the
331		Company. Unlike government owned and operated utility companies, there are
332		no tax coffers to tap to make up financial shortfalls.
333		The Division believes that its recommended rates are just and reasonable and
334		consistent with the public interest and, therefore, the Division recommends the
335		Commission approve these new rates and fees and Tariff No. 2, which contains
336		the new rates and fees.
337	Q.	DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?
338	A.	Yes it does. Thank you.