

March 15, 2017

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING AND OVERNIGHT DELIVERY

Utah Public Service Commission Heber M. Wells Building, 4th Floor 160 East 300 South Salt Lake City, UT 84114

Attention: Gary Widerburg

Commission Secretary

RE: Docket No. 17-035-01

Application to Decrease the Deferred EBA Rate through the Energy Balancing Account

Mechanism

In accordance with Utah Public Service Commission Rule 746-1-203, Rocky Mountain Power hereby submits for electronic filing its Application to decrease the deferred EBA rate through the Energy Balancing Account mechanism. As requested by the Commission, Rocky Mountian Power is also providing seven (7) printed copies of the filing via overnight delivery. Workpapers supporting this application will also be provided electronically.

Rocky Mountain Power respectfully requests that all formal correspondence and requests for additional information regarding this filing be addressed to the following:

By E-mail (preferred): datarequest@pacificorp.com

Bob.lively@pacificorp.com

By regular mail: Data Request Response Center

PacifiCorp

825 NE Multnomah, Suite 2000

Portland, OR 97232

Informal inquiries may be directed to Bob Lively at (801) 220-4052.

Sincerely,

Jeffrey K. Larsen

Vice President, Regulation

cc: Service List – Docket No. 17-035-01

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Docket No. 17-035-01

I hereby certify that on this 15th day of March 2017, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served by electronic mail and overnight delivery to the following:

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Attorneys for Rocky Mountain Power

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF)	
ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER TO DECREASE)	Docket No. 17-035-01
THE DEFERRED EBA RATE THROUGH THE)	
ENERGY BALANCING ACCOUNT MECHANIS	M)	

APPLICATION TO DECREASE THE DEFERRED EBA RATE THROUGH THE ENERGY BALANCING ACCOUNT MECHANISM

Rocky Mountain Power, a division of PacifiCorp ("Company" or "Rocky Mountain Power"), hereby submits this application ("Application") to the Public Service Commission of Utah ("Commission") pursuant to energy balancing account mechanism ("EBA") tariff Schedule 94 ("Tariff Schedule 94"), requesting approval to refund approximately \$6.5 million in deferred EBA Costs ("EBAC"). The \$6.5 million includes the following components: (1) approximately \$11.3 million, the difference between the Actual EBAC and the Base EBAC in current base rates for the period beginning January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 ("Deferral Period"), (2) a credit of approximately \$2.9 million for savings related to the Retiree Medical Obligation not subject to the sharing band, (3) a credit of approximately \$0.7 million in coal fuel expense savings at the Hunter and Huntington plants related to the Deer Creek mine closure and not subject to the

sharing band, (4) a credit of approximately \$0.5 million in accrued interest, (5) a credit of approximately \$0.2 million related to an adjustment for sales made to a special contract customer, and (6) approximately \$9.1 million in costs representing the Utah-allocated Deer Creek mine amortization expense.

The Company is proposing to revise Tariff Schedule 94 to refund to customers \$6.5 million. This overall decrease results in a refund to retail customers under Tariff Schedule 94 rate of approximately 0.3 percent.

This Application is consistent with Tariff Schedule 94, approved by the Commission (1) on July 17, 2012, as amended by the Commission's Order on EBA Interim Rate Process, issued August 30, 2012, and (2) in Dockets No. 16-035-T05 and No. 09-035-15 by orders issued May 16, 2016 and February 16, 2017, respectively (together, the "EBA Order").

The proposed EBA rate decrease reflected in this Application represents an EBA rate adjustment under Tariff Schedule 94 as set forth above. It is allocated to rate schedules pursuant to and consistent with the Commission-approved NPC allocator from the Company's general rate case filing in Docket No. 13-035-184 (the "2014 GRC"), as explained further below. Rocky Mountain Power respectfully requests that, pursuant to the provisions in Tariff Schedule 94 and the EBA Order, this decrease in Utah rates become effective, on an interim basis, May 1, 2017. In addition and in accordance with the EBA Order, the Company proposes that any difference between the 2017 EBA credits and the final amount approved by the Commission be included in new rates, effective May 1, 2018. The Company also proposes continuing the collection of the existing 2016 EBA that went into effect November 1, 2016, until the deferral balance is fully collected. The Company currently estimates the 2016 EBA deferral will be fully recovered around September 2017. In support of its Application, Rocky Mountain Power states as follows:

1. Rocky Mountain Power is a division of PacifiCorp, an Oregon corporation, which

provides electric service to retail customers through its Rocky Mountain Power division in the

states of Utah, Wyoming, and Idaho, and through its Pacific Power division in the states of Oregon,

California, and Washington.

2. Rocky Mountain Power is a public utility in the state of Utah and is subject to the

Commission's jurisdiction with respect to its prices and terms of electric service to retail customers

in Utah. Rocky Mountain Power's principal place of business in Utah is 1407 West North Temple,

Suite 310, Salt Lake City, Utah, 84116.

3. Communications regarding this filing should be addressed to:

Bob Lively

Utah Regulatory Affairs Manager

Rocky Mountain Power

1407 West North Temple, Suite 330

Salt Lake City, Utah 84116

E-mail: bob.lively@pacificorp.com

Yvonne R. Hogle

Assistant General Counsel

Rocky Mountain Power

1407 West North Temple, Suite 320

Salt Lake City, Utah 84116

E-mail: yvonne.hogle@pacificorp.com

In addition, Rocky Mountain Power requests that all data requests regarding this

application be sent in Microsoft Word or plain text format to the following:

By email (preferred): <u>datarequest@pacificorp.com</u>

By regular mail:

Data Request Response Center

PacifiCorp

825 NE Multnomah, Suite 2000

Portland, Oregon 97232

Informal questions may be directed to Bob Lively, Utah Regulatory Affairs Manager at

(801) 220-4052.

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- 4. Tariff Schedule 94 permits the Company to monitor total EBAC on an unbundled basis apart from other investments and expenses included in base rates and to account for historical actual EBAC that may be over or under the amount recovered in base rates through the EBA.
- 5. Under Tariff Schedule 94, the Company files a deferred EBAC adjustment application annually on or before March 15. Included with this filing are changes to Tariff Schedule 94 to include provision for an annual interim rate effective date of May 1.
- 6. The EBA deferral calculation consists of two revenue requirement components: NPC and wheeling revenue. NPC are defined as the sum of fuel expenses, wholesale purchased power expenses, wheeling expenses, less wholesale sales revenue. Wheeling revenue includes amounts booked to FERC account 456.1, Revenues from transmission of electricity of others. Collectively, the two components are known in Tariff Schedule 94 as "Energy Balancing Account Costs" or "EBAC".
- 7. During 2016, several new accounts were used in the Company's accounting system to track components of net power costs and wheeling revenues, including new accounts to track fuel expenses and NPC-related accounting entries arising from the Company's participation in the energy imbalance market ("EIM") with the California Independent System Operator ("CAISO'), as specifically described in the direct testimony of Mr. Michael G. Wilding. The new accounts fall within the main FERC accounts that make up net power costs, but the specific SAP accounts are not identified in the currently-effective Tariff Schedule 94. The new accounts are identified in an exhibit to Mr. Wilding's direct testimony as well as in the revisions to Schedule 94, included as an exhibit in Mr. Robert M. Meredith's direct testimony.
- 8. The deferred EBAC is determined pursuant to Tariff Schedule 94 by comparing, in a deferral period, the actual NPC and wheeling revenue to the total Base EBAC recovered in rates

as established in a general rate case. From January 2016 through May 2016, 70 percent of the difference was deferred for later recovery from or refund to customers. Effective June 1, 2016, one hundred (100) percent was deferred for later recovery from or refund to customers. In addition, several adjustments were made to actual NPC this year, as described in the direct testimony of Mr. Wilding.

- 9. The Deferral Period for this Application is the 12-month period beginning January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016.
- 10. The request in this Application includes six components: (1) the EBA deferral credit amount ("EBA Deferral Amount") of approximately \$11.3 million, (2) a credit of approximately \$0.7 million in coal fuel expense savings related to the Deer Creek mine closure, (3) a credit of approximately \$0.5 million in accrued interest, (4) a credit of approximately \$0.2 million related to adjustments for sales made to a special contract customer, (5) a credit of approximately \$2.9 million for savings related to the Retiree Medica Obligation not subject to sharing band, and (6) costs of approximately \$9.1 million for the Utah-allocated Deer Creek mine amortization expense.
- 11. For the Deferral Period, Base NPC were set at \$1.491 billion and wheeling revenue was set at \$97 million.
- 12. Actual NPC were lower than Base NPC during the Deferral Period as a result of, among other things, a reduction in purchase power expense, a reduction in coal fuel expense, a reduction in natural gas expense and a reduction in wheeling and other expenses, partially offset by a reduction in wholesale sales revenue.
- 13. The Company calculated the EBA Deferral Amount for the Deferral Period using the Commission Order Method consistent with the stipulation approved by the Commission in the

2014 GRC, as set forth in detail in Exhibit RMP___(MGW-1), attached to Mr. Wilding's direct testimony.

Deferred EBA Cost Adjustment

- 14. Pursuant to Tariff Schedule 94, the deferred EBAC adjustment is calculated monthly and recorded as a deferred expense on the Company's books. Mr. Wilding's **Exhibit RMP__(MGW-1)**, shows the detailed calculation of the EBA Deferral Amount. Adjusted Actual Total NPC from January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 were approximately \$1,463 million. This was approximately \$28 million lower than the \$1,491 million Base NPC being used in this case.
- 15. Utah's allocated NPC before wheeling revenues were approximately \$637 million. After crediting Utah-allocated wheeling revenues of approximately \$44 million, Utah actual EBAC were approximately \$593 million shown on line 3, or \$24.74 per MWh, shown on line 5.
- 16. In comparison, Utah Base EBAC were approximately \$628 million shown on line 6, after crediting Utah-allocated wheeling revenues or approximately \$41.1 million shown on line 7, or \$25.25 per MWh, shown on line 10. The monthly difference between lines 5 and 10 applied to Utah's 2016 load produces the deferred EBAC prior to application of the cost-sharing band of approximately \$12.7 million, shown on line 12.
- 17. The Deferred EBAC for the January 2016 through May 2016 period, after applying the 70/30 percent EBA sharing band, is approximately \$3.3 million on line 13. The Deferred EBAC for the June 2016 through December 2016 period, is approximately \$8.0 million on line 14, for a total Deferred EBAC for the entire deferral period of \$11.3 million, the sum of line 13 and line 14. One hundred (100) percent of the coal fuel savings related to the closure of the Deer Creek mine in the amount of about \$0.7 million are shown on line 15. One hundred (100) percent of Retiree

Medical Obligations savings also related to the closure of the Deer Creek mine in the amount of approximately \$2.9 million are shown on line 16. A credit adjustment for sales to a special contract customer of \$0.2 million, subject to a deadband, is shown on line 23. Interest provisions of approximately \$400 thousand for the Deferral Period (January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016) and of \$129 thousand (from January 2017 through April 2017) are shown on lines 28 and 31, respectively. The Deer Creek amortization expense of approximately \$9.1 million is reflected on line 30. The total ending deferral amount of approximately \$6.5 million is shown on line 32.

18. A summary of the total requested EBA recovery is shown in the table below.

			Exhibit RMP(MGW-
lendar Year 2016 EBA Deferral			Reference
Actual EBAC (\$/MWh)	\$	24.74	Line 5
Base EBAC (\$/MWh)	\$ \$	25.25	Line 10
\$/MWh Differential	\$	(0.51)	
Utah Sales (MWh)		23,977,388	Line 4
EBA Deferrable*	\$	(12,683,869)	Line 12
EBA Deferral at 70% Sharing	\$	(3,266,628)	Line 13
EBA Deferral Beginning June 1, 2016	\$	(8,017,258)	Line 14
Coal Fuel Savings not Subject to Sharing*	\$ \$ \$	(735, 336)	Line 15
Incremental Non-Fuel FAS 106 Savings not Subject to Sharing*	\$	(2,941,860)	Line 16
Special Contract Customer Adjustment Subject Deadband*	\$ \$	(200,718)	Line 23
Total Deferrable	\$	(15,161,800)	Line 24
Interest Accrued through December 31, 2016	\$	(407,205)	Line 28
Interest Jan. 1, 2017 through April 30, 2017	\$	(129,237)	Line 31
Deer Creek Amortization Costs	\$	9,155,405	Line 30
Requested EBA Recovery	\$	(6,542,837)	Line 32

Proposed Tariff Sheets

19. The Company's proposal is to spread the deferred EBAC across customer classes for the Deferral Amounts consistent with the NPC Allocator agreed to by the parties and approved by the Commission in the 2014 GRC, as shown in Exhibit RMP__(RMM-1), attached to the direct testimony of Mr. Meredith.

- 20. The Company proposes to allocate the 2017 EBA deferral and revenues to those customer classes that are not reflected in the NPC Allocators, such as Schedule 21 and Schedule 31 customers, as described in Mr. Meredith's direct testimony.
- 21. The table below summarizes the proposed price changes by tariff rate schedule. Mr. Meredith's direct testimony, Exhibit RMP__(RMM-1), displays the Company's proposed rate spread, as discussed above. The proposal would result in an overall decrease of approximately 0.3 Utah. Mr. Meredith's percent customers in direct testimony, to **Exhibit RMP** (RMM-2), includes billing determinants and the calculations of the proposed EBA rates in this case. Mr. Meredith's direct testimony, **Exhibit RMP___(RMM-3)**, contains the proposed rates and revisions for Tariff Schedule 94.

Customer Class	Proposed Percentage Change 2017 EBA	
Residential		
Schedules 1, 2, 3	(0.3)%	
General Service		
Schedule 23	(0.3)%	
Schedule 6	(0.3)%	
Schedule 8	(0.4)%	
Schedule 9	(0.5)%	
Irrigation		
Schedule 10	(0.4)%	
Public Street and Area Lighting Schedules		
Schedules 7, 11, 12	(0.2)%	
Schedule 15	(0.4)%	

WHEREFORE, Rocky Mountain Power respectfully requests that the Commission approve interim rates as provided in Tariff Schedule 94 to refund the credits identified in this Application, as filed, with an effective date of May 1, 2017.

DATED this 15th day of March 2017.

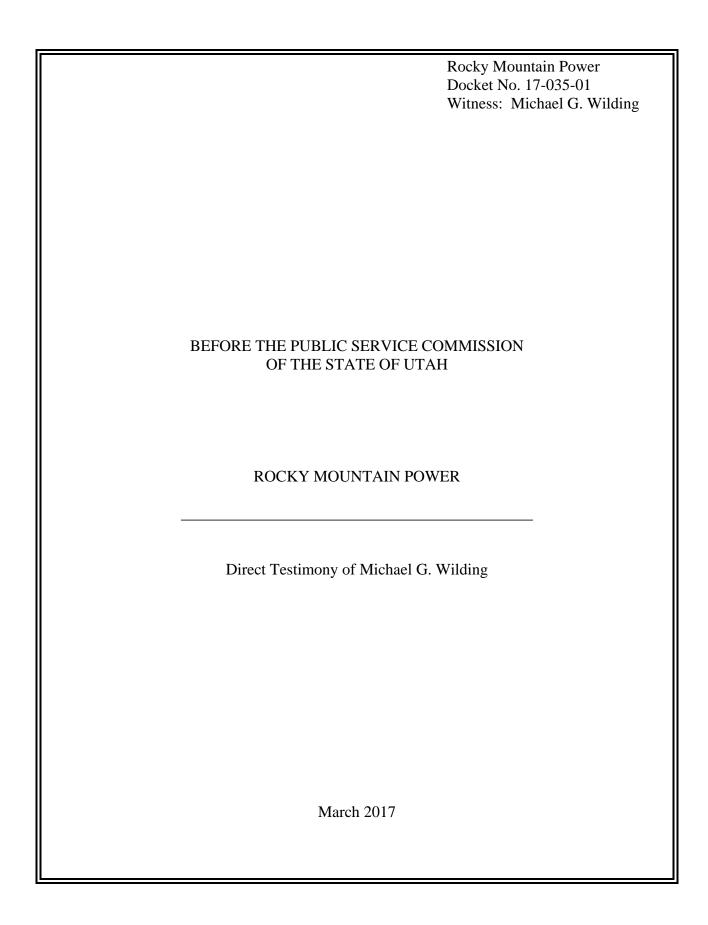
Respectfully submitted,

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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Attorneys for Rocky Mountain Power



1	Q.	Please state your name, business address and present position with PacifiCorp,
2		dba Rocky Mountain Power ("the Company").
3	A.	My name is Michael G. Wilding. My business address is 825 NE Multnomah Street,
4		Suite 600, Portland, Oregon 97232. My title is Manager, Net Power Costs.
5		Qualifications
6	Q.	Briefly describe your education and business experience.
7	A.	I received a Master of Accounting from Weber State University and a Bachelor of
8		Science degree in accounting from Utah State University. I am a Certified Public
9		Accountant licensed in the state of Utah. Prior to joining the Company, I was employed
10		as an internal auditor for Intermountain Healthcare and an auditor for the Utah State
11		Tax Commission. I have been employed by the Company since February 2014.
12	Q.	Have you testified in previous regulatory proceedings?
13	A.	Yes. I have filed testimony in proceedings before the public service commissions in
14		Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, California, and Oregon.
15		Purpose of Testimony
16	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
17	A.	My testimony presents and supports the Company's calculation of the Energy
18		Balancing Account ("EBA") deferral for the 12-month period from January 1, 2016
19		through December 31, 2016 ("Deferral Period"). More specifically, I provide the
20		following:
21		• A summary of the 2017 EBA and details supporting the elimination of the sharing
22		band and its benefit to customers;

• Details supporting the calculation of the Company's request to credit \$6.5 million

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- 24 (0.3 percent) to customers for EBA-related costs, interest, the Utah-allocated non-25 fuel saving related to the settlement of the Deer Creek Retiree Medical Obligation, 26 the Utah-allocated Deer Creek amortization expense, and an adjustment for sales 27 made to a special contract customer;
 - Discuss the Company's participation in the energy imbalance market ("EIM") with California Independent System Operator ("CAISO") and the benefits passed through to customers; and,
 - A discussion of the main differences between adjusted actual net power costs ("Actual NPC") and net power costs in rates ("Base NPC").

EBA Summary

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Q. Please summarize the Company's EBA application.

35 A. The Company's application requests to refund \$6.5 million to customers. The 2017 EBA is comprised of a \$11.3 million refund of deferred EBA-related costs, a credit of 36 37 \$2.9 million for savings related to the Retiree Medical Obligation not subject to the 38 sharing band, a credit of \$0.7 million for coal fuel expense savings related to the Deer 39 Creek mine closure not subject to the sharing band, a \$0.5 million credit of interest, a 40 credit of \$0.2 million related to an adjustment for sales made to a special contract 41 customer, and \$9.1 million for the Utah-allocated Deer Creek mine amortization 42 expense.

Q. Are there any changes to the EBA calculation?

44 A. Yes. The first change is the elimination of the sharing band beginning June 1, 2016, as
45 approved in the Commission's May 16, 2016 Order in Docket No. 16-035-T05. The
46 second change is an adjustment for sales made to a special contract customer.

4/	Q.	Are these changes in the EDA a benefit to customers:
48	A.	Yes. The elimination of the sharing band, as of June 1, 2016, increases the refund to
49		customers by approximately \$1 million. The refund to customers would have been
50		approximately \$0.7 million higher if the sharing band would have been eliminated for
51		the entire deferral period. The adjustment to the EBA for sales made to a special
52		contract customer also increases the total EBA refund by approximately \$0.2 million
53		I will explain the adjustment in greater detail later in my testimony.
54	Q.	Besides an increase in the EBA refund, are there other ways customers benefit
55		from eliminating the sharing band?
56	A.	Yes. The elimination of the sharing band benefits customers as follows: 1) ensures that
57		customers pay the actual costs for the energy they consume, no more and no less, 2)
58		keeps the NPC component of rates just, reasonable, and in the public interest, 3) helps
59		mitigate the need for more frequent general rate cases ("GRC"), and 4) helps ensure
60		customers are served by a financially healthy utility.
61	Q.	What does this EBA infer about the effectiveness of the sharing band as an
62		incentive mechanism to reduce NPC?
63	A.	The sharing band was not effective as an incentive mechanism to reduce NPC. The
64		2017 EBA is the first EBA without a sharing band and also the first EBA that is a refund
65		to customers, resulting in a greater refund to customers. Previously, the sharing band
66		rewarded the Company if Actual NPC were less than Base NPC by allowing the
67		Company to retain 30 percent of the savings. If Actual NPC were higher than Base
68		NPC, the Company was required to absorb 30 percent of the additional costs. If NPC

are completely controllable by the Company, an effective incentive mechanism would
have resulted in more years where Actual NPC was less than Base NPC.

Q. Why was the sharing band not an effective incentive mechanism?

Α.

The sharing band assumed that Base NPC was an operational standard by which to judge Actual NPC. Base NPC is set in a GRC using a forecasted test period based on what is known and expected at the time. Additionally, the Base NPC established in Docket No. 13-035-184 ("2014 GRC") included an adjustment further reducing Base NPC as part of the overall settlement.

The variables influencing NPC are generally outside of the Company's control and system operations are largely in response to these outside influences. In a GRC, the Company forecasts NPC based on these variables, which are also a forecast. In Actual NPC these variables inevitably change as the Company responds operationally to real-time variables influencing NPC. In other words, using Base NPC as the operational standard by which to judge the efficiency of actual operations is not effective because in Actual NPC, the influencing variables have changed. The variables include the load demanded by customers, weather events that affect both loads and generation from all resources, the output of qualifying facilities that the Company is obligated to purchase, and the price of natural gas and electricity as determined by wholesale markets.

Lastly, the EBA calculation adjusts for the change between base Utah retail sales and actual Utah retail sales, meaning that any over-collection or under-collection of Base NPC resulting from a change in Utah retail sales is accounted for in the EBA.

91 Customer demand is entirely outside of the Company's control and the sharing band 92 amplified the over- and under-collection.

EBA Deferral Calculation

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- Q. Please describe the Company's calculation of the EBA deferral for the DeferralPeriod.
- A. Table 1 below provides a summary of the total EBA deferral and a breakdown of the individual components of the EBA. Additionally, Exhibit RMP___(MGW-1) presents the detailed calculation of the EBA deferral on a monthly basis.

Table 1

Annual EBA Calculation

THE REPORT AND PROPERTY OF THE			Exhibit RMP(MGV
lendar Year 2016 EBA Deferral			Reference
Actual EBAC (\$/MWh)	\$	24.74	Line 5
Base EBAC (\$/MWh)	\$ \$	25.25	Line 10
\$/MWh Differential	\$	(0.51)	
Utah Sales (MWh)		23,977,388	Line 4
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EBA Deferral Beginning June 1, 2016	\$	(8,017,258)	Line 14
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Incremental Non-Fuel FAS 106 Savings not Subject to Sharing*	\$	(2,941,860)	Line 16
Special Contract Customer Adjustment Subject Deadband*	\$ \$	(200,718)	Line 23
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Deer Creek Amortization Costs	\$	9,155,405	Line 30
Requested EBA Recovery	\$	(6,542,837)	Line 32

The credit for EBA-related costs of \$11.3 million are calculated as the difference between the Actual NPC and wheeling revenue and the Base NPC and wheeling revenue, as established in the 2014 GRC. Prior to June 1, 2016, the difference between

base and actual EBA related-costs was subject to a 70/30 percent sharing band, which has now been eliminated through the end of the EBA pilot program. The refund of EBA-related costs subject to the sharing band is \$3.3 million and the amount of the refund not subject to sharing is \$8.0 million.

The calculation of the monthly amount debited or credited into the EBA Deferral Account for the months January - May is based on the following formula:

EBA Deferral Utah.month =

$$\left[\left(Actual\ EBAC_{\frac{Utah,month}{MWh}}-\ Base\ EBAC\ _{\frac{Utah,month}{MWh}}\right)\times\ Actual\ MWh_{Utah,month}\right]\ge 70\%$$

For the months June - December, the same formula applies to the calculation of the monthly amount debited or credited into the EBA Deferral Account with the exception of removing the 70 percent sharing band.

- Q. What revenue requirement components are included in the EBA deferral calculation?
- 113 A. The EBA deferral calculation consists of two revenue requirement components, NPC

 114 and wheeling revenue. NPC are defined as the sum of fuel expenses, wholesale

 115 purchase power expenses, and wheeling expenses, less wholesale sales revenue.

 116 Wheeling revenue includes amounts booked to FERC account 456.1, revenues from

 117 transmission of electricity of others. Collectively these two components are known in

 118 the Company's EBA tariff, Schedule No. 94, as Energy Balancing Account Costs

 119 ("EBAC").

Per the stipulation in Docket No. 14-035-147 ("Deer Creek Settlement"), the EBA includes 100 percent of the Utah-allocated amortization expense associated with the closure of the Deer Creek mine. The Deer Creek amortization expense will continue

123		to be part of the EBA until it is included in base rates. Additionally, 100 percent of the
124		Utah-allocated coal fuel expense savings at the Hunter and Huntington plants related
125		to the closure of the Deer Creek mine were passed through to customers from January
126		- May 2016. After June 1, 2016, the EBA deferral is no longer subject to a sharing band
127		therefore eliminating the need for a coal fuel expense savings adjustment. The EBA
128		also includes the non-fuel cost savings related to the settlement of Energy West retiree
129		medical benefit obligation as a result of the Deer Creek mine closure.
130	Q.	How are the Utah-allocated Actual NPC calculated?
131	A.	Utah-allocated Actual NPC are calculated in three steps. First, unadjusted actual NPC
132		are established on a total-company basis. Second, adjustments are made to the
133		unadjusted actual NPC to apply certain regulatory adjustments and to remove out-of-
134		period accounting entries. Third, the adjusted total-company Actual NPC are allocated
135		to Utah on the basis of the 2017 Protocol.
136	Q.	What were the total-company adjusted Actual NPC for the Deferral Period and
137		how were they determined?
138	A.	The total-company adjusted Actual NPC in the Deferral Period were approximately
139		\$1.463 billion. This amount captures all components of NPC as defined in the
140		Company's general rate case proceedings and modeled by the Company's Generation
141		and Regulation Initiative Decision Tool ("GRID") model. Specifically, it includes
142		amounts booked to the following FERC accounts:
143		Account 447 - Sales for resale, excluding on-system wholesale sales and other
144		revenues that are not modeled in GRID

145	Account 501 - Fuel, steam generation; excluding fuel handling, start-up fuel ¹
146	(gas and diesel fuel, residual disposal) and other costs that are
147	not modeled in GRID
148	Account 503 - Steam from other sources
149	Account 547 - Fuel, other generation
150	Account 555 - Purchased power, excluding the Bonneville Power
151	Administration ("BPA") residential exchange credit pass-
152	through if applicable
153	Account 565 - Transmission of electricity by others
154	During 2016, several new SAP accounts were used in the Company's accounting
155	system to track components of NPC and wheeling revenue. Specifically, new SAP
156	accounts were established to track NPC-related accounting entries arising from
157	participation in the EIM with the CAISO. These accounts fall within the main FERC
158	accounts that make up the EBAC, but the specific SAP accounts are not identified in
159	the current Schedule 94. Exhibit RMP(MGW-2) identifies the new accounts used
160	in 2016. The new accounts are also included in the revised tariff sheets provided in the
161	testimony of Mr. Robert Meredith.
162 Q.	What adjustments are made to Actual NPC and why are they needed?
163 A.	The Company adjusts Actual NPC to reflect the ratemaking treatment of several items,
164	including the buy-through of economic curtailment by interruptible industrial
165	customers, situs assignment of the generation from Oregon solar resources procured to

¹ Start-up fuel is accounted for separately from the primary fuel for steam power generation plants. Start-up costs are not accounted for separately for natural gas plants, and therefore all fuel for natural gas plants is included in the determination of both Base NPC and Actual NPC.

satisfy ORS 757.370 solar capacity standard, revenue associated with a unique contract for the Company's Leaning Juniper facility, coal inventory adjustments to reflect coal costs in the correct period, and legal fees related to fines and citations included in the cost of coal. The Company also adjusts Actual NPC to remove accounting entries booked in the Deferral Period that related to operations prior to implementation of the EBA in October 2011, however there were no such accounting entries during the deferral period. Additional details regarding each of these adjustments and the impact on NPC are provided in Additional Filing Requirement 15.

Q. Are there any additional adjustments anticipated in next year's EBA?

A.

Α.

Yes, next year's EBA will include an adjustment for the situs assignment of a Utah resource. The Utah Subscriber Solar resource reached commercial operation December 30, 2016, but metered generation data was not available before the year-end accounting close. Therefore, the purchased power costs associated with the last two days of December will be booked in 2017 and included in the 2018 EBA. The costs associated with the Utah Subscriber Solar resource included in the 2017 EBA are for test energy.

Q. What allocation methodology did the Company use to calculate the EBA Deferral Account balance?

The settlement stipulation in the 2014 GRC set the Base NPC effective September 1, 2014 using the Commission Order Method which was originally approved by the Commission in Docket No. 09-035-15. The Base NPC and Commission Order Method were detailed in Exhibit A of the stipulation in the 2014 GRC. Attached Exhibit RMP__(MGW-1) calculates the EBA deferral using the Commission Order Method for the entire Deferral Period.

- 189 Q. Has the Company calculated the EBA deferral using any other allocation methods?
- 191 A. No. Consistent with the stipulation in the 2014 GRC, beginning September 2014 only
 192 the Commission Order Method is used.
- 193 Q. Does the calculation of the EBA deferral include carrying charges?
- 194 A. Yes. In accordance with the Commission's orders dated March 2, 2011 and February
 195 16, 2017 in Docket No. 09-035-15, carrying charges accrue on the monthly EBA
 196 deferral at an annual rate of six percent. Carrying charges accrue monthly during the
 197 Deferral Period, the review period, and will continue to accumulate during the
 198 collection period.
- 199 Q. Please describe the impact of the special contract customer in the EBA.
- 200 The special contract customer pays rates specified in the contract and is not subject to Α. 201 new EBA rates approved on or after December 1, 2016. The NPC associated with 202 serving the special contract customer are embedded in the Actual NPC. As Utah tariff 203 customers benefit from the special contract remaining on the Company's system and 204 paying a portion of the total revenue requirement, the EBA deferral amount associated 205 with the special contract customer is shared among Utah tariff customers. Additionally, 206 a certain portion of the sales to the special contract customer are at a price different 207 than NPC in base rates, and an adjustment is made to the EBA in which the Utah tariff 208 customers share the variance between the contract price and Base NPC with the 209 Company.
- 210 Q. Please describe the adjustment for sales made to a special contract customer.
- 211 A. Beginning December 1, 2016, per the stipulation in Docket No. 16-035-33, the EBA

212		includes an adjustment for certain sales made to the special contract customer. The
213		adjustment calculates monthly the difference between the average monthly contract
214		price paid and NPC in base rates ("Special Contract Differential"). The Special
215		Contract Differential is then multiplied by the MWh sales to the special contract
216		customer to calculate the dollar amount of the variance. The difference is then subject
217		to a symmetrical deadband of \$350,000; however, since the special contract is effective
218		for only one month of the deferral period (December 2016), the deadband was adjusted
219		to one twelfth of \$350,000 or \$29,167. Tariff customers will receive a refund of
220		approximately \$0.2 million.
221		Impact of participating in the EIM
222	Q.	Are the actual benefits from participating in the EIM with CAISO included in the
223		EBA deferral?
224	A.	Yes. Participation in the EIM provides benefits to customers in the form of reduced
225		Actual NPC. Financially binding EIM operation went live November 1, 2014, and all
226		net benefits arising from EIM operation from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016
227		are included in the 2017 EBA deferral.
228	Q.	Has the Company quantified the benefits realized during 2016 from participating
229		in the EIM?
230	A.	Yes, the Company has calculated the EIM inter-regional benefit, i.e. the margin realized
231		on EIM imports and exports. The Company's EIM inter-regional benefit for the deferral
232		period was approximately \$19.5 million.
233	Q.	How does the Company calculate its actual EIM benefits?
234	A.	Using actual information from the EIM, including five and fifteen-minute pricing, the

Company identifies the incremental resource that could have facilitated the transfer to an adjacent EIM area or the CAISO in each five-minute interval. The benefit is then calculated as the difference between the revenue received less the expense of generation assumed to supply the transfer. In the event of an import, the benefit is equal to the cost of the import minus the avoided expense of the generation that would have otherwise been dispatched.

Q. What are the estimated 2016 EIM benefits as reported by CAISO?

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CAISO publishes quarterly EIM Benefit Reports ("CAISO Benefit Reports") estimating the benefits realized through EIM operation for each entity that participates in the EIM. The CAISO Benefit Reports estimated EIM benefits attributable to PacifiCorp of approximately \$45.5 million on a total-company basis for the deferral period. In comparison, the CAISO estimated benefits for the prior year deferral period were approximately \$26.2 million on a total-company basis. The benefits estimated for PacifiCorp in the CAISO Reports include the benefits of EIM operation due to more efficient dispatch (both inter- and intra-regional), reduced renewable energy curtailment, and reduced flexibility reserves.

Q. What is the difference between the EIM benefits estimated by CAISO and the inter-regional EIM benefits calculated by the Company?

The EIM benefits are embedded in the Actual NPC through lower fuel and purchased power costs. However, the Company is able to calculate the margin realized on its EIM imports and exports, the inter-regional benefit. In its quarterly EIM Benefit Report, CAISO estimates all the benefits of participating in the EIM, including intra-regional dispatch savings (optimizing the resources in PacifiCorp's two BAAs), inter-regional

258		dispatch savings (transacting with other EIM participants), reduced renewable energy
259		curtailment and flexibility reserve savings (reduced reserves due to diversity across the
260		EIM footprint).
261		The CAISO calculation utilizes a counterfactual scenario that is built to mimic the
262		more manual dispatch process PacifiCorp utilized in actual operations prior to
263		participation in the EIM. Based on the subjectivity of the counterfactual scenario, the
264		EIM benefits reports by CAISO are presented as an estimate.
265		Deferral Period Results
266	Q.	Please describe the Base EBAC the Company used to calculate the amount to be
267		deferred during the Deferral Period.
268	A.	The Base EBAC for the 2017 EBA was set in the 2014 GRC and became effective
269		September 1, 2015. Base NPC used a test period of 12 months from July 2014 through
270		June 2015 and set total-company Base NPC at \$1.491 billion and wheeling revenue at
271		\$97 million.
272	Q.	Please describe Table 2 and the line items making up the difference between Actual
273		NPC and Base NPC.
274	A.	Table 2 displays the Base NPC approved by the Commission for the Deferral Period.
275		The remainder of Table 2 is a breakout of the difference between Actual NPC and Base
276		NPC, by cost category, on a total-company basis. The differences by category in Table
277		2 result from comparing Actual NPC to the Base NPC effective during the Deferral
278		Period.

Table 2

Total Company Net Power Cost Reconciliation

	TOTAL
Utah Base NPC	1,491
Increase/(Decrease) to NPC:	
Wholesale Sales Revenue	216
Purchased Power Expense	(115)
Coal Fuel Expense	(92)
Natural Gas Expense	(22)
Wheeling and Other Expense	(18)
Total Increase/(Decrease)	(31)
2014 GRC Settlement Adjustment	3
Total Company NPC Difference	(28)
Adjusted Actual NPC	1,463

279 Q. Is the Deferral Period aligned with the test period used in the 2014 GRC?

No. The 2014 GRC test period (July 2014 through June 2015) used to set the Base EBAC does not align with the Deferral Period. To calculate the EBA deferral, the months in the deferral period are compared to the same months from Base NPC in effect at the time. As a result, in this EBA filing, July 2016 Actual NPC is compared against July 2014 Base NPC to calculate the deferrable amount. Actual NPC is compared to a forecast that is two years out of sync for the months of July through December and one year out of sync for the months of January through June.

Differences in NPC

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- Q. Notwithstanding the issues of test period timing, please describe the primary differences between Actual NPC and Base NPC.
- 290 A. From an accounting perspective, and as shown in Table 2, Actual NPC were lower than
 291 Base NPC due to a \$115 million reduction in purchased power expense, \$92 million

reduction in coal fuel expense, \$22 million reduction in natural gas expense, and an \$18 million reduction in wheeling and other expenses. These reduced expenses were partially offset by a \$216 million reduction in wholesale sales revenues.

Q. Please explain what contributed to the reduction in wholesale sales revenue.

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The decline in wholesale sales revenues relative to Base NPC was a combination of a reduction in the wholesale sales volumes of market transactions (represented in GRID as short-term firm and system balancing sales), lower market prices, and expired contracts.

Revenue from market transactions is approximately \$178 million lower than Base NPC due to lower market prices and lower volume of market sales transactions. The average price of actual market sales transactions was \$14.09/MWh, or 36 percent, lower than the average price in Base NPC. Actual wholesale market volumes were 2,413 GWh, or 29 percent, lower than the Base NPC.

Additionally, long-term wholesale sales contracts with Shell and Sacramento Municipal Utility District ("SMUD") were included in Base NPC but have since expired. Expiration of these contracts accounted for \$10.3 million reduction in wholesale sales revenue and a 305 GWh reduction in sales volume.

Q. Please explain the decrease in purchased power expenses.

The reduction in purchased power expense was largely due to a decrease in both long-term purchase power contracts and market purchases. The expiration of the Hermiston purchase power agreement ("PPA") and the Georgia-Pacific Camas contract resulted in lower purchased power costs of \$62.7 million, and lower contract volumes with Deseret accounted for \$8 million of the reduction. The decrease was partially offset by

\$38.9 million from 15 new large qualifying facility ("QF") contracts that were not included in Base NPC and a PPA with Utah Associated Municipal Power Systems ("UAMPS") the Company acquired with its addition of Eagle Mountain, Utah into its service territory.

Expenses from market transactions (represented in GRID as short-term firm and system balancing purchases) accounted for \$71 million of the reduction of purchased power costs. Actual market purchases were 332 GWh (seven percent) lower than Base NPC and the average price of actual market purchases transactions was \$13.13/MWh (43 percent) lower than Base NPC.

Q. Please explain the decrease in wheeling expenses.

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A. Actual long-term wheeling contracts decreased by approximately \$16.5 million when compared to Base NPC mainly due to expired wheeling contracts. This was partially offset by an increase of \$1.5 million of short-term wheeling expenses.

Q. Please describe the changes in natural gas fuel expense.

The total natural gas fuel expense in Actual NPC decreased by \$22 million compared to Base NPC. The main driver of the reduction is the average cost of natural gas generation decreased from \$39.73/MWh in Base NPC to \$26.00/MWh (35 percent) in the Deferral Period. Reduced costs were partially offset by an increase in natural gas generation volume of 2,859 GWh (41 percent) above Base NPC during the Deferral Period.

Q. Please discuss the changes in coal fuel expense.

A. The main driver in the decrease of coal fuel expense is that coal generation volume decreased 6,058 GWh (14 percent) compared to Base NPC which includes lost

338		generation from the retirement of the Carbon plant that was included in Base NPC.
339		Additionally, the average cost of coal generation at the Hunter and Huntington plants
340		were down approximately ten percent and one percent, respectively, compared to Base
341		NPC due to the closure of the Deer Creek mine. The overall decrease in coal fuel
342		expense was partially offset by a slight increase in the average cost of coal generation
343		for the entire coal fleet, which was \$19.77/MWh in Base NPC compared to
344		\$20.54/MWh in the Deferral Period.
345		Jim Bridger Coal Costs
346	Q.	Please explain the changes in the coal fuel expense at Jim Bridger compared to the
347		deferral period.
348	A.	The total coal fuel expense at the Jim Bridger plant was approximately \$2.8 million
349		higher than Base NPC, however generation was 1,935 GWh lower. The average cost of
350		generation at Jim Bridger increased \$6.01/MWh, or 26 percent, compared to Base NPC.
351		The main driver in the increase of the average cost of coal generation at Jim Bridger is
352		the increase in coal costs which are \$48.2 million higher than the coal costs used in
353		Base NPC. Third party coal costs increased by \$4.55 per ton, or \$7.2 million, and
354		Bridger Coal Company ("BCC") mine costs increased by \$13.90 per ton, or \$41.0
355		million.
356	Q.	Please explain the cost increase in third party delivered coal costs.
357	A.	The \$7.2 million increase is primarily due to pricing under the new Black Butte mine
358		contract that began in 2015 replacing the prior Black Butte coal contract that terminated

the first quarter of 2015. The Company entered into the new Black Butte mine contract

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360		after issuing a Request for Proposals (RFP) in June 2014 to determine the least cost
361		fuel replacement option.
362	Q.	Please describe the change in BCC coal costs relative to the deferral period.
363	A.	BCC costs increased by approximately \$41.0 million due to the following reasons: 1)
364		lower British thermal unit ("Btu") content of coal, \$4.2 million; 2) spreading costs over
365		the reduced volume of tons produced, \$16.7 million; 3) abandonment cost of the Joy
366		Longwall, \$12.5 million; and 4) costs of the Joy Longwall recovery efforts, \$7.6
367		million.
368	Q.	Please explain why coal with a lower Btu content increases coal costs.
369	A.	The Btu content of coal is positively correlated to the amount of energy produced from
370		burning the coal; the higher the Btu content, the more energy the coal produces when
371		burned. Because the actual Btu content of BCC coal was lower than the Btu content of
372		BCC coal in Base NPC, it was necessary to burn higher quantities of BCC coal than
373		would have been burned had the actual Btu content equaled the Btu content in Base
374		NPC.
375	Q.	Please explain how the decreased generation at Jim Bridger impacted BCC's
376		costs.
377	A.	Generation decreased at the Jim Bridger plant by 19 percent compared to Base NPC
378		resulting in less coal being burned. As seen in Table 3 below, coal deliveries from third
379		parties increased compared to Base NPC resulting in fewer deliveries from BCC. BCC
380		deliveries decreased from 4.1 million tons in the base period to 2.8 million tons in 2016,
381		a reduction of 32 percent, and BCC production decreased from 3.7 million tons in the
382		base period to 2.4 million tons in 2016, a reduction of 34 percent. Lower production

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levels at BCC increases the BCC cost per ton as costs are spread over fewer tons of coal. Notably, if the Btu content of BCC coal would have been higher, less BCC coal would have been needed to produce the actual Jim Bridger generation.

Table 3

(3)			Tons - PacifiC	orp Portion		
	Brid	ger Plant Deliver	ies	Bridg	ger Mine Produc	tion
millions	2016 A ctuals	Utah GRC (7/14 - 6/15)	Variance	2016 A ctuals	Utah GRC (7/14 - 6/15)	Variance
Third Party Sources	1.6	1.4	0.2			
Bridger Coal	2.8	4.1	(1.3)	2.4	3.7	(1.2)
Surface Mine	1.7	1.0	0.7	1.6	0.9	0.7
Underground Mine	1.1	3.1	(2.0)	0.8	2.7	(2.0)
Jim Bridger Plant Total	4.4	5.5	(1.1)			

386 Q. Please describe the costs associated with the Joy Longwall.

During mining operations at the end of December 2015, a section of panels in the Joy Longwall became stuck soft claystone material due to difficult geological conditions. Significant efforts were made by BCC to return the Joy Longwall to operations in 2016; however, due to unsafe working conditions, the Joy Longwall was ultimately abandoned. Included in the 2017 EBA is the Company's portion of the Joy Longwall recovery and abandonment costs. The recovery costs are the expenses incurred in the effort to return the Joy Longwall to operations. The abandonment costs include the net book value (cost of the asset less accumulated depreciation) of the lost asset, longwall related construction work in process ("CWIP"), material and supply ("M&S") inventory items, and deferred longwall costs.

Q. Is this the longwall that the Company sold to BCC at the time of the Deer Creek mine closure?

A. Yes. In an arm's length transaction, the Company sold the Joy Longwall to BCC in September 2015 for the appraised value. The sale of the Joy Longwall reduced the Deer

- 401 Creek amortization expense which is included in the 2017 EBA.
- 402 Q. What were the geological conditions that led to the Joy Longwall becoming stuck?
- 403 Α. Exhibit RMP___(MGW-3) is a depiction (not to scale) of the mining conditions of the 404 longwall panel, or section of the mine, where the Joy Longwall was stopped by adverse 405 geologic conditions. In Exhibit RMP (MGW-3) the green line is the top of the coal 406 seam and the pink line is the bottom. Underneath the coal seam is a layer of hard 407 sandstone which is the mine floor. This sandstone layer, or mine floor, varies in depth 408 of approximately one to three feet at any given spot in the longwall panel, and 409 underneath the mine floor is soft claystone material. During operation of the Joy 410 Longwall, the coal seam thinned and undulations, or structural rolls, in the floor became 411 more pronounced and frequent. The Joy Longwall crew attempted to navigate through 412 this area and the soft claystone material under the mine floor became exposed. This is
- 414 Q. What actions were taken to climb above the claystone material and place the Joy
 415 Longwall back on the mine floor or hard sandstone layer?

shown in Exhibit RMP___(MGW-3) as the dashed portion of the pink line.

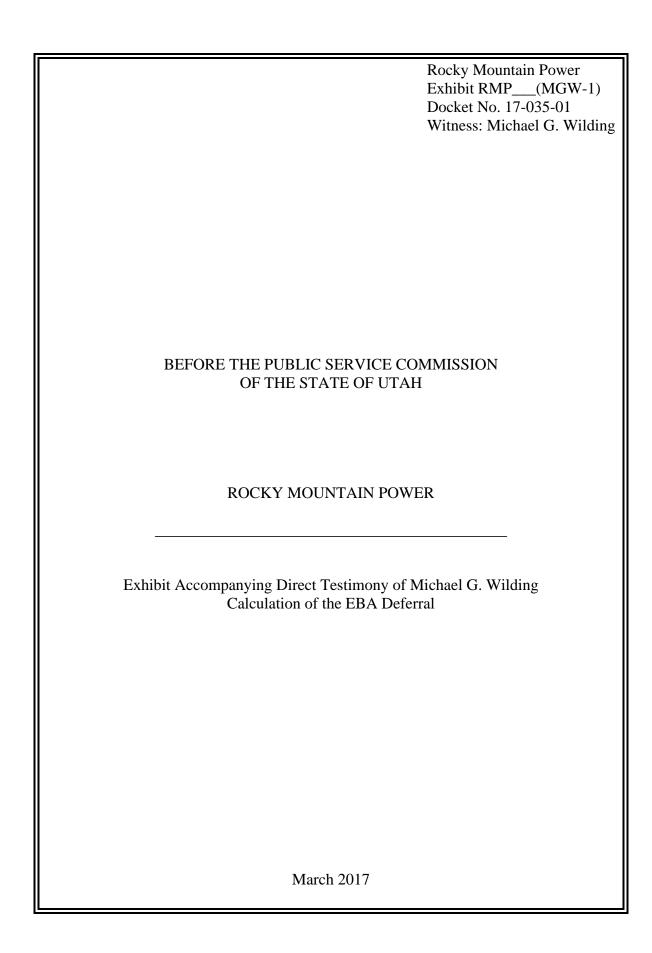
- 416 A. The Joy Longwall crew attempted to climb onto the hard sandstone layer by changing
 417 the cutting profile of the Joy Longwall. However, the shearer (the part of the longwall
 418 that cuts into the coal seam) was unable to operate because it was colliding with other
 419 parts of the Joy Longwall. The lack of clearance limited the longwall crew's ability to
 420 reestablish a hard, competent floor.
- 421 Q. Did other issues complicate Joy Longwall mining efforts?
- 422 A. Yes. Other issues include mechanical downtime on the shearer equipment and underground conveying system, extreme weather conditions freezing surface coal

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424		transfer facilities, poor quality mine floor and deteriorating mine roof conditions.
425		Collectively, these issues impeded the Joy Longwall's ability to climb out of the
426		claystone material.
427	Q.	Please describe efforts to advance the Joy Longwall and resume coal production
428		activities.
429	A.	Efforts to climb out of the soft claystone material and reestablish competent roof
430		conditions included pumping foam, tech seal and grout in the area above the Joy
431		Longwall, installing supports beneath the Joy Longwall, freezing the soft claystone
432		material, and injecting bonding agents into floor and roof.
433	Q.	Were the efforts to stabilize deteriorating section conditions and advance the
434		longwall system successful?
435	A.	No. None of the efforts described above were able to successfully provide the overall
436		floor stability required to advance the Joy Longwall. Ultimately, working conditions
437		became unsafe and a decision to terminate Joy Longwall recovery efforts was made in
438		early October 2016 with the abandonment costs booked in September 2016.
439	Q.	Why were such efforts made to advance the Joy Longwall and resume production
440		activities?
441	A.	First, the Joy Longwall was a valuable asset and the Company felt it was prudent to
442		give its best efforts to return the Joy Longwall to production. The mining conditions
443		encountered in the front part of the longwall panel were encouraging, resulting in
444		favorable productivity rates and coal quality, and the longwall panel had approximately
445		400,000 tons remaining to be mined. Aside from the monetary value, the Joy Longwall
446		provided operational benefits because it has a lower minimum operating height than

- the DBT Longwall. This operating flexibility enabled the Joy Longwall to extract a higher quality product in areas with thinning coal seams relative to the DBT Longwall.

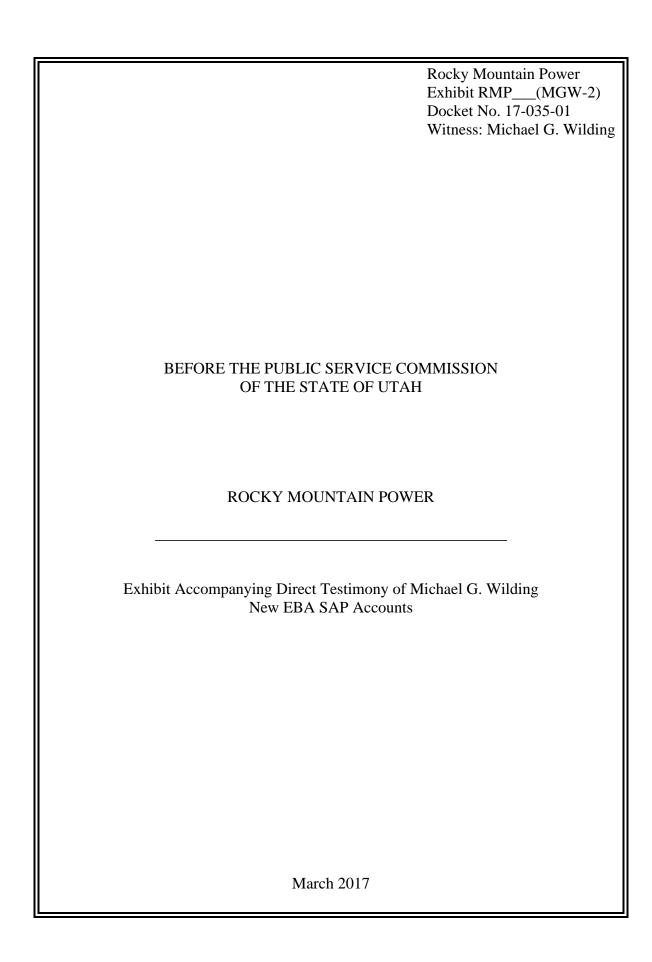
 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 450 A. Yes.



Companies with the companies of the companies with the companies wit	Line No.	Reference	7	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16		Total
	Actual: Utah Allocated																
		(2.1) (4.1) \$\text{7 Lines 1:2}\$						(3,313,836)								49 49 49	637,276,283 (44,119,946) 593,156,337
		(6.2)						1,839,831								•	23,977,388
Complement Com		Line 3 / Line 4		\$ 25.03	\$ 24.49	\$ 25.48	\$ 23.37	\$ 24.07	\$ 25.30	\$ 23.80	\$ 25.57	\$ 28.94	\$ 23.54	\$ 23.10	\$ 24.06		\$ 24.74
Control Cont	Base: Utah Allocated																
		(3.1)	ø					49,229,412									628,000,000
		(4.1) ∑ Lines 6:7		_		_		(3,422,346) \$ 45,807,066 \$				(3,422,346) \$ 46,317,708 \$	(3,422,346) \$ 45,903,142 \$			₩	(41,068,157) 586,931,843
MANDEMENDED 1				2,020,370	1,829,854	1,902,391	1,832,113	1,821,070	1,903,419	2,191,141	2,157,502	1,865,837	1,829,381	1,877,678	2,013,529		23,244,285
		Line 8 / Line 9		\$ 24.51	\$ 25.09	\$ 25.87	\$ 24.47	\$ 25.15	\$ 25.46	\$ 26.07	\$ 26.64	\$ 24.82	\$ 25.09	\$ 24.66	\$ 24.86		\$ 25.25
This line This	Deferral:																
Line 12 Took State State	11 \$/ MWH Differential	Line 5 - Line 10		\$ 0.52	\$ (0.60)	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.10)	\$ (1.08)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (2.27)	\$ (1.07)	\$ 4.11	\$ (1.55)	\$ (1.57)	\$ (0.80)		\$ (0.51)
1		Line 4 * Line 11	s		(1,118,994) \$	(701,941) \$	(1,930,087) \$	(1,986,213) \$	(358,086) \$	(5,539,051) \$	(2,459,220) \$		(2,855,610) \$			ø	(12,683,869)
		Line 12 * 70%	s			(491,359) \$	(1,351,061) \$	(1,390,349)								s,	(3,266,628)
WOWNIGNORE (E) 1 C (246,150)		Line 12						w	\$ (389'88E)	(5,539,051) \$	(2,459,220) \$		(2,855,610) \$			•	(8,017,258)
Warequer (7.1) Ware		Workpaper (6.1)	ø			(97,632) \$	(13,065) \$	(177,624)								ø	(735,336)
Workspace (7.1) Workspace	16 Incremental Non-Fuel FAS 106 Savings		s		(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$	(245,155) \$		ø	(2,941,860)
MANAPA Workspaper 7.1 Workspaper 8.1 Workspaper 8	Adjustment for Sales to Special Contract Custome	e															
Decent 16-005-01 Decent 16-0		Workpaper (7.1) Workpaper (7.1) Line 6 / Line 9 Line 19 - Line 18												<i>,</i> , , , , ,	LD.		58,294
Adjustment Line 21. Line 21. Line 22. Sa 772 S		Line 20 * Line 17												S		49	(229,884)
Adjustment Line 21. Line 22 Deferral Euler 3 (1,100,100) (1,000) (1,100,100)		Docket 16-035-33												S		ø	(29,167)
Color Colo		Line 21 - Line 22 ∑ Lines 13:16 and Line 23	s		(1,301,956) \$	(834,146) \$	(1,609,281) \$	(1,813,128) \$	(603,241) \$	(5,784,206) \$	(2,704,375) \$	7,511,175 \$	(3,100,765) \$	\$ (3,099,222)	2)	φ φ	(200,718)
Monthly Interest Rate (6% Annual) Nyle 1 0.56%	Energy Balancing Account:																
Peginning Balance Perd Mont Lie 29 5 - 5 31599 5 (7130445) 5 (1430445) 5 (1430459) 5 (14409309) 5 (71449309)		Note 1			0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%				
Indeest Line 35 (Line 26 + 50% x Line 37 (13 of 3) 8 27 8 (13 of 3)		Prior Month Line 29 Line 24	s s		331,599 \$ (1,301,956) \$	(971,954) \$ (834,146) \$	(1,813,045) \$ (1,609,281) \$	(3,435,415) \$	(5,270,253) \$ (603,241) \$	(5,901,353) \$ (5,784,206) \$	(11,729,526) \$ (2,704,375) \$		(7,041,853) \$ (3,100,765) \$		_	s s	. (15,161,800)
Deer Creek Mine Amortization Workspace (6.1) \$ Accrued Interest through April 30, 2017 \$ Lines 20:30 · (1 + 1.06% / 12) · 4 \$ Requested EBA Recovery \$ Lines 20:31 \$ Lines 20:31		Line 25 * (Line 26 + 50% x Line 27) $\Sigma \text{ Lines 26:28}$	s s			(6,945) \$ (1,813,045) \$	(13,088) \$	_ _	_				_ _		(15,	φ φ	(407,205)
Accred Interest through April 30, 2017 ∑ Lines 29.30 ° (1 + 1 66% / 12)^4 - \$ Requested EBA Recovery ∑ Lines 29.31 \$ \$		Workpaper (6.1)														•	9,155,405
Requested EBA Recovery \$ Unes 28:31		Σ Lines 29:30 * (1 + 1.06% / 12) ^ 4 - Σ Lines 29:30														49	(129,237)
		Σ Lines 29:31														₩	(6,542,837)

Utah Energy Balancing Account Mechanism January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016 Exhibit 1 - Commission Order Calculation Method (Dynamic Annual Allocation Factor)

Note: 1 Docket No. 09-035-15, March 2, 2011 Report and Order, Page 79 and Docket No. 15-035-69, January 20, 2016 Order, Page 16 and Docket No. 09-035-15, February 16, 2017 Order, Page 15

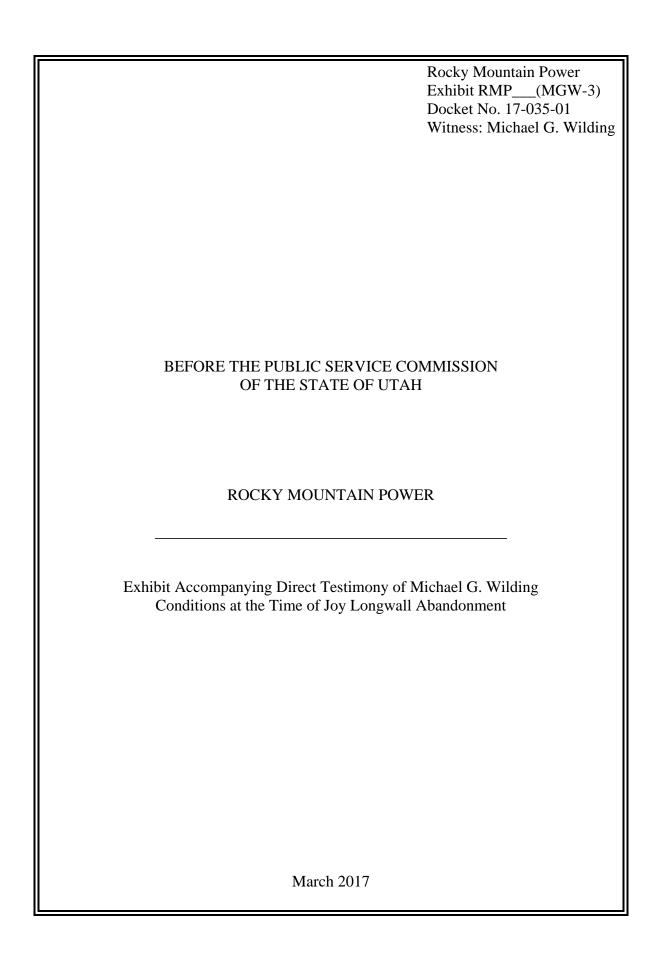


FERC and SAP Accounts Included in EBA
Asteriks denote accounts used in 2016 that should be added to the Schedule 94 tariff sheet

ategory	FERC Account	SAP Account	Description Coal Consumed for Conserving
ERC Account 501 - Fuel	5011000	515100	Coal Consumed for Generation
	5013500	505917	InterCo Natural Gas Consumed- Kern River
	5013500	515200	Natural Gas Consumed for Generation
	5013500	515220	Natural Gas Swaps - Gains/Losses
	5013500	515250	Natural Gas Expense - Accrual
	5013500	515270	Natural Gas Swaps-Gain/Loss-Accrual
ERC Account 447 - Sales for Resale	4471300	301405	Firm Sales
	4471400	301406	Short-term Firm Whls
	4475000	301408	Off-System Non Firm
	4471400	301410	Trading Sales Netted
	4471400	301411	Bookout Sales Netted
	4471400	302751	I/C ST Firm Whls-Sie
	4471400	302752	I/C S-T Firm Wholesale Sales-Nevada Pwr
	4471400	302771	I/C Line Loss Trading Revenue-Sierra Pac
	4471400	302772	I/C Line Loss-Nevada
	4471400	303028	Line Loss W/S Trdg R
	4471400	303109	Transm Line Loss Rev - Subject to Refund
	4476100	304101	Bookouts Netted-Gain
	4476200	304201	Trading Netted-Gains
RC Account 555 - Purchased Power	5556100	304111	Bookouts Netted - Loss
	5556200	304211	Trading Netted-Losses
	5552500	505190	OR Solar Incentive Purchases
	5552500	505206	Other Egy Purch, Int
	5555500	505207	IPP Egy Purch
	5556300	505214	Firm Energy Purchases
	5556700	505215	Post-Merg Imb Charge
	5556400	505218	Firm Demand Purchases
	5556700	505220	Trading Purch Netted
	5556700	505221	Bookout Purchases Ne
	5555900	505224	Short-Term Firm Wholesale Purchases
	5552600	505351	Elec Swaps-Gain/Loss
	5555900	505931	I/C ST Firm Pur-Sier
	5555900	505932	I/C ST Firm Pur-Nev
	5556700	505969	Transm Imbalance - Subject to Refund
	5556700	546520	Oprating Resrves Exp
	5556710	508001	EIM Exp - FMM IIE: CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508003	EIM Exp - FMM Assess: Pac Trans to C&T
	5556710	508011	EIM Exp - RTD IIE: CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508013	EIM Exp - RTD Assess: Pac Trans to C&T
	5556710	508015	EIM Exp - GHG Em Cost Rev: CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508021	EIM Exp - UIE (Load): CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508023	EIM Exp - UIE (Load): Pac Trans to C&T
	5556710	508031	EIM Exp - UIE (Gen): CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508033	EIM Exp - UIE (Gen): Pac Trans to C&T
	5556710	508041	EIM Exp - Daily Rounding Adj: w/CAISO
	5556710	508051	EIM Exp - O/U Sched Charge: w/CAISO
	5556710	508053	EIM Exp - O/U Sched Alloc: w/CAISO
	5556710	508054	EIM Exp-O/U Sched Alloc: PAC to TC
	5556710	508061	EIM Exp-Ancil Svc Upw Neutral: w/CAISO
	5556710	508062	EIM Exp-Spinning Reserve Oblig: w/CAISO
	5556710	508063	EIM Exp-Spin Reserve Neutral: w/CAISO
	5556710	508064	EIM Exp-Non-Spin Reserve Oblig: w/CAISO
	5556710	508065	EIM Exp-Non-Spin Reserve Neut: w/CAISO
	5556710	508066	EIM Exp - Excess Cost Neutral: w/CAISO
	5556710	508071	EIM Exp - RT Bid Cost Recovery: w/CAISO
	5556710	508091	EIM Exp - Flexible Ramp Cost: w/CAISO
	5556710	508095	EIM Exp-Flex RampUp Cap Pay: w/CAISO
	5556710	508096	EIM Exp-Flex RampUp Cap No Pay: w/CAISO
	5556710	508101	EIM Exp-RT Unaccounted Energy: w/CAISO
	5556710	508111	EIM Exp-RT Imb Energy Offset: w/CAISO
	5556710	508121	EIM Exp-RT BCR EIM Alloc: CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508125	EIM Exp-RTM BCR EIM Set: CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508131	EIM Exp-RT Congestion OS: CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508141	EIM Exp-RT Marginal Loss: CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508142	EIM Exp-Neutrality Adjust CAISO to Pac
	5556710	508151	EIM Exp-7070 FRP Forecast Mvmt
	5556710	508152	EIM Exp-7076 FRP Forecast Mvmt Alloc
	5556710	508153	EIM Exp-7071 FRP Daily Up Uncert
	5556710	508154	EIM Exp-7081 FRP Daily Down Uncert
	5556710	508155	EIM Exp-7077 FRP Daily Up Uncert Alloc
	5556710	508156	EIM Exp-7078 FRP Month Up Uncert Alloc
	5556710	508157	EIM Exp-7087 FRP Daily Down Uncert Allo
	5556710	508158	EIM Exp-7088 FRP Month Down Uncert Allo
	5556700	546516	CA GHG Wholesale Obligation
	5556710	508132	EIM Exp-RT Congestion
	5556710	508122	EIM Exp-RT BCR EIM
	### C#4.0	508112	EIM Exp-RT Imb Energy Offset
	5556710	300112	
	5556710 5556710	508092	EIM Exp - Flexible Ramp Cost

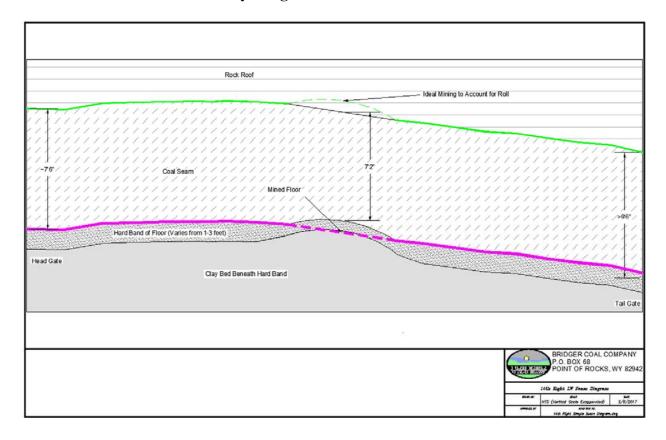
FERC and SAP Accounts Included in EBA
Asteriks denote accounts used in 2016 that should be added to the Schedule 94 tariff sheet

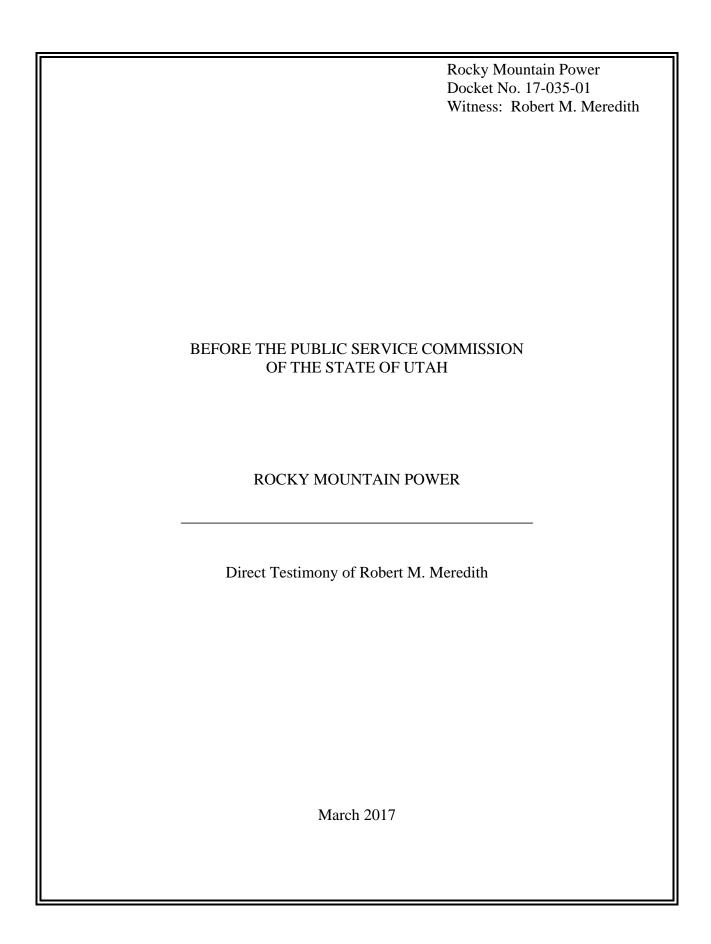
Category FERC Account 565 - Wheling Expense	5651000 5652500	506010 506020	Description Short-Term Firm Whee
	5652500	506020	
		300020	Non-Firm Wheeling Ex
	5654600	506050	Firm Wheeling Exp
	5650010	506801	EIM Wheeling Exp-GMC
	5650010	506802	EIM Wheeling Exp-GMC
	5651000	506911	I/C S-T Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr
	5651000	506912	I/C S-T Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr
	5652500	506921	I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Exp-Sierra Pac
	5652500	506922	I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr
	5650000	546530	ISO/PX Charges
FERC Account 503 - Steam From Other Sources	5030000	515900	Steam from Other Sources - Geothermal
FERC Account 547 - Other Generation	5471000	505917	InterCo Natural Gas Consumed
	5471000	515200	Natural Gas Consumed for Generation
	5471000	515201	Natural Gas Exp - Under Capital Lease
	5471000	515220	Natural Gas Swaps - Gains/Losses
	5471000	505918	InterCo Natural Gas Accrual-Kern River
	5471000	515250	Natural Gas Expense - Accrual
	5471000	515251	Natural Gas Expense - Accrual Natural Gas Exp-Capital Lease-Accrual
	5471000	515270	Natural Gas Swaps-Gain/Loss-Accrual
EEDC Account 456 1 Devenues from Transmission of Electricity by Others			-
FERC Account 456.1 - Revenues from Transmission of Electricity by Others	4561100	301953	Ancillary Rev Sch 6-Supp (C&T)
	4561100	301962	Ancil Revenue Sch 2-Reactive (Trans)
	4561100	301963	Ancil Revenue Sch 2-Reactive (C&T)
	4561100	301964	Ancil Revenue Sch 3a-Regulation (Trans)
	4561100	301966	Primary Delivery and Distribution Sub Ch
	4561100	301967	Ancillary Revenue Sch 1 - Scheduling
	4561100	301968	Ancillary Rev Sch 3 - Reg&Freq (Transm)
	4561100	301969	Anc Rev Sch 3 - C&T Reg&Freq
	4561100	301972	Ancillary Rev Sch 5&6-Spin&Supp (Transm)
	4561100	301973	Anc Rev Sch 5&6-C&T Spn & Supp
	4561100	301974	Ancil Revenue Sch 3a-Regulation (C&T)
	4561100	302831	I/C Other Wheeling Revenue-Sierra Pac
	4561100	302081	I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Sierra Pac
	4561100	302082	I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Nevada Pwr
	4561100	302091	I/C Anc Rev Sch 2-Reactive-Sierra Pac
	4561100	302092	I/C Anc Rev Sch 2-Reactive-Nevada Pwr
	4561100	302901	Use of Facility - Revenue
	4561100	302981	Transmission Resales to Other Parties
	4561100	302982	Transmission Rev-Unreserved Use Charges
	4561100	302983	Prv Rate Ref-Interdepartmental
	4561910	302812	I/C ST Firm Wheeling Revenue-Nevada Pwr
	4561910	301926	Short-Term Firm Wheeling
	4561920	301912	Post-Merger Firm Wheeling Revenue
	4561920	301916	Pre-Merger Firm Wheeling Revenue - PPD
	4561920	301917	Pre-Merger Firm Wheeling Revenue - UPD
	4561920	302961	Transm Cap Re-assign
	4561920	302962	Transm Capacity Re-assignment Contra Rev
	4561920	302980	Transmisson Point-to-Point Revenue
	4561990	301913	Transmission Tariff True-up
	4561930	302821	I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Revenue-Sierra Pac
	4561930	302822	I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Revenue-Nevada Pwr
	4561990	302990	L-T Transm Revenue - Subject to Refund
	4561990	305910	Ancil Revenue Sch 1 - Subject to Refund
	4561990	305920	Ancil Revenue Sch 2 - Subject to Refund
	4561990	305930	Ancil Revenue Sch 3 - Subject to Refund
	4561990	305931	Ancil Revenue Sch 3a - Subject to Refund
	4561930	301922	Non-Firm Wheeling Revenue
	4561100	505961	Transm Imbalance Penalty Revenue-Load



Rocky Mountain Power Exhibit RMP___(MGW-3) Page 1 of 1 Docket No. 17-035-01 Witness: Michael G. Wilding

Utah Energy Balancing Account Mechanism
January 1, 2016 – December 31, 2016
Exhibit RMP___(MGW-3)
Conditions at the Time of the Joy Longwall Abandonment





- 1 Q. Please state your name, business address and present position with PacifiCorp,
- dba Rocky Mountain Power ("the Company").
- 3 A. My name is Robert M. Meredith. My business address is 825 NE Multnomah Street,
- 4 Suite 2000, Portland, Oregon 97232. My present position is Manager, Pricing and Cost
- 5 of Service.

Qualifications

6

- 7 Q. Briefly describe your educational and professional background.
- 8 A. I graduated magna cum laude from Oregon State University in 2004 with a Bachelor
- 9 of Science degree in Business Administration and a minor in Economics. In addition to
- my formal education, I have attended various industry-related seminars. I have worked
- for the Company for twelve years in various roles of increasing responsibility in the
- 12 Customer Service, Regulation, and Integrated Resource Planning departments. I have
- over six years of experience preparing cost of service and pricing related analyses for
- all of the six states that PacifiCorp serves. I assumed my present position in March
- 15 2016.
- 16 Q. Have you testified in previous regulatory proceedings?
- 17 A. Yes. I have previously filed testimony on behalf of the Company in regulatory
- proceedings in Utah, Washington and California.
- 19 **Purpose and Summary of Testimony**
- 20 **Q.** What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 21 A. The purpose of my testimony is to present and support the Company's proposed rate
- spread and rates in Schedule 94 to recover the requested Energy Balancing Account
- 23 ("EBA") deferral amount identified by Company witness Mr. Michael G. Wilding for

- 24 the 12-months ended December 31, 2016 ("2017 EBA"). 25 Please summarize the rate impacts for the proposed change to Schedule 94 for this Ο. filing. 26 27 Α. The change in Schedule 94 is a decrease of \$6.5 million, or 0.3 percent. This change is 28 incremental to the current collection level for the 2016 EBA. Exhibit RMP (RMM-29 1), page 1, shows the net impact by rate schedule. 30 **Proposed EBA Rate Spread** What is the 2017 EBA deferral amount in this case? 31 Ο. 32 A. The total 2017 EBA deferral is a \$6.5 million credit, as shown in Table 1 of Mr. 33 Wilding's testimony. The Company proposes to credit this amount back to customers 34 over one year with interim rates effective May 1, 2017, consistent with the 35 Commission's order in Docket No. 09-035-15 issued on February 16, 2017 ("EBA Order"). In accordance with the EBA Order, any difference between 2017 EBA credits 36 37 and the final amount approved by the Commission would be included in new rates, 38 effective May 1, 2018. The Company also proposes continuing the collection of the 39 existing 2016 EBA that went into effect November 1, 2016, until the deferral balance 40 is fully collected. The Company currently estimates the 2016 EBA deferral will be fully 41 recovered around early September 2017. 42 How does the Company propose to begin crediting customers for interim rates for Q. 43 the 2017 EBA, while simultaneously collecting the remaining deferral for the 2016 EBA? 44
- A. For administrative ease, the Company proposes keeping the existing percentage adjustments by rate schedule for the 2016 EBA currently in effect on Schedule 94, but

47		adding another column for the interim adjustments for the 2017 EBA, along with a
48		column that totals both adjustments for each rate schedule. As the balancing account
49		for the 2016 EBA draws closer to a zero balance, the Company proposes to submit an
50		advice filing to cancel the rates adjustments for the 2016 EBA on the date the Company
51		forecasts full collection of the authorized deferral amount. Any amount remaining in
52		the balancing account for the 2016 EBA would be rolled into the new rates to be
53		effective May 1, 2018.
54	Q.	How does the Company propose to allocate the 2017 EBA deferral balance across
55		customer classes?
56	A.	The Company proposes to spread the 2017 EBA deferral across customer rate schedules
57		consistent with the NPC Allocators agreed to by the parties and approved by the
58		Commission in the 2014 general rate case, Docket No. 13-035-184 ("2014 GRC"). The
59		allocators and allocations by rate schedule are shown on page 2 in Exhibit
60		RMP(RMM-1).
61	Q.	How does the Company propose to allocate the 2017 EBA revenue to those
62		customer classes that were not reflected in the NPC Allocators?
63	A.	There are two customer classes-Schedule 21 and Schedule 31-that are subject to the
64		EBA but were not included in the Company's cost of service studies in the 2014 GRC
65		and therefore not reflected in the NPC Allocators. For the customer classes, the
66		Company proposes to apply the same percentage change to these customer classes as
67		Schedule 9 consistent with the rate spreads approved in prior EBAs.

Page 3 - Direct Testimony of Robert M. Meredith

68	Q.	How does the Company propose to allocate the 2017 EBA revenue to Contract
69		Customer 1?
70	A.	Consistent with the terms of the contract approved by the Public Service Commission
71		of Utah in Docket No. 15-035-81, the 2017 EBA revenue allocation for Contract
72		Customer 1 is based on the overall 2017 EBA percentage to tariff customers in Utah.
73	Q.	How does the Company propose to collect the 2017 EBA deferral after these
74		adjustments to the NPC Allocators?
75	A.	The results of the 2017 EBA deferral spread based on the NPC Allocator are then
76		proportionally adjusted for all customer classes to credit a total target amount of \$6.5
77		million.
78	Q.	What present revenues and billing determinants is the Company proposing to use
79		to allocate the 2017 EBA?
80	A.	The Company has developed the rate spread using the Commission approved Step 2
81		present revenues and the billing determinants set forth in the 2014 GRC Stipulation.
82	Q.	Special Condition 15 of Schedule 73, Subscriber Solar Program Rider - Optional,
83		indicates that the EBA adjustment will no longer apply to participating contract
84		Subscriber Solar Energy Block kWh one year after the Subscriber Solar Program
85		solar resource begins commercial operation. Were the billing determinants for the
86		2017 EBA adjusted to reflect this situation?
87	A.	No. The relatively small quantity of energy that would not be subject to the EBA due
88		to the subscriber solar program did not warrant a modification of the billing
89		determinants at this time. As of February 21, 2017, 47,323 megawatt hours (MWh)
90		were subscribed in the program. Since the commercial operation date for the Subscriber

Page 4 - Direct Testimony of Robert M. Meredith

Solar Program solar resource was December 30, 2016, subscribed energy would not be subject to the EBA for roughly 4 out of the 12 months or about 33 percent of the period under which rates would be collected. Thirty-three percent of 47,323 MWh, or about 15,617 MWh represents about one half of one percent of total Utah energy sales during the test period.

Proposed Rates for Schedule 94

96

- 97 Q. How were the proposed Schedule 94 rates developed for each customer class?
- A. Consistent with the EBA Rate Determination provision in Schedule 94, the proposed rates for each customer class were determined by dividing the allocated EBA deferral amount to each rate schedule and applicable contract by the corresponding 2014 GRC Step 2 forecast Power Charge and Energy Charge revenues. The EBA rate is a percentage applied to the monthly Power Charges and Energy Charges.
- 103 Q. Please describe Exhibit RMP__(RMM-2).
- 104 A. Exhibit RMP___(RMM-2) contains the billing determinants and the calculations of the 105 proposed EBA rates in this case.
- 106 Q. Please describe Exhibit RMP (RMM-3).
- As mentioned earlier in my testimony, the proposed tariff rate revisions for Schedule 94.

 As mentioned earlier in my testimony, the proposed tariff includes a column for the currently effective adjustments for the collection of the 2016 EBA, a column for adjustments for the proposed interim collection of the 2017 EBA, and a column totaling both for the net adjustment that the Company proposes applying to customer bills beginning May 1, 2017. It also contains a revision to Schedule 94 to reflect changes to the EBA Procedural Schedule shown on page three of the tariff to be consistent with

Page 5 - Direct Testimony of Robert M. Meredith

114		timing prescribed in the EBA Order, and a revision to reflect new SAP accounts used
115		by the Company to track components of net power costs, as discussed by Mr. Wilding.
116	Q.	Did you include workpapers with this filing?
117	A.	Yes. Workpapers have been included with this filing that detail the calculations shown
118		in my exhibits.
119	Q.	Does this conclude your direct testimony?
120	A.	Yes, it does.

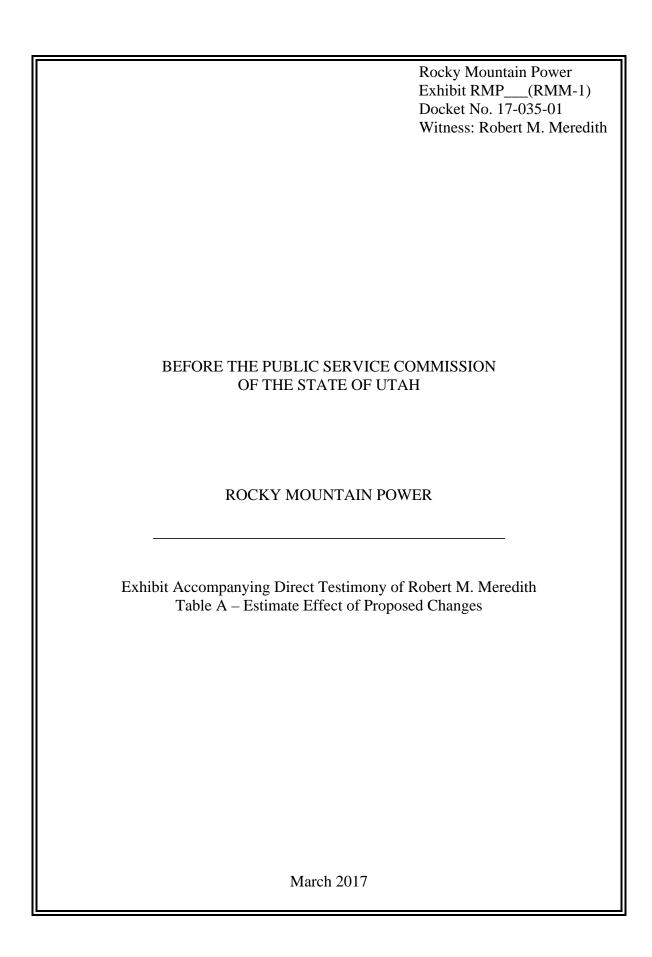


Table A
Rocky Mountain Power
Estimated Effect of Proposed Changes
on Revenues from Electric Sales to Ultimate Consumers in Utah
Base Period 12 Months Ending June 2013
Forecast Test Period 12 Months Ending June 2015

			No. of									Change		
Line		Sch	Customers	MWh	Prese	Present Revenue (\$000)	(000\$	Propo	Proposed Revenue (\$000)	\$000)	Base	a	Net	
Š.	Description	No.	Forecast	Forecast	Base	EBA	Net	Base	EBA	Net	(\$000)	(%)	(\$000)	(%)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
-	Residential	-	140 160	999 0000 9	502 1023	64 036	6600	503 505	21 241 63	059 9090	Ş	ŏ	(61 902)	707
, (Residential-Ontional TOD	;, c	447	3.186	\$351	650,45	\$354	\$351	\$2,147.14	\$353	9 9	%0.0	(\$1,025)	98.0
1 m	AGA/Revenue Credit	, 1	Ì		\$33	1	\$33	\$33	÷	\$33	80	0.0%		0.0%
4	Total Residential		740,636	6,203,852	\$684,889	\$4,040	\$688,929	\$684,889	\$2,146	\$687,036	80	%0.0	(\$1,894)	-0.3%
ų	Commercial & Industrial & OSPA		020 61	200 000	9404	000	6400.051	9	01 000 10	10000	S	ò	(00)	è
o ,	General Service-Distribution	; ه	13,072	5,783,806	\$494,681	\$3,569	5498,231	\$494,681	\$1,889.49	5496,571	Q	0.0%	(\$1,680)	0.5%
9 1	General Service-Distribution-Energy TOD	6A	2,276	3 907	\$34,227	\$248	\$34,475	\$34,227	\$132.24	\$34,360	99	%0.0	(\$115)	-0.3%
~ ∞	Subtotal Schedule 6	3	15,385	6,079,745	\$529,255	\$3,819	\$533,074	\$529,255	\$2,023	\$531,278	80	0.0%	(\$1,796)	-0.3%
6	General Service-Distribution > 1,000 kW	∞	274	2,187,047	\$167,313	\$1,340	\$168,653	\$167,313	\$713.66	\$168,027	80	0.0%	(\$626)	-0.4%
10	General Service-High Voltage	6	149	5,027,436	\$284,876	\$2,960	\$287,837	\$284,876	\$1,585.88	\$286,462	80	0.0%	(\$1,374)	-0.5%
Ξ	General Service-High Voltage-Energy TOD	9A	6	42,591	\$3,293	\$34	\$3,327	\$3,293	\$18.10	\$3,311	80	0.0%	(\$16)	-0.5%
12	Subtotal Schedule 9		158	5,070,026	\$288,169	\$2,994	\$291,163	\$288,169	\$1,604	\$289,773	80	0.0%	(\$1,390)	-0.5%
13	Irrigation	10	2,784	173,133	\$13,210	\$106	\$13,315	\$13,210	\$55.32	\$13,265	80	0.0%	(\$50)	-0.4%
4 ;	Irrigation-Time of Day	10T0D	261	16,757	\$1,286	\$10	\$1,296	\$1,286	\$5.39	\$1,291	80	0.0%	(\$5)	-0.4%
15	Subtotal Irrigation		3,045	189,890	\$14,496	\$116	\$14,611	\$14,496	\$61	\$14,556	9	%0.0	(\$55)	-0.4%
16	Electric Furnace	21	S	4,049	\$476	\$5	\$481	\$476	\$2.59	\$479	80	0.0%	(\$2)	-0.5%
17		23	85,668	1,390,888	\$139,103	\$891	\$139,994	\$139,103	\$465.07	\$139,568	80	0.0%	(\$426)	-0.3%
<u>×</u> :		31	4 •	26,282	54,5/6	\$30	\$4,611	\$4,576	\$19.01	\$4,595	9 9	0.0%	(/1¢)	-0.4% 9.50
6 6	Contract 1			795,721	\$21,959	\$204	\$28,163	\$21,959	\$110.04	\$28,069	9	%0.0	(\$94)	0.5%
2 5			-	621.809	\$30,035	8306	\$30,47	\$30,035	\$306.19	\$30,280	9	%0.0	(6016)	%00
22	AGA/Revenue Credit	1			\$2,928		\$2,928	\$2,928		\$2,928	80	0.0%	\$0	0.0%
23	Total Commercial & Industrial & OSPA		101,542	16,931,257	\$1,239,372	\$10,122	\$1,249,494	\$1,239,372	\$5,522	\$1,244,893	80	0.0%	(\$4,600)	-0.4%
	Public Street Lighting													
24	Security Area Lighting	7	8,046	12,441	\$2,999	\$12	\$3,011	\$2,999	\$6.30	\$3,005	20	%0.0	(88)	-0.2%
25	Street Lighting - Company Owned	Ξ	808	16,496	\$4,979	\$20	\$4,999	\$4,979	\$10.46	\$4,990	80	%0.0	(68)	-0.2%
26	Street Lighting - Customer Owned	12	839	56,517	\$4,145	\$17	\$4,161	\$4,145	\$8.70	\$4,154	80	%0.0	(\$8)	-0.2%
27	Metered Outdoor Lighting	15	2,466	6,178	\$1,235	\$10	\$1,245	\$1,235	\$5.25	\$1,240	20	%0.0	(\$2)	-0.4%
58	Traffic Signal Systems	15	515	17,536	\$682	\$4	\$686	\$682	\$2.03	\$684	80	%0.0	(\$2)	-0.3%
29	Subtotal Public Street Lighting		12,675	109,168	\$14,040	862	\$14,102	\$14,040	\$33	\$14,073	80	%0.0	(\$30)	-0.2%
30	Security Area Lighting-Contracts (PTL)	1	5	∞	\$1	80	\$1	\$1	80	\$1	80	%0.0	80	%0.0
31	AGA/Revenue Credit	1	İ		\$5		\$5	\$5		\$5	İ	%0.0	80	%0.0
32	Total Public Street Lighting	,	12,680	109,176	\$14,045	\$62	\$14,108	\$14,045	\$33	\$14,078	\$0	0.0%	(\$30)	-0.2%
33	Total Sales to Ultimate Customers	"	854,859	23,244,285	\$1,938,306	\$14,224	\$1,952,531	\$1,938,306	\$7,701	\$1,946,007	\$0	0.0%	(\$6,523)	-0.3%

Rate Spread Rocky Mountain Power

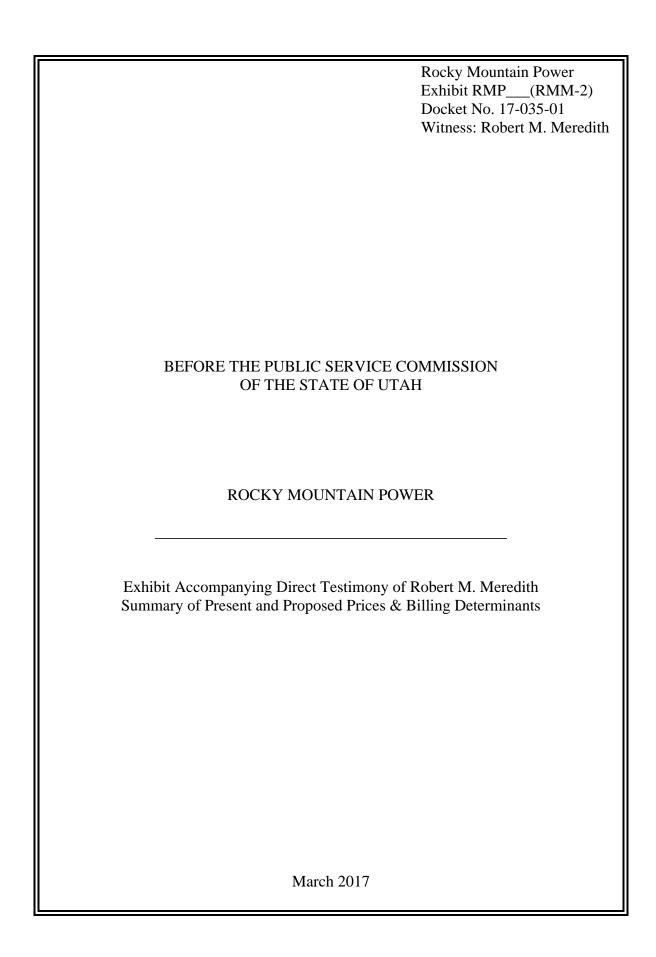
Estimated Effect of Proposed Changes

on Revenues from Electric Sales to Ultimate Consumers in Utah

Base Period 12 Months Ending June 2013

Forecast Test Period 12 Months Ending June 2015

			Present	GRC NPC Allocator	EBA Defe	rral
Line		Sch	Revenues	20141	2017 ²	
No.	Description	No.	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	%
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Residential					
1	Residential	1,3	\$684,505		(\$1,900)	-0.3%
2	Residential-Optional TOD	2	\$351		(\$1)	-0.3%
3	AGA/Revenue Credit	<u>-</u>	\$33			
4	Total Residential		\$684,889	\$170,321	(\$1,900)	-0.3%
	Commercial & Industrial & OSPA					
5	General Service-Distribution	6	\$494,681		(\$1,679)	-0.3%
6	General Service-Distribution-Energy TOD	6A	\$34,227		(\$116)	-0.3%
7	General Service-Distribution-Demand TOD	6B	\$346		(\$1)	-0.3%
8	Subtotal Schedule 6	_	\$529,255	\$161,024	(\$1,797)	-0.3%
9	General Service-Distribution > 1,000 kW	8	\$167,313	\$56,651	(\$632)	-0.4%
10	General Service-High Voltage	9	\$284,876		(\$1,381)	-0.5%
11	General Service-High Voltage-Energy TOD	9 A	\$3,293		(\$16)	-0.5%
12	Subtotal Schedule 9	<u> </u>	\$288,169	\$125,184	(\$1,397)	-0.5%
13	Irrigation	10	\$13,210		(\$50)	-0.4%
14	Irrigation-Time of Day	10TOD	\$1,286		(\$5)	-0.4%
15	Subtotal Irrigation	-	\$14,496	\$4,897	(\$55)	-0.4%
16	Electric Furnace	21	\$476		(\$2)	-0.5%
17	General Service-Distribution-Small	23	\$139,103	\$37,646	(\$420)	-0.3%
18	Back-up, Maintenance, & Supplementary	31	\$4,576	Ψ27,010	(\$22)	-0.5%
19	Contract 1		\$27,959	\$13,217	(\$94)	-0.3%
20	Contract 2		\$35,063	\$17,354	(\$194)	-0.6%
21	Contract 3		\$30,035		\$0	0.0%
22	AGA/Revenue Credit		\$2,928			
23	Total Commercial & Industrial & OSPA		\$1,239,372	\$415,974	(\$4,613)	-0.4%
	Public Street Lighting					
24	Security Area Lighting	7	\$2,999	\$508	(\$6)	-0.2%
25	Street Lighting - Company Owned	11	\$4,979	\$844	(\$9)	-0.2%
26	Street Lighting - Customer Owned	12	\$4,145	\$702	(\$8)	-0.2%
27	Metered Outdoor Lighting	15	\$1,235	\$425	(\$5)	-0.4%
28	Traffic Signal Systems	15	\$682	\$159	(\$2)	-0.3%
29	Subtotal Public Street Lighting		\$14,040	\$2,638	(\$29)	-0.2%
30	Security Area Lighting-Contracts (PTL)		\$1	\$0		
31	AGA/Revenue Credit	<u>-</u>	\$5	\$0		
32	Total Public Street Lighting	_	\$14,045	\$2,638	(\$29)	-0.2%
33	Total Sales to Ultimate Customers	_	\$1,938,306	\$588,932	(\$6,543)	-0.3%
Note:						
	¹ Net Power Cost allocator from 2014 GRC, Docket N	o. 13-035-184.		2017 EBA Deferral	(\$6,543)	
	² Including 2017 EBA deferral only.			Balance of 2016 EBA	\$0	
				Target EBA Rev	(\$6,543)	
				Avg %	-0.3%	
				Adj	99.62%	0.0



Rate Design

Rocky Mountain Power - State of Utah

Blocking Based on Adjusted Actuals and Forecasted Loads

Base Period 12 Months Ending June 2013

Forecast Test Period 12 Months Ending June 2015

		Step 2	- 9/1/2015	Pres	ent EBA	Prop	osed EBA
	Forecasted	Present	Revenue		Revenue		Revenue
	Units	Price	Dollars	Price	Dollars	Price	Dollars
Schedule No. 1- Residential Service							
Total Customer	8,511,800						
Customer Charge - 1 Phase	8,398,777	\$6.00	\$50,392,662				
Customer Charge - 3 Phase	14,094	\$12.00	\$169,128				
Net Metering Facilities Charge	23,932						
First 400 kWh (May-Sept)	1,274,636,742	8.8498 ¢	\$112,802,802	0.64%	\$721,938	-0.30%	(\$338,408)
Next 600 kWh (May-Sept)	1,040,456,011	11.5429 ¢	\$120,098,797	0.64%	\$768,632	-0.30%	(\$360,296)
All add'l kWh (May-Sept)	358,873,906	14.4508 ¢	\$51,860,150	0.64%	\$331,905	-0.30%	(\$155,580)
All kWh (Oct-Apr)							
First 400 kWh (Oct-Apr)	1,613,094,234	8.8498 ¢	\$142,755,614	0.64%	\$913,636	-0.30%	(\$428,267)
All add'l kWh (Oct-Apr)	1,704,644,903	10.7072 ¢	\$182,519,739	0.64%	\$1,168,126	-0.30%	(\$547,559)
Minimum 1 Phase	98,763	\$8.00	\$790,104				
Minimum 3 Phase	166	\$16.00	\$2,656				
Minimum Seasonal	0	\$96.00	\$0				
kWh in Minimum	501,472						
kWh in Minimum - Summer	223,485						
kWh in Minimum - Winter	277,987						
Unbilled	0		\$0				
Total	5,992,207,269		\$661,391,652		\$3,904,237		(\$1,830,111)
-							
Schedule No. 3- Residential Service - Low Inc	ome Lifeline Prograi	n					
Total Customer	370,465						
Customer Charge - 1 Phase	369,457	\$6.00	\$2,216,742				
Customer Charge - 3 Phase	257	\$12.00	\$3,084				
Net Metering Facilities Charge	0						
First 400 kWh (May-Sept)	47,435,117	8.8498 ¢	\$4,197,913	0.64%	\$26,867	-0.30%	(\$12,594)
Next 600 kWh (May-Sept)	31,907,309	11.5429 ¢	\$3,683,029	0.64%	\$23,571	-0.30%	(\$11,049)
All add'l kWh (May-Sept)	10,205,740	14.4508 ¢	\$1,474,811	0.64%	\$9,439	-0.30%	(\$4,424)
All kWh (Oct-Apr)							
First 400 kWh (Oct-Apr)	64,598,419	8.8498 ¢	\$5,716,831	0.64%	\$36,588	-0.30%	(\$17,150)
All add'l kWh (Oct-Apr)	54,308,077	10.7072 ¢	\$5,814,874	0.64%	\$37,215	-0.30%	(\$17,445)
Minimum 1 Phase	751	\$8.00	\$6,008				
Minimum 3 Phase	0	\$16.00	\$0				
Minimum Seasonal	0	\$96.00	\$0				
kWh in Minimum	4,249						
kWh in Minimum - Summer	2,043						
kWh in Minimum - Winter	2,206						
Unbilled	0		\$0				
Total	208,458,911		\$23,113,292		\$133,680		(\$62,662)
Schedule No. 2 - Residential Service - Optiona							
Total Customer	5,364						
Customer Charge - 1 Phase	5,243	\$6.00	\$31,458				
Customer Charge - 3 Phase	0	\$12.00	\$0				
Net Metering Facilities Charge	1,185						
On-Peak kWh (May - Sept)	280,149	4.3560 ¢	\$12,203				
Off-Peak kWh (May - Sept)	954,590	(1.6334) ¢	(\$15,592)				
First 400 kWh (May-Sept)	675,062	8.8498 ¢	\$59,742	0.64%	\$382	-0.30%	(\$179)
Next 600 kWh (May-Sept)	474,415	11.5429 ¢	\$54,761	0.64%	\$350	-0.30%	(\$164)
All add'l kWh (May-Sept)	185,128	14.4508 ¢	\$26,752	0.64%	\$171	-0.30%	(\$80)
All kWh (Oct-Apr)							
First 400 kWh (Oct-Apr)	912,816	8.8498 ¢	\$80,782	0.64%	\$517	-0.30%	(\$242)
All add'l kWh (Oct-Apr)	937,823	10.7072 ¢	\$100,415	0.64%	\$643	-0.30%	(\$301)
Minimum 1 Phase	121	\$8.00	\$968				
Minimum 3 Phase	0	\$16.00	\$0				
Minimum Seasonal	0	\$96.00	\$0				
kWh in Minimum	428						
kWh in Minimum - Summer	118						

kWh in Minimum - Winter		310		40				
Unbilled Total		3,185,671	-	\$0 \$351.489		\$2,064		(\$967)
Total		3,163,071		\$331,469		\$2,004		(\$907)
Schedule No. 6 - Composite								
Customer Charge		156,864	\$54.00	\$8,470,675				
All kW (May - Sept)		7,568,683	40	+-,,				
All kW (Oct - Apr)		9,009,450						
Voltage Discount		679,134	(\$0.96)	(\$651,969)				
Facilities kW		16,578,133	\$4.04	\$66,975,657				
All kW (May - Sept)		7,568,683	\$14.62	\$110,654,145	0.85%	\$940,560	-0.40%	(\$442,617)
All kW (Oct - Apr)		9,009,450	\$10.91	\$98,293,100	0.85%	\$835,491	-0.40%	(\$393,172)
All kWh		5,783,806,261						
kWh (May - Sept)		2,573,577,152	3.8127 ¢	\$98,122,776	0.85%	\$834,044	-0.40%	(\$392,491)
kWh (Oct - Apr)		3,210,229,109	3.5143 ¢	\$112,817,082	0.85%	\$958,945	-0.40%	(\$451,268)
Seasonal Service		0	\$648.00	\$0				
Unbilled		0	_	\$0				
Total		5,783,806,261		\$494,681,466		\$3,569,040		(\$1,679,548)
			· ·					
Schedule No. 6B - Demand Tin	ne-of-Day Option	-						
Customer Charge		438	\$54.00	\$23,652				
All On-peak kW (May - Sept)		6,224						
All On-peak kW (Oct - Apr)		4,264						
Voltage Discount		0	(\$0.96)	\$0				
Facilities kW		10,488	\$4.04	\$42,372				
All On-peak kW (May - Sept)		6,224	\$14.62	\$90,995	0.85%	\$773	-0.40%	(\$364)
All On-peak kW (Oct - Apr)		4,264	\$10.91	\$46,520	0.85%	\$395	-0.40%	(\$186)
All kWh		3,907,497						
kWh (May-Sept)		1,628,124	3.8127 ¢	\$62,075	0.85%	\$528	-0.40%	(\$248)
kWh (Oct-Apr)		2,279,373	3.5143 ¢	\$80,104	0.85%	\$681	-0.40%	(\$320)
Seasonal Service		0	\$648.00	\$0				
Unbilled		0	-	\$0				
Total		3,907,497		\$345,718		\$2,377		(\$1,119)
Schedule No. 6A - Energy Time	e-of-Day Option -							
Customer Charge		27,307	\$54.00	\$1,474,578				
Facilities kW (May - Sept)		918,610	\$6.52	\$5,989,337				
Facilities kW (Oct - Apr)		1,059,783	\$5.47	\$5,797,013				
Voltage Discount		39,296	(\$0.61)	(\$23,971)		***		(0.40.00.00
On-Peak kWh (May - Sept)		62,251,233	11.9266 ¢	\$7,424,456	1.18%	\$87,609	-0.55%	(\$40,835)
Off-Peak kWh (May - Sept)		59,556,790	3.5908 ¢	\$2,138,565	1.18%	\$25,235	-0.55%	(\$11,762)
On-Peak kWh (Oct - Apr)		90,625,426	9.9693 ¢	\$9,034,721	1.18%	\$106,610	-0.55%	(\$49,691)
Off-Peak kWh (Oct - Apr)		79,597,650	3.0060 ¢	\$2,392,705	1.18%	\$28,234	-0.55%	(\$13,160)
Unbilled		0	-	\$0		\$247.697		(0115 447)
Total		292,031,100	 : :	\$34,227,404		\$247,687		(\$115,447)
Schedule No. 7 - Security Area	Lighting - Comp	ncita						
MERCURY VAPOR LAMPS	Lighting - Comp	osic						
4,000 Lumen Energy Only	29	24	\$5.68	\$136	0.40%	\$1	-0.19%	(\$0)
7,000 Lumen	1	45,001	\$16.38	\$737,116	0.40%	\$2,948	-0.19%	(\$1,401)
7,000 Lumen Energy Only	28	0	\$8.05	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
20,000 Lumen	2	10,830	\$26.78	\$290,027	0.40%	\$1,160	-0.19%	(\$551)
SODIUM VAPOR LAMPS	-	10,030	Ψ20.70	Ψ2>0,027	0.1070	Ψ1,100	0.1770	(ψ331)
5.600 Lumen New Pole	3	3,563	\$14.60	\$52,020	0.40%	\$208	-0.19%	(\$99)
5,600 Lumen No New Pole	4	1,746	\$12.23	\$21,354	0.40%	\$85	-0.19%	(\$41)
9,500 Lumen New Pole	5	23,403	\$15.47	\$362,044	0.40%	\$1,448	-0.19%	(\$688)
9,500 Lumen No New Pole	6	23,123	\$13.31	\$307,767	0.40%	\$1,231	-0.19%	(\$585)
16,000 Lumen New Pole	7	2,646	\$19.46	\$51,491	0.40%	\$206	-0.19%	(\$98)
16,000 Lumen No New Pole	8	2,564	\$17.13	\$43,921	0.40%	\$176	-0.19%	(\$83)
22,000 Lumen	9	114	\$21.07	\$2,402	0.40%	\$10	-0.19%	(\$5)
27,500 Lumen New Pole	10	3,134	\$23.51	\$73,680	0.40%	\$295	-0.19%	(\$140)
27,500 Lumen No New Pole	11	4,178	\$21.23	\$88,699	0.40%	\$355	-0.19%	(\$169)
50,000 Lumen New Pole	12	1,248	\$28.30	\$35,318	0.40%	\$141	-0.19%	(\$67)
50,000 Lumen No New Pole	13	2,456	\$25.99	\$63,831	0.40%	\$255	-0.19%	(\$121)
SODIUM VAPOR FLOOD LAN		_,	.=/	,	/0	7200		(4.2.)
16,000 Lumen New Pole	14	4,670	\$19.46	\$90,878	0.40%	\$364	-0.19%	(\$173)
16,000 Lumen No New Pole	15	4,976	\$17.13	\$85,239	0.40%	\$341	-0.19%	(\$162)
27,500 Lumen New Pole	16	1,102	\$23.51	\$25,908	0.40%	\$104	-0.19%	(\$49)
27,500 Lumen No New Pole	17	1,570	\$21.23	\$33,331	0.40%	\$133	-0.19%	(\$63)
50,000 Lumen New Pole	18	9,734	\$28.30	\$275,472	0.40%	\$1,102	-0.19%	(\$523)
	•	7: -	-	. , ,		. , .		/

50,000 Lumen No New Pole	19	11,772	\$25.99	\$305,954	0.40%	\$1,224	-0.19%	(\$581)
METAL HALIDE LAMPS								
12,000 Lumen New Pole	20	0	\$29.40	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
12,000 Lumen No New Pole	21	265	\$21.79	\$5,774	0.40%	\$23	-0.19%	(\$11)
19,500 Lumen New Pole	22	110	\$34.34	\$3,777	0.40%	\$15	-0.19%	(\$7)
19,500 Lumen No New Pole	23	97	\$27.43	\$2,661	0.40%	\$11	-0.19%	(\$5)
32,000 Lumen New Pole	24	469	\$36.69	\$17,208	0.40%	\$69	-0.19%	(\$33)
32,000 Lumen No New Pole	25 26	630	\$29.72 \$57.58	\$18,724	0.40%	\$75	-0.19%	(\$36)
107,000 Lumen New Pole 107,000 Lumen No New Pole	26 27	24 60	\$37.38 \$49.10	\$1,382 \$2,946	0.40% 0.40%	\$6 \$12	-0.19% -0.19%	(\$3) (\$6)
Subtotal	21	159,509	\$49.10	\$2,999,060	0.4070	\$11,996	-0.1970	(\$5,698)
kWh Included		12,440,931		Ψ2,777,000		ψ11,220		(ψ3,070)
Unbilled		0		\$0				
Customers	_	8,046	 .					
Total (kWh)		12,440,931		\$2,999,060		\$11,996		(\$5,698)
	=							
Schedule No. 8 - Composite								
Customer Charge		3,282	\$70.00	\$229,740				
Facilities kW		5,010,201	\$4.76	\$23,848,557				
On-Peak kW (May - Sept)		2,097,818	\$15.56	\$32,642,048	0.92%	\$300,307	-0.43%	(\$140,361)
On-Peak kW (Oct - Apr)		2,761,958	\$11.19	\$30,906,310	0.92%	\$284,338	-0.43%	(\$132,897)
Voltage Discount		2,132,830	(\$1.13)	(\$2,410,098)				
On-Peak kWh (May - Sept)		260,094,535	5.0474 ¢	\$13,128,012	0.92%	\$120,778	-0.43%	(\$56,450)
On-Peak kWh (Oct - Apr)		625,992,212	3.9511 ¢	\$24,733,578	0.92%	\$227,549	-0.43%	(\$106,354)
Off-Peak kWh		1,300,960,579	3.4002 ¢	\$44,235,262	0.92%	\$406,964	-0.43%	(\$190,212)
Unbilled	_	0		\$0				
Total	=	2,187,047,326		\$167,313,409		\$1,339,936		(\$626,274)
Schedule No. 9 - Composite		1.501	#2.5 0.00	#152.050				
Customer Charge		1,791	\$259.00	\$463,869				
Facilities kW		9,053,509	\$2.22	\$20,098,790	1 100/	Φ σ 00 00 σ	0.500/	(02.00.007)
On-Peak kW (May - Sept)		3,715,246	\$13.96	\$51,864,834	1.12%	\$580,886	-0.52%	(\$269,697)
On-Peak kW (Oct - Apr)		5,150,021	\$9.47	\$48,770,699	1.12%	\$546,232	-0.52%	(\$253,608)
On-Peak kWh (May-Sept)		507,349,132	4.6531 ¢	\$23,607,462 \$48,387,724	1.12%	\$264,404	-0.52% -0.52%	(\$122,759) (\$251,616)
On-Peak kWh (Oct-Apr) Off-Peak kWh		1,382,941,034 3,137,145,375	3.4989 ¢ 2.9225 ¢	\$91,683,074	1.12% 1.12%	\$541,943 \$1,026,850	-0.52% -0.52%	(\$251,616) (\$476,752)
Unbilled		3,137,143,373	2.9223 ¢	\$91,085,074	1.1270	\$1,020,630	-0.32%	(\$470,732)
Total	_	5,027,435,541	•	\$284,876,452		\$2,960,314		(\$1,374,432)
1000	=	3,027,133,311		Ψ201,070,132		Ψ2,700,311		(ψ1,371,132)
Schedule No. 9A - Energy TOD - 0	Composite							
Customer Charge	omposite	108	\$259.00	\$27,972				
Facilities Charge per kW		235,118	\$2.22	\$521,962				
On-Peak kWh		23,805,248	8.6029 ¢	\$2,047,942	1.24%	\$25,394	-0.58%	(\$11,878)
Off-Peak kWh		18,785,533	3.6981 ¢	\$694,708	1.24%	\$8,614	-0.58%	(\$4,029)
Unbilled		0		\$0				
Total		42,590,781		\$3,292,584		\$34,009		(\$15,907)
	_							
Schedule No. 10 - Irrigation								
Annual Cust. Serv. Chg Primary		6	\$125.00	\$750				
Annual Cust. Serv. Chg Seconda	ry	2,778	\$38.00	\$105,577				
Monthly Cust. Serv. Chg.		12,565	\$14.00	\$175,910				
All On-Season kW		323,633	\$7.33	\$2,372,230	0.82%	\$19,452	-0.39%	(\$9,252)
Voltage Discount		10,067	(\$2.05)	(\$20,637)				
First 30,000 kWh		71,130,178	7.2971 ¢	\$5,190,440	0.82%	\$42,562	-0.39%	(\$20,243)
All add'l kWh	_	51,830,436	5.3936 ¢	\$2,795,526	0.82%	\$22,923	-0.39%	(\$10,903)
Total On Season	_	122,960,614		\$10,619,796		\$84,937		(\$40,397)
Post Season		£ 00¢	\$14.00	¢02 404				
Customer Charge kWh		5,886 50,172,778	\$14.00 4.9983 ¢	\$82,404 \$2,507,786	0.82%	\$20.564	-0.39%	(\$9,780)
Total Post Season	-	50,172,778	4.7703 ¢	\$2,590,190	0.0270	\$20,564 \$20,564	-0.39%	(\$9,780)
Unbilled	-	0		\$2,390,190		φ20,304		(\$7,700)
TOTAL RATE 10	-	173,133,392	•	\$13,209,986		\$105,501		(\$50,177)
-	=	,,		. , ,		,		
Schedule No. 10-TOD								
Annual Cust. Serv. Chg Primary		5	\$125.00	\$625				
Annual Cust. Serv. Chg Seconda	ry	256	\$38.00	\$9,728				
Monthly Cust. Serv. Chg.		1,143	\$14.00	\$16,002				
All On-Season kW		37,541	\$7.33	\$275,176	0.82%	\$2,256	-0.39%	(\$1,073)
Voltage Discount kW		1,037	(\$2.05)	(\$2,126)				
Voltage Discoult KW		1,037	(\$2.03)	(\$2,120)				

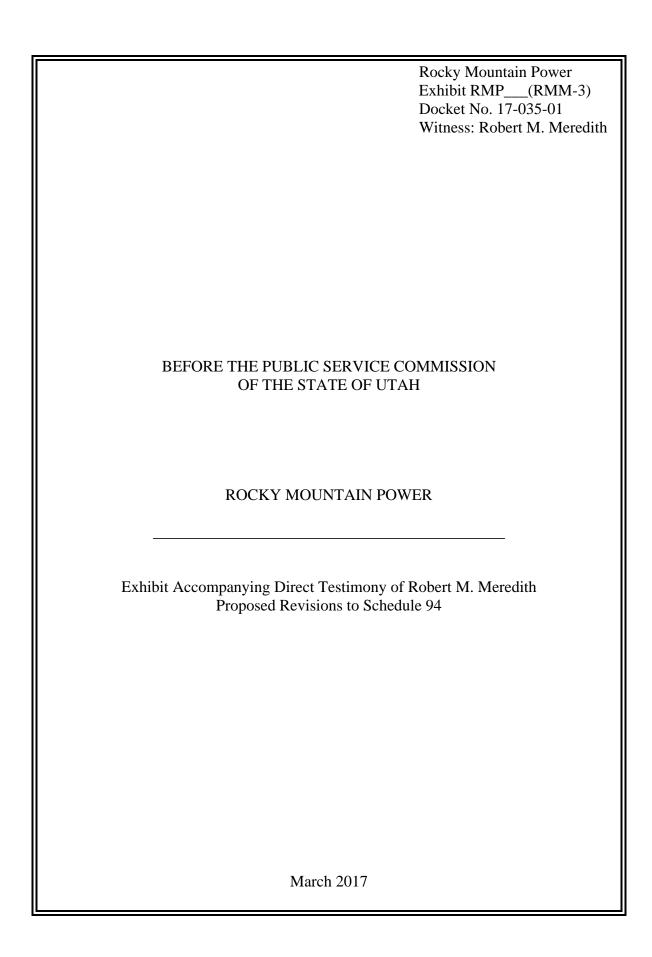
On-Peak kWh	2,262,299	14.4164 ¢	\$326,142	0.82%	\$2,674	-0.39%	(\$1,272)
Off-Peak kWh	8,574,215	4.1542 ¢	\$356,190	0.82%	\$2,921	-0.39%	(\$1,389)
Total On Season	10,836,514		\$981,737	_	\$7,852		(\$3,734)
Post Season							
Customer Charge	570	\$14.00	\$7,980				
kWh	5,920,094	4.9983 ¢	\$295,904	0.82%	\$2,426	-0.39%	(\$1,154)
Total Post Season	5,920,094		\$303,884		\$2,426		(\$1,154)
Unbilled	0		\$0				
TOTAL RATE 10-TOD	16,756,608		\$1,285,621		\$10,278		(\$4,888)
Schedule No. 11 - Street Lighting - Company-Ow	ned System						
Sodium Vapor Lamps (HPS)	•						
5,600 Lumen - Functional	34,757	\$11.80	\$410,133	0.40%	\$1,641	-0.19%	(\$779)
9,500 Lumen - Functional	218,738	\$12.78	\$2,795,472	0.40%	\$11,182	-0.19%	(\$5,311)
9,500 Lumen - Functional @ 90%	132	\$11.50	\$1,518	0.40%	\$6	-0.19%	(\$3)
9,500 Lumen - S1	409	\$46.54	\$19,035	0.40%	\$76	-0.19%	(\$36)
9,500 Lumen - S2	60	\$38.05	\$2,283	0.40%	\$9	-0.19%	(\$4)
16,000 Lumen - Functional	21,158	\$16.94	\$358,417	0.40%	\$1,434	-0.19%	(\$681)
16,000 Lumen - Functional @ 90%	96	\$15.25	\$1,464	0.40%	\$6	-0.19%	(\$3)
16.000 Lumen - S1	2,421	\$47.83	\$115,796	0.40%	\$463	-0.19%	(\$220)
16,000 Lumen - S2	886	\$39.34	\$34,855	0.40%	\$139	-0.19%	(\$66)
27.500 Lumen - Functional	26,178	\$21.14	\$553,403	0.40%	\$2,214	-0.19%	(\$1,051)
27,500 Lumen - Functional @ 90%	12	\$19.03	\$228	0.40%	\$1	-0.19%	(\$0)
27,500 Lumen - S1	1,253	\$51.48	\$64,504	0.40%	\$258	-0.19%	(\$123)
27,500 Lumen - S2	0	\$43.01	\$04,504 \$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
50,000 Lumen - Functional	11,406	\$26.02	\$296,784	0.40%	\$1,187	-0.19%	(\$564)
	11,406		\$296,784		\$1,187		(\$364)
125,000 Lumen	U	\$51.54	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
Metal Halide Lamps (MH)	2.5	0.40.74	A1 755	0.400/	Φ.7	0.100/	(42)
9,000 Lumen - S1	36	\$48.74	\$1,755	0.40%	\$7	-0.19%	(\$3)
9,000 Lumen - S2	602	\$40.27	\$24,243	0.40%	\$97	-0.19%	(\$46)
12,000 Lumen - Functional	127	\$20.13	\$2,557	0.40%	\$10	-0.19%	(\$5)
12,000 Lumen - S1	0	\$50.65	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
12,000 Lumen - S2	1,598	\$42.17	\$67,388	0.40%	\$270	-0.19%	(\$128)
19,500 Lumen - Functional	386	\$22.13	\$8,542	0.40%	\$34	-0.19%	(\$16)
19,500 Lumen - S1	41	\$53.69	\$2,201	0.40%	\$9	-0.19%	(\$4)
19,500 Lumen - S2	365	\$45.20	\$16,498	0.40%	\$66	-0.19%	(\$31)
32,000 Lumen - Functional	61	\$25.78	\$1,573	0.40%	\$6	-0.19%	(\$3)
32,000 Lumen - S1	0	\$55.33	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
32,000 Lumen - S2	0	\$46.86	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
Mercury Vapor Lamps (No New Service) (MV)							
4,000 Lumen	3,279	\$11.09	\$36,364	0.40%	\$145	-0.19%	(\$69)
7,000 Lumen	9,152	\$13.83	\$126,572	0.40%	\$506	-0.19%	(\$240)
10,000 Lumen	186	\$19.40	\$3,608	0.40%	\$14	-0.19%	(\$7)
10,000 Lumen @ 90%	0	\$17.46	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
20,000 Lumen	996	\$24.43	\$24,332	0.40%	\$97	-0.19%	(\$46)
Incandescent Lamps (No New Service) (INC)							` '
500 Lumen	0	\$11.99	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
600 Lumen	145	\$4.24	\$615	0.40%	\$2	-0.19%	(\$1)
2,500 Lumen	32	\$17.11	\$548	0.40%	\$2	-0.19%	(\$1)
4,000 Lumen	162	\$20.43	\$3,310	0.40%	\$13	-0.19%	(\$6)
6,000 Lumen	161	\$23.82	\$3,835	0.40%	\$15	-0.19%	(\$7)
10.000 Lumen	24	\$31.47	\$755	0.40%	\$3	-0.19%	(\$1)
Fluorescent Lamps (No New Service) (FLOUR)		Ψ21	4,22	0.1070	Ψ	0.1570	(41)
21,000 Lumen	12	\$27.85	\$334	0.40%	\$1	-0.19%	(\$1)
Special Service (No New Service)	12	Ψ27.03	Ψ55-	0.4070	ΨΙ	-0.1770	(ψ1)
50,000 Lumen - Flood	12	\$39.04	\$460	0.40%	¢a	0.100/	(01)
Subtotal		\$39.04	\$468	0.40%	\$2	-0.19%	(\$1)
	334,883 16,496,197		\$4,979,390		\$19,918		(\$9,461)
kWh Included		=	:	:			
Customers	809						
Unbilled	0		\$0				
Total	16,496,197		\$4,979,390		\$19,918		(\$9,461)
Schedule No. 12 - Street Lighting - Customer-Ow	vned System						
1. Energy Only, No Maintenance							
High Pressures Sodium Vapor Lamps	400 :	A	#	0.40	*	0.10	Ac
5,600 Lumen	103,438	\$1.83	\$189,292	0.40%	\$757	-0.19%	(\$360)
9,500 Lumen	159,006	\$2.50	\$397,515	0.40%	\$1,590	-0.19%	(\$755)
16,000 Lumen	134,332	\$3.66	\$491,655	0.40%	\$1,967	-0.19%	(\$934)
27,500 Lumen 50,000 Lumen	48,293 65,553	\$6.52 \$10.02	\$314,870 \$656,841	0.40% 0.40%	\$1,259 \$2,627	-0.19% -0.19%	(\$598) (\$1,248)

Metal Halide Lamps							
9,000 Lumen	6,583	\$2.55	\$16,787	0.40%	\$67	-0.19%	(\$32)
12,000 Lumen	18,818	\$4.46	\$83,928	0.40%	\$336	-0.19%	(\$159)
19,500 Lumen	28,281	\$6.17	\$174,494	0.40%	\$698	-0.19%	(\$332)
32,000 Lumen	27,914	\$9.77	\$272,720	0.40%	\$1,091	-0.19%	(\$518)
Non-listed Luminaries kWh	10,059,553	6.5279 ¢	\$656,678	0.40%	\$2,627	-0.19%	(\$1,248)
Subtotal kWh	49,653,570		\$3,254,780		\$13,019		(\$6,184)
Unbilled	10.550.550		#2.254.5 00		#12.010		(0<104)
Total	49,653,570		\$3,254,780		\$13,019		(\$6,184)
Customer 2a Portial Maintenance (No New Sarvice)	519						
2a - Partial Maintenance (No New Service) Incandescent Lamps							
2,500 Lumen or Less	76	\$8.96	\$681	0.40%	\$3	-0.19%	(\$1)
4,000 Lumen	91	\$12.19	\$1,109	0.40%	\$4	-0.19%	(\$2)
Mercury Vapor Lamps	-	7	4-,	******	7.	****	(+-)
4,000 Lumen	47	\$4.64	\$218	0.40%	\$1	-0.19%	(\$0)
7,000 Lumen	546	\$7.00	\$3,822	0.40%	\$15	-0.19%	(\$7)
20,000 Lumen	140	\$13.33	\$1,866	0.40%	\$7	-0.19%	(\$4)
54,000 Lumen	0	\$28.38	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
High Pressure Sodium Vapor Lamps							
5,600 Lumen	34,609	\$4.08	\$141,205	0.40%	\$565	-0.19%	(\$268)
9,500 Lumen	15,632	\$5.37	\$83,944	0.40%	\$336	-0.19%	(\$159)
9,500 Lumen - Decorative	8,817	\$6.96 \$6.52	\$61,366	0.40%	\$245	-0.19%	(\$117)
16,000 Lumen 16,000 Lumen - Decorative	2,548 799	\$6.52 \$8.27	\$16,613 \$6,608	0.40% 0.40%	\$66 \$26	-0.19% -0.19%	(\$32) (\$13)
22,000 Lumen	0	\$8.26	\$0,008 \$0	0.40%	\$20 \$0	-0.19%	\$0
27,500 Lumen	5,601	\$9.59	\$53.714	0.40%	\$215	-0.19%	(\$102)
27,500 Lumen - Decorative	143	\$11.93	\$1,706	0.40%	\$7	-0.19%	(\$3)
50,000 Lumen	10,133	\$14.00	\$141,862	0.40%	\$567	-0.19%	(\$270)
50,000 Lumen - Decorative	157	\$15.56	\$2,443	0.40%	\$10	-0.19%	(\$5)
Metal Halide Lamps							
9,000 Lumen - Decorative	702	\$9.19	\$6,451	0.40%	\$26	-0.19%	(\$12)
12,000 Lumen	1,617	\$13.57	\$21,943	0.40%	\$88	-0.19%	(\$42)
12,000 Lumen - Decorative	225	\$11.09	\$2,495	0.40%	\$10	-0.19%	(\$5)
19,500 Lumen	518	\$13.71	\$7,102	0.40%	\$28	-0.19%	(\$13)
19,500 Lumen - Decorative	6,034	\$14.13	\$85,260	0.40%	\$341	-0.19%	(\$162)
32,000 Lumen	544	\$14.58	\$7,932	0.40%	\$32	-0.19%	(\$15)
32,000 Lumen - Decorative	669	\$15.79	\$10,564	0.40%	\$42	-0.19%	(\$20)
Fluorescent Lamps 1,000 Lumen	0	\$3.75	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
21,800 Lumen	83	\$13.92	\$1,155	0.40%	\$5	-0.19%	(\$2)
Subtotal kWh	5,219,065	Ψ13.72	\$660.059	0.4070	\$2,640	0.1770	(\$1,254)
Unbilled	5,217,005		Ψοσο,σες		\$2,0.0		(ψ1,2υ.)
Total	5,219,065		\$660,059		\$2,640		(\$1,254)
Customer	221						
2b - Full Maintenance (No New Service)							
Incandescent Lamps							
6,000 Lumen	36	\$17.73	\$638	0.40%	\$3	-0.19%	(\$1)
10,000 Lumen	12	\$23.40	\$281	0.40%	\$1	-0.19%	(\$1)
Mercury Vapor Lamps	12	Ф0.02	Ф227	0.400/	Φ1	0.100/	(01)
7,000 Lumen 20,000 Lumen	42 0	\$8.03	\$337 \$0	0.40% 0.40%	\$1 \$0	-0.19% -0.19%	(\$1) \$0
54,000 Lumen	96	\$15.30 \$32.48	\$3,118	0.40%	\$12	-0.19%	(\$6)
Sodium Vapor Lamps	70	\$32.40	φ5,116	0.4070	Ψ12	-0.17/0	(40)
5,600 Lumen	4,275	\$4.68	\$20,007	0.40%	\$80	-0.19%	(\$38)
9,500 Lumen	14,686	\$6.16	\$90,466	0.40%	\$362	-0.19%	(\$172)
16,000 Lumen	1,259	\$7.47	\$9,405	0.40%	\$38	-0.19%	(\$18)
22,000 Lumen	0	\$9.44	\$0	0.40%	\$0	-0.19%	\$0
27,500 Lumen	2,408	\$10.99	\$26,464	0.40%	\$106	-0.19%	(\$50)
50,000 Lumen	1,967	\$16.02	\$31,511	0.40%	\$126	-0.19%	(\$60)
Metal Halide Lamps		* ·					
12,000 Lumen	1,188	\$15.58	\$18,509	0.40%	\$74	-0.19%	(\$35)
19,500 Lumen	724	\$15.73	\$11,389	0.40%	\$46	-0.19%	(\$22)
32,000 Lumen	881	\$16.72	\$14,730	0.40%	\$59	-0.19%	(\$28)
107,000 Lumen Subtotal kWh	96 1,644,140	\$33.05	\$3,173	0.40%	\$13 \$920	-0.19%	(\$6)
Subtotal kwh Unbilled	1,044,140		\$230,028		\$920		(\$437)
Total	1,644,140		\$230,028		\$920		(\$437)
Customer	99				Ψ/20		(4151)
	-	_	-		-		-

kWh Street Lighting Customers	56,516,774 839		\$4,144,867		\$16,579		(\$7,875)
Unbilled Total	56,516,774		\$0 \$4,144,867		\$16,579		(\$7,875)
Total	30,310,774		ψ+,1++,007		Ψ10,377		(ψ1,013)
Schedule 15.1 - Metered Outdoor Nighttim							
Annual Facility Charge	20,286	\$11.00	\$223,146				
Annual Customer Charge Annual Minimum Charge	497 0.0	\$72.50 \$127.50	\$36,033 \$0				
Monthly Customer Charge	6,182	\$6.20	\$38,328				
All kWh	17,536,445	5.3437 ¢	\$937,095	1.07%	\$10,027	-0.51%	(\$4,779)
Unbilled	0	212.12.	\$0		,	****	(+ ',)
Total	17,536,445		\$1,234,602		\$10,027		(\$4,779)
Schedule 15.2 - Traffic Signal Systems - Co							
Customer Charge	29,596	\$5.50	\$162,778				
All kWh	6,177,947	8.4049 ¢	\$519,250	0.73%	\$3,791	-0.34%	(\$1,765)
Unbilled	0	,	\$0	*****	4-,		(4-7, 5-7)
Total	6,177,947		\$682,028		\$3,791		(\$1,765)
Schedule No. 21 - Electric Furnace Operati	iona I imitad Cauriaa I	ndustrial					
Primary Voltage	ions - Limiteu Service - 1	nuustriai					
Customer Charge	36	\$127.00	\$4,572				
Charge per kW (Facilities)	10,893	\$4.30	\$46,840				
First 100,000 kWh	423,833	6.8447 ¢	\$29,010	2.25%	\$653	-1.06%	(\$308)
All add'l kWh	0	5.7472 ¢	\$0	2.25%	\$0	-1.06%	\$0
Unbilled	0		\$0				
Subtotal	423,833		\$80,422		\$653		(\$308)
44KV or Higher							
Customer Charge	24	\$127.00	\$3,048				
Charge per kW (Facilities)	47,371	\$4.30	\$203,695	2.250/	¢2.224	1.060/	(01.510)
First 100,000 kWh All add'l kWh	2,660,898 963,969	5.3851 ¢ 4.7169 ¢	\$143,292 \$45,469	2.25% 2.25%	\$3,224 \$1,023	-1.06%	(\$1,519) (\$482)
Unbilled	905,909	4./109 ¢	\$45,469 \$0	2.23%	\$1,023	-1.06%	(\$462)
Subtotal	3,624,867		\$395,504		\$4,247		(\$2,001)
Total	4,048,700		\$475,926		\$4,900		(\$2,308)
Schedule No. 23 - Composite							
Customer Charge	992,018	\$10.00	\$9,920,180				
kW over 15 (May - Sept)	387,746	\$8.65	\$3,354,003	0.69%	\$23,143	-0.33%	(\$11,068)
kW over 15 (Oct - Apr)	347,761	\$8.70	\$3,025,521	0.69%	\$20,876	-0.33%	(\$9,984)
Voltage Discount	7,029	(\$0.48)	(\$3,374)	0.40	****	0.00	(0.4.4.4.0.0)
First 1,500 kWh (May - Sept)	295,977,608	11.7336 ¢	\$34,728,829	0.69%	\$239,629	-0.33%	(\$114,605)
All Add'l kWh (May - Sept) First 1,500 kWh (Oct - Apr)	309,000,008	6.5783 ¢ 10.8000 ¢	\$20,326,948	0.69% 0.69%	\$140,256 \$316,576	-0.33% -0.33%	(\$67,079)
All Add'l kWh (Oct - Apr)	424,820,226 361,090,369	6.0567 ¢	\$45,880,584 \$21,870,160	0.69%	\$150,904	-0.33%	(\$151,406) (\$72,172)
Seasonal Service	0	\$120.00	\$21,870,100	0.07/0	\$150,704	-0.5570	(\$72,172)
Unbilled	0	Ψ120.00	\$0				
Total	1,390,888,211	<u> </u>	\$139,102,851		\$891,384		(\$426,314)
Schedule No.31 - Composite					_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_
Secondary Voltage							
Customer Charge per month	0	\$133.00	\$0				
Facilities Charge, per kW month	0	\$5.60	\$0				
Back-up Power Charge							
Regular, per On-Peak kW day	0						
May - Sept	0	\$0.88	\$0				
Oct - Apr	0	\$0.62	\$0				
Maintenance, per On-Peak kW day	0						
May - Sept	0	\$0.440	\$0				
Oct - Apr	0	\$0.310	\$0				
Excess Power, per kW month	0	\$40.91	¢Ω				
May - Sept Oct - Apr	0	\$40.81 \$32.04	\$0 \$0				
Primary Voltage	U	ψ32.04	φυ				
Customer Charge per month	24	\$605.00	\$14,520				
Facilities Charge, per kW month	38,791	\$4.46	\$173,008				
Back-up Power Charge	,						
Regular, per On-Peak kW day	195,683						
•							

May - Sept	79,030	\$0.86	\$67,966				
Oct - Apr	116,653	\$0.60	\$69,992				
Maintenance, per On-Peak kW day	24,254						
May - Sept	24,254	\$0.430	\$10,429				
Oct - Apr	0	\$0.300	\$0				
Excess Power, per kW month	30	#20.54	40				
May - Sept	0	\$38.54	\$0				
Oct - Apr	30	\$29.77	\$893				
<u>Transmission Voltage</u> Customer Charge per month	24	\$678.00	\$16,272				
Facilities Charge, per kW month	153,429	\$2.63	\$403,518				
Back-up Power Charge	155,42)	Ψ2.03	φ+05,510				
Regular, per On-Peak kW day	391,585						
May - Sept	239,920	\$0.76	\$182,339				
Oct - Apr	151,665	\$0.51	\$77,349				
Maintenance, per On-Peak kW day	0						
May - Sept	0	\$0.380	\$0				
Oct - Apr	0	\$0.255	\$0				
Excess Power, per kW month	0						
May - Sept	0	\$32.35	\$0				
Oct - Apr	0	\$23.36	\$0				
Subtotal			\$1,016,286		\$0		\$0
Supplemental billed at Schedule 6/8/9 rate							
Schedule 8	1.0.0	0.4.7.5	Φ 7 < 4 < 0				
Facilities kW	16,065	\$4.76	\$76,469	0.020/	Φ0	0.420/	Φ0
On-Peak kW (May - Sept)	0	\$15.56	\$0	0.92%	\$0	-0.43%	\$0
On-Peak kW (Oct - Apr)	16,065 16,065	\$11.19	\$179,767	0.92%	\$1,654	-0.43%	(\$773)
Voltage Discount On-Peak kWh (May - Sept)	1,044,794	(\$1.13) 5.0474 ¢	(\$18,153) \$52,735	0.92%	\$485	-0.43%	(\$227)
On-Peak kWh (Oct - Apr)	3,934,668	3.9511 ¢	\$155,463	0.92%	\$1,430	-0.43%	(\$668)
Off-Peak kWh	5,030,285	3.4002 ¢	\$171,040	0.92%	\$1,574	-0.43%	(\$735)
Schedule 9	3,030,203	3.1002 ¢	Ψ171,010	0.5270	Ψ1,571	0.1570	(Ψ133)
Facilities kW	103,313	\$2.22	\$229,355				
On-Peak kW (May - Sept)	49,491	\$13.96	\$690,894	1.12%	\$7,738	-0.52%	(\$3,593)
On-Peak kW (Oct - Apr)	50,080	\$9.47	\$474,258	1.12%	\$5,312	-0.52%	(\$2,466)
On-Peak kWh (May-Sept)	7,647,176	4.6531 ¢	\$355,831	1.12%	\$3,985	-0.52%	(\$1,850)
On-Peak kWh (Oct-Apr)	10,898,121	3.4989 ¢	\$381,314	1.12%	\$4,271	-0.52%	(\$1,983)
Off-Peak kWh	27,727,401	2.9225 ¢	\$810,333	1.12%	\$9,076	-0.52%	(\$4,214)
Subtotal			\$3,559,306		\$35,524		(\$16,509)
Unbilled	0		\$0				
Total (Aggregated)	56,282,445		\$4,575,592		\$35,524		(\$16,509)
Contract 1	10		02.455				
Fixed Customer Charge	12		\$2,455				
Customer Charge kW High Load Hours	040.050		\$1,757,447.77	0.790/	\$74.026	0.260/	(\$34,586)
kWh High Load Hours	949,050 237,232,647		\$9,607,156 \$8,613,813	0.78% 0.78%	\$74,936 \$67,188	-0.36% -0.36%	(\$34,380)
kWh Low Load Hours	298,488,523		\$7,977,879	0.78%	\$62,227	-0.36%	(\$28,720)
Total	535,721,170		\$27,958,751	0.7670	\$204,351	-0.3070	(\$94,316)
1044	333,721,170		Ψ27,730,731		Ψ201,331		(ψΣ 1,510)
Contract 2							
Customer Charge	12						
Interruptible kWh	795,798,676		\$35,062,890	1.17%	\$410,236	-0.55%	(\$192,846)
Total	795,798,676		\$35,062,890		\$410,236		(\$192,846)
•							
Contract 3							
Customer Charge	12		\$8,136				
Facilities Charge per kW - Back-Up	422,498		\$921,045				
kW Back-Up							
Regular, per On-Peak kW day	3,435,490						
May - Sept	3,253,488		\$1,673,920				
Oct - Apr	182,002		\$93,640				
Maintenance, per On-Peak kW day	0						
May - Sept			\$0				
Oct - Apr	0		\$0				
Excess Power, per kW month	0		Φ0				
May - Sept			\$0 \$0				
Oct - Apr kW Supplemental			\$0				
On-Peak kW (May - Sept)	24,807		\$346,306	1.12%	\$3,879		\$0
On-1 cak k w (way - sept)	24,007		φ540,500	1.1470	Ψ3,017		φυ

On-Peak kW (Oct - Apr)	765,402		\$7,248,357	1.12%	\$81,182	\$0
kWh Supplemental						
On-Peak kWh (May-Sept)	22,796,861	¢	\$1,060,761	1.12%	\$11,881	\$0
On-Peak kWh (Oct-Apr)	204,228,863	¢	\$7,145,764	1.12%	\$80,033	\$0
Off-Peak kWh	394,783,609	¢	\$11,537,551	1.12%	\$129,221	\$0
Total	621,809,333		\$30,035,480		\$306,194	\$0
Lighting Contract - Post Top Lighting - Co	omposite					
Energy Only Res	60	\$2.18	\$131			
Energy Only Non-Res	207	\$2.1858	\$452			
Subtotal	267		\$583			
KWH Included	7,737					
Customers	5					
Unbilled	0					
Total	7,737		\$583		\$0	\$0
Annual Guarantee Adjustment						
Residential			\$33,040			
Commercial			\$2,726,578			
Industrial			(\$5,447)			
Irrigation			\$206,563			
Public Street & Highway Lighting			\$4,662			
Other Sales Public Authorities			\$0			
Total AGA			\$2,965,396		\$0	\$0
TOTAL - ALL CLASSES	23,244,284,922		\$1,938,306,489		\$14,224,024	(\$6,523,407)





First Revision of Sheet No. 94.2 Canceling Original Sheet No. 94.2

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

DEFINITIONS: (continued)

Actual Energy Balancing Account Costs (**Actual EBAC**): The actual Utah NPC and Wheeling Revenues. Adjustments shall be made to Actual EBAC that are consistent with applicable Commission accepted or ordered adjustments, or adjustments called out in a stipulation or settlement agreement, as ordered in the most recent general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

Base Energy Balancing Account Costs (Base EBAC): The Utah allocated NPC and Wheeling Revenues approved by the Commission in the most recent Utah general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

EBA Deferral: The monthly amount debited or credited to the EBA Deferral Account. A positive deferral reflects an under-recovery of EBAC and is debited to the EBA Deferral Account. A negative deferral reflects an over-recovery of EBAC and is credited to the EBA Deferral Account.

EBA Deferral Account: FERC Account No. 182.xx. The EBA Account is a balancing account. A positive (Debit) balance means that EBAC have been under collected from customers. A negative (Credit) balance means EBAC have been over collected from customers.

EBA Deferral Account Balance: The EBA Deferral Account Balance from the previous month plus the monthly EBA Accrual less the current monthly EBA Revenue based on the approved EBA Rate plus the monthly Carrying Charge.

EBA Deferral Period: The calendar year prior to the EBA Filing Date. The first EBA Deferral Period shall be the three-month period from October 1 to December 31, 2011.

EBA Rate: surcharge or surcredit applicable to all retail tariff rate schedules and applicable contracts as set forth in this electric service schedule to collect or refund the EBA Deferral Account Balance. The EBA rate will be a percentage applied to the monthly Power Charges and Energy Charges.

EBA Rate Effective Date: On or before May 1 of each year upon approval by the Commission.

EBA Rate Effective Period: 12-month period beginning on the EBA Rate Effective Date.

EBA Revenue: Revenue collected by multiplying the EBA Rate found in the Monthly Bill section of this schedule by the monthly Power Charge and Energy Charge of the Customer's applicable schedule.

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 17-035-01



First Revision of Sheet No. 94.3 Canceling Original Sheet No. 94.3

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

Net Power Costs (NPC): the sum of costs incurred to acquire power to serve customers less revenues collected from sales for resale. NPC components are those included in the Company's production cost model and recorded in the FERC Accounts described in this electric service schedule.

Wheeling Revenue: Revenues from Transmission of Electricity of Others recorded in the FERC Account described in this electric service schedule.

EBA PROCEDURAL SCHEDULE (Beginning with the 2013 Annual EBA Filing)

- 1. Rocky Mountain Power will file its EBA application on or about March 15.
- 2. Interim rates, as approved by the Commission, will go into effect May 1.
- 3. The Division of Public Utilities will complete its audit report and supporting testimony by November 15.
- 4. Intervenors may conduct discovery, with a 14 day turn around, beginning March 15.
- 5. Hearings on the application will be held on or around February 1.
- 6. Any change or true-up to interim rates necessary to recover or refund an EBA balance will take effect May 1 of the year following the year the application is filed.

EBA CALCULATIONS AND APPLICATION

APPLICABLE FERC ACCOUNTS: The EBA rate will be calculated using all components of EBAC as defined in the Company's most recent general rate case, major plant addition case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved. EBAC are typically booked to the following FERC accounts, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, Subchapter C, Part 101, with the noted clarifications and exclusions:

FERC 501- Fuel

FERC Sub 5011000

SAP 515100 – Coal Consumed-Generation (Include)

SAP (all other) – Legal, maintenance, utilities, labor related, miscel O&M (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5013500 - Natural Gas Consumed (Non Gadsby) Natural Gas Swaps (Non Gadsby) (Include)

FERC Sub (All Other) – Property tax, office supplies, Labor, Fuel Handling, Supplies, Maintenance, Start-up Fuel,

Start-up Fuel Diesel, Diesel Fuel Hedge, miscellaneous O&M, Flyash Sales (Exclude)

EBA FERC 501 Adjustments

FERC Sub 5013500

SAP 515200 – Natural Gas Consumed

Gadsby Related Portion of 515200 is transferred to FERC 547(Fuel-Other Generation)

SAP 515220 – Natural Gas Swaps

Gadsby Related portion of 515220 is transferred to FERC 547(Fuel-Other Generation)

SAP 505917– I/C Nat Gas Cons Ker. This SAP account is transferred to FERC 547(Fuel-Other Generation)

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 13-035-184

FILED: September 5, 2014 EFFECTIVE: September 1, 2014



Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.4 Canceling Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.4

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

FERC 447 – Sales For Resale

FERC Sub 4471400

SAP 301406 – Short-term Firm Wholesale

Non Transalta Sales (Include)

SAP 301409 – Trading Sales Netted-Estimate (Exclude)

SAP 301410 – Trade Sales Netted (Include)

SAP 301411 – Bookout Sales Netted (Include)

SAP 301412 – Bookout Sales Netted-Estimate (Exclude)

SAP 302751 – I/C ST Firm Whls-Sie (Include)

SAP 302752 – I/C S-T Firm Wholesale Sales-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302771 – I/C Line Loss Trading Revenue-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 302772 – I/C Line Loss-Nevada (Include)

SAP 303028 – Line Loss W/S Trading (Include)

SAP 303100 – Transmission Loss Charge Pass-Through (Exclude)

SAP 303109 – Transmission Line Loss Rev – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 301409 – Trading Sales Netted – Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4471300

SAP 301405 – FIRM Sales (Include)

FERC Sub 4476100

SAP 304101 – Bookouts Netted – Gain (Include)

SAP 304102 – Bookouts Netted – Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4476200

SAP 304201 – Trading Net- Gains (Include)

FERC Sub 4472000 – Sales for Resale Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4475000

SAP 301408 – Off-System Non Firm (Include)

FERC Sub 4479000 – Transmission Services - Utah FERC Customers, Wyo-Pacific Cheyenne (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4471000 – Onsystem Firm - Utah FERC Customers, Wyo-Pacific Cheyenne, Brigham City, Portland General Electric (Exclude)

EBA FERC 447 Adjustments

- 1) SAP 301406 Short-term Firm Wholesale Transalta Sales are removed from 447 and transferred into 555 (Purchased Power).
- 2) SAP 505214 SMUD Purchases from 555 (Purchased Power) are transferred to 447.

FERC 555 - Purchased Power

FERC Sub 5552600

SAP 505351 – Electric Swaps G/L (Include)

SAP 505352 – Electric Swaps G/L Estimate (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5551100,1200,1330 - BPA Residential Exchange (Exclude)

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 17-035-01



Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.5 Canceling Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.5

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

FERC 555 – Purchased Power (continued)

FERC Sub 5552200,2300,2400 – REC Purchases, RPS Compliance Purchases (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5552500

SAP 505190 – OR Solar Incentive Purchases (Include)

SAP 505206 – Other Energy Purchases, Int (Include)

SAP (All Other) – Exchange Value Purchase, Exchange Value Purchase – Estimate,

 $Purchase\ Power\ Expense-Estimate,\ I/C\ Purchased\ Power\ Esp\ Est-Sierra\ Pac, I/C\ Purchased$

Power Exp Est-Nevada Pwr, Renewable Energy Credit Purchase (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5555500

SAP 505207 – IPP Energy Purchase (Include)

FERC Sub 5556200

SAP 304211 – Trading Netted – Loss (Include)

SAP 304213 – Trading Netted – Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5556300

SAP 505214 – Firm Energy Purchases (Include)

FERC Sub 5556400

SAP 505218 – Firm Demand Purchases (Include)

FERC Sub 5555700, 5556700

SAP 505215 – Post Merger Imb Charge (Include)

SAP 505220 – Trading Purchases Netted (Include)

SAP 505221 – Bookout Purchases Netted (Include)

SAP 505969 – Transmission Imbalance – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 546516 – CA GHG Wholesale Obligation (Include)

SAP 546520 – Operating Reserves Expense (Include)

SAP (All Other) – Bookout Purchases Net – Estimates, Trading Purchases Netted –

Estimates, Transmission Imblance Pass-Through Expense, NPC Deferral Accounting

Entries, Excess Net Power Cost Amortization Renewable Energy Credit Sales

Deferral CA GHG Allowance Amortization Expense (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5556710

SAP 508001 - EIM Exp - FMM IIE: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508003 - EIM Exp - FMM Assess: Pac Trans to C&T (Include)

SAP 508011 - EIM Exp - RTD IIE: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508013 - EIM Exp - RTD Assess: Pac Trans to C&T (Include)SAP

508015 - EIM Exp - GHG Em Cost Rev: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508021 - EIM Exp - UIE (Load): CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508023 - EIM Exp - UIE (Load): Pac Trans to C&T (Include)

SAP 508031 - EIM Exp - UIE (Gen): CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508033 - EIM Exp - UIE (Gen): Pac Trans to C&T (Include)

SAP 508041 - EIM Exp - Daily Rounding Adj: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508051 - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Charge: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508052 - EIM Exp - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Alloc: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508053 - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Alloc: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508054 - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Alloc: PAC to TC (Include)

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 17-035-01



Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.6 Canceling Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.6

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

FERC 555 – Purchased Power (continued)

FERC Sub 5556710 (continued)

SAP 508061 - EIM Exp-Ancil Svc Upw Neutral: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508062 - EIM Exp-Spinning Reserve Oblig: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508063 - EIM Exp-Spin Reserve Neutral: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508064 - EIM Exp-Non-Spin Reserve Oblig: w/CAISO (Inlcude)

SAP 508065 - EIM Exp-Non-Spin Reserve Neut: w/CAISO (Inlcude)

SAP 508066 - EIM Exp - Excess Cost Neutral: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508071 - EIM Exp - RT Bid Cost Recovery: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508081 - EIM Exp-IFM Loss Surplus Credit w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508091 - EIM Exp - Flexible Ramp Cost: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508092 - EIM Exp - Flexible Ramp Cost (Include)

SAP 508095 - EIM Exp-Flex RampUp Cap Pay: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508096 - EIM Exp-Flex RampUp Cap No Pay: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508101 - EIM Exp-RT Unaccounted Energy: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508111 - EIM Exp-RT Imb Energy Offset: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508112 - EIM Exp-RT Imb Energy Offset (Include)

SAP 508121 - EIM Exp-RT BCR EIM Alloc: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508122 - EIM Exp-RT BCR EIM (Include)

SAP 508125 - EIM Exp-RTM BCR EIM Set: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508131 - EIM Exp-RT Congestion OS: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508132 - EIM Exp-RT Congestion (Include)

SAP 508141 - EIM Exp-RT Marginal Loss: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508142 - EIM Exp-Neutrality Adjust CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508151 - EIM Exp-7070 FRP Forecast Mvmt

SAP 508152 - EIM Exp-7076 FRP Forecast Mvmt Alloc

SAP 508153 - EIM Exp-7071 FRP Daily Up Uncert

SAP 508154 - EIM Exp-7081 FRP Daily Down Uncert

SAP 508155 - EIM Exp-7077 FRP Daily Up Uncert Alloc

SAP 508156 - EIM Exp-7078 FRP Month Up Uncert Alloc

SAP 508157 - EIM Exp-7087 FRP Daily Down Uncert Allo

SAP 508158 - EIM Exp-7088 FRP Month Down Uncert Allo

FERC Sub 5558000

SAP 505227 – Purchased Power Expense – Under Capital Lease (Include)

FERC Sub 5556100

SAP 304111 – Bookouts Netted – Loss (Include)

FERC Sub 5555900

SAP 505224 – Short-Term Firm Wholesale Purchases (Include)

SAP 505931 – I/C ST Firm Pur-Sier (Include)

SAP 505932 – I/C ST Firm Pur-Nev (Include)

(continued)



Fourth Revision of Sheet No. 94.7 Canceling Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.7

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

FERC 555 – Purchased Power (continued)

EBA FERC 555 Adjustments

1) FERC Sub 5552500

SAP 505206 - Other Energy Purchases: Remove exchange dollars

- 2) SAP 301406 Short-term Firm Wholesale Transalta Sales are removed from 447 and transferred into 555 (Purchased Power).
- 3) SAP 505214 SMUD Purchases are removed from 555 (Purchased Power) and transferred to 447.

FERC 565 - Wheeling Expense

FERC Sub 5650000

SAP 546530 - ISO/PX Charges (Include)

FERC Sub 5650010

SAP 506801 - EIM Wheeling Exp-GMC (Include)

SAP 506802 - EIM Wheeling Exp-GMC (Include)

FERC Sub 5651000

SAP 506010 - Short Term Firm Wheeling (Include)

SAP 506059 - Wheeling Expense Estimate (Exclude)

SAP 506911 - I/C S-T Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 506912 - I/C S-T Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 506952 - I/C Wheeling Exp Estimate-Nevada Pwr (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5652500, 5654600

SAP 506921 - I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Exp-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 506922 – I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr (Include)

FERC 503 Steam From Other Sources

FERC Sub 5030000

SAP 515900 – Geothermal Steam (Include)

SAP (All Other) – Labor, materials and supplies, other miscellaneous O&M (Exclude)

FERC 547 Fuel – Other Generation

FERC Sub 5471000 - I/C Nat Gas Cons Ker, Natural Gas Consumed, Nat Gas Exp — Under Capital Lease, Natural Gas Swaps (Include)

EBA FERC 547 Adjustments

FERC Sub 5013500

SAP 515200 - Natural Gas Consumed

Gadsby Related Portion of 515200 (From FERC 501) is transferred to this FERC account (547).

SAP 515220 – Natural Gas Swaps

Gadsby Related portion of 515220 (From FERC 501) is transferred to this FERC account (547).

SAP 505917 - I/C Nat Gas Cons Ker. Some of this SAP account was booked originally to FERC 501. This adjustment transfers the amount in 501 to this FERC account (547).

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 17-035-01



Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.8 Canceling Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.8

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

FERC 456.1 Revenues from Transmission of Electricity by Others

FERC Sub 4561100

SAP 505961 – Transmission Imbalance Penalty Revenue – Load (Exclude)

SAP 505963 – Transmission Imbalance Penalty Revenue –Pt to Pt (Exclude)

SAP (All Other) – Primary Delivery and Distribution Sub Charges, Ancillary

Revenue, Use of Facility – Revenue, Transmission Resales to Other Parties, Transmission Revenue Unreserved Use Charges Transmission Revenue – Deferral Fees (Include)

SAP 302081 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 302082 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302091 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 2-Reactive-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 302092 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 2-Reactive-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302821 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 302822 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302831 – I/C Other Wheeling Revenue-Sierra Pac (Include)

FERC Sub 4561600

SAP 301912 – Post-Merger Firm Wheeling Revenue (Include)

FERC Sub 4561910

SAP 301926 – Short-Term Firm Wheeling (Include)

SAP 302812 - I/C ST Firm Wheeling Revenue-Nevada Pwr (Include)

FERC Sub 4561920 – Firm Wheeling Revenue, Pre-Merger Firm Wheeling Revenue, Transmission Capacity Re-assignment revenue and contra revenue, Transmission Point-to-

Point Revenue (Include)

FERC Sub 4561930

SAP 301922 – Non-Firm Wheeling Revenue (Include)

FERC Sub 4561990

SAP 301913 – Transmission Tariff True-up (Include)

SAP 302990 – L-T Transmission Revenue – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 302991 – S-T Transmission Revenue – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305910 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 1 – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305920 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 2 – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305930 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 3 – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305931 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 3a – Subject to Refund (Include)

Accruals or estimates in accounts 447, 555, and 565 will be excluded; rather, expenses and revenue will be accounted for in the months that they are incurred. Adjustments shall be made to Actual EBAC that are consistent with Commission accepted or ordered adjustments, or adjustments called out in a stipulation or settlement agreement, as ordered in the most recent general rate case, major plant addition case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 17-035-01

Fourth Revision of Sheet No. 94.9 Canceling Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.9

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

EBA DEFERRAL: The monthly EBA Accrual (positive or negative) is determined by calculating the difference between Base NPC and Actual NPC as is described below.

Through May 31, 2016:

EBA Deferral Utah, $month = [(Actual\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh} - Base\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh}) \times Actual\ MWH\ _{Utah,\ month}] \times 70\%$

Starting June 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019:

 $EBA\ Deferral\ _{Utah,\ month} = [(Actual\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh} - Base\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh}) \times Actual\ MWH\ _{Utah,\ month}] \times 100\%$

Where:

```
Actual EBAC month/MWh = (NPC Utah, month, actual / Actual MWh Utah, month)
+ (WR Utah, month, actual / Actual MWh Utah, month)

Base EBAC month/MWh = (NPC Utah, month base / Base MWh Utah, month)
+ (WR Utah, month, base / Base MWh Utah, month)
```

NPC _{Utah, month} = Total Company NPC for the month multiplied by the appropriate allocation factors from the most recent general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

WR Utah, month = Total Company Wheeling Revenue for the month multiplied by the appropriate allocation factors from the most recent general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

EBA Deferral Account Balance: the monthly EBA Account Balance will be calculated as follows:

```
EBA Deferral Account Balance current month = Ending Balance previous month + Deferral current month 
- EBA Revenue current month + EBA Carrying charge month
```

EBA CARRYING CHARGE: the EBA Carrying Charge will be calculated and applied to the monthly balance in the EBA Deferral Account as follows:

EBA Carrying Charge month = [Ending Balance previous month + (Deferral current month
$$\times$$
 0.5)
- (EBA Revenue current month \times 0.5)] \times 0.5%

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 17-035-01

Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.10 Canceling First Revision of Sheet No. 94.10

P.S.C.U. No. 50

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

EBA RATE DETERMINATION: Annually, on the EBA Filing Date, Rocky Mountain Power shall file with the Commission an application for establishment of an EBA rate to become effective on the EBA Rate Effective Date of that year. The EBA Deferral Account Balance as of December 31 shall be allocated to all retail tariff rate schedules and applicable special contracts based on the rate spread approved by the Commission. The new EBA rate will be determined by dividing the EBA Deferral Account Balance allocated to each rate schedule and applicable contract by the schedule or contract forecasted Power Charge and Energy Charge revenues. The EBA rate will be a percentage increase or decrease applied to the monthly Power Charges and Energy Charges of the Customer's applicable schedule or contract as set forth in the schedule.

AUDIT PROCEDURES: All items recorded in the EBA Balancing Account are subject to regulatory audit and prudence review. The Division of Public Utilities will complete its audit according to the EBA Procedural Schedule.

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 17-035-01

Original Sheet No. 94.11

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

MONTHLY BILL: In addition to the monthly charges contained in the Customer's applicable schedule, all monthly bills shall have the following EBA Rate percentage applied to the monthly Power Charge and Energy Charge of the Customer's applicable electric service schedule. The collection of costs related to an energy balancing account from customers paying contract rates shall be governed by the terms of the contract.

	2016	2017	
	EBA Rate	EBA Rate	Net Rate
Schedule 1	0.64%	-0.30%	0.34%
Schedule 2	0.64%	-0.30%	0.34%
Schedule 3	0.64%	-0.30%	0.34%
Schedule 6	0.85%	-0.40%	0.45%
Schedule 6A	1.18%	-0.55%	0.63%
Schedule 6B	0.85%	-0.40%	0.45%
Schedule 7*	0.40%	-0.19%	0.21%
Schedule 8	0.92%	-0.43%	0.49%
Schedule 9	1.12%	-0.52%	0.60%
Schedule 9A	1.24%	-0.58%	0.66%
Schedule 10	0.82%	-0.39%	0.43%
Schedule 11*	0.40%	-0.19%	0.21%
Schedule 12*	0.40%	-0.19%	0.21%
Schedule 15 (Traffic and Other Signal Systems)	0.73%	-0.34%	0.39%
Schedule 15 (Metered Outdoor Nighttime Lighting)	1.07%	-0.51%	0.56%
Schedule 21	2.25%	-1.06%	1.19%
Schedule 23	0.69%	-0.32%	0.36%
Schedule 31	**	**	**
Schedule 32	**	**	**

^{*} The rate for Schedules 7, 11 and 12 shall be applied to the Charge per Lamp.

ELECTRIC SERVICE REGULATIONS: Service under this Schedule will be in accordance with the terms of the Electric Service Agreement between the Customer and the Company. The Electric Service Regulations of the Company on file with and approved by the Public Service Commission of the State of Utah, including future applicable amendments, will be considered as forming a part of and incorporated in said Agreement.

^{**} The rate for Schedules 31 and 32 shall be the same as the applicable general service schedule.



<u>First Revision of Sheet No. 94.2</u> Canceling Original Sheet No. 94.2

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

DEFINITIONS: (continued)

Actual Energy Balancing Account Costs (**Actual EBAC**): The actual Utah NPC and Wheeling Revenues. Adjustments shall be made to Actual EBAC that are consistent with applicable Commission accepted or ordered adjustments, or adjustments called out in a stipulation or settlement agreement, as ordered in the most recent general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

Base Energy Balancing Account Costs (Base EBAC): The Utah allocated NPC and Wheeling Revenues approved by the Commission in the most recent Utah general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

EBA Deferral: The monthly amount debited or credited to the EBA Deferral Account. A positive deferral reflects an under-recovery of EBAC and is debited to the EBA Deferral Account. A negative deferral reflects an over-recovery of EBAC and is credited to the EBA Deferral Account.

EBA Deferral Account: FERC Account No. 182.xx. The EBA Account is a balancing account. A positive (Debit) balance means that EBAC have been under collected from customers. A negative (Credit) balance means EBAC have been over collected from customers.

EBA Deferral Account Balance: The EBA Deferral Account Balance from the previous month plus the monthly EBA Accrual less the current monthly EBA Revenue based on the approved EBA Rate plus the monthly Carrying Charge.

EBA Deferral Period: The calendar year prior to the EBA Filing Date. The first EBA Deferral Period shall be the three-month period from October 1 to December 31, 2011.

EBA Rate: surcharge or surcredit applicable to all retail tariff rate schedules and applicable contracts as set forth in this electric service schedule to collect or refund the EBA Deferral Account Balance. The EBA rate will be a percentage applied to the monthly Power Charges and Energy Charges.

EBA Rate Effective Date: On or before **November May** 1 of each year upon approval by the Commission.

EBA Rate Effective Period: 12-month period beginning on the EBA Rate Effective Date.

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 13-035-18417-035-01

FILED: September 5, 2014 March 15, 2017 2014 May 1, 2017

EFFECTIVE: September 1,



<u>First Revision of Sheet No. 94.2</u> <u>Canceling</u> Original Sheet No. 94.2

P.S.C.U. No. 50

EBA Revenue: Revenue collected by multiplying the EBA Rate found in the Monthly Bill section of this schedule by the monthly Power Charge and Energy Charge of the Customer's applicable schedule.

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 13-035-18417-035-01

FILED: September 5, 2014 March 15, 2017 2014 May 1, 2017

EFFECTIVE: September 1,



First Revision of Sheet No. 94.3 Canceling Original Sheet No. 94.3

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

Net Power Costs (NPC): the sum of costs incurred to acquire power to serve customers less revenues collected from sales for resale. NPC components are those included in the Company's production cost model and recorded in the FERC Accounts described in this electric service schedule.

Wheeling Revenue: Revenues from Transmission of Electricity of Others recorded in the FERC Account described in this electric service schedule.

EBA PROCEDURAL SCHEDULE (Beginning with the 2013 Annual EBA Filing)

- 1. Rocky Mountain Power will file its <u>EBA</u> application on or about March 15.
- 2. Interim rates, as approved by the Commission, will go into effect May 1.
- 2.3. The Division of Public Utilities will complete its audit report and supporting testimony by July November 15.
- 3.4. Intervenors may conduct discovery, with a 14 day turn around, beginning March 15.
- 4.5. Hearings on the application will be <u>held on or around February 1</u> completed by September 15.
- 5.6. Any rate change or true-up to interim rates necessary to recover or refund an EBA balance will take effect on or before November May 1 of the year following the year the application is filed.

EBA CALCULATIONS AND APPLICATION

APPLICABLE FERC ACCOUNTS: The EBA rate will be calculated using all components of EBAC as defined in the Company's most recent general rate case, major plant addition case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved. EBAC are typically booked to the following FERC accounts, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, Subchapter C, Part 101, with the noted clarifications and exclusions:

FERC 501- Fuel

FERC Sub 5011000

SAP 515100 – Coal Consumed-Generation (Include)

SAP (all other) – Legal, maintenance, utilities, labor related, miscel O&M (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5013500 - Natural Gas Consumed (Non Gadsby) Natural Gas Swaps (Non Gadsby) (Include)

FERC Sub (All Other) – Property tax, office supplies, Labor, Fuel Handling, Supplies, Maintenance, Start-up Fuel,

Start-up Fuel Diesel, Diesel Fuel Hedge, miscellaneous O&M, Flyash Sales (Exclude)

EBA FERC 501 Adjustments

FERC Sub 5013500

SAP 515200 – Natural Gas Consumed

Gadsby Related Portion of 515200 is transferred to FERC 547(Fuel-Other Congretion)

Other Generation)

SAP 515220 – Natural Gas Swaps

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 13-035-184

FILED: September 5, 2014 EFFECTIVE: September 1, 2014



Rocky Mountain Power Exhibit RMP___(RMM-3) Page 14 of 24 Docket No. 17-035-01 Witness: Robert M. Meredith

First Revision of Sheet No. 94.3 Canceling Original Sheet No. 94.3

P.S.C.U. No. 50

Gadsby Related portion of 515220 is transferred to FERC 547(Fuel-Other Generation)
SAP 505917– I/C Nat Gas Cons Ker. This SAP account is transferred to FERC 547(Fuel-Other Generation)

(continued)

Issued by authority of Report and Order of the Public Service Commission of Utah in Docket No. 13-035-184

FILED: September 5, 2014 **EFFECTIVE**: September 1, 2014



Second Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.4 Canceling First-Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.4

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

FERC 447 – Sales For Resale

FERC Sub 4471400

SAP 301406 – Short-term Firm Wholesale

Non Transalta Sales (Include)

SAP 301409 – Trading Sales Netted-Estimate (Exclude)

SAP 301410 – Trade Sales Netted (Include)

SAP 301411 – Bookout Sales Netted (Include)

SAP 301412 – Bookout Sales Netted-Estimate (Exclude)

SAP 302751 – I/C ST Firm Whls-Sie (Include)

SAP 302752 – I/C S-T Firm Wholesale Sales-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302771 – I/C Line Loss Trading Revenue-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 302772 – I/C Line Loss-Nevada (Include)

SAP 303028 – Line Loss W/S Trading (Include)

SAP 303100 – Transmission Loss Charge Pass-Through (Exclude)

SAP 303109 – Transmission Line Loss Rev – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 301409 – Trading Sales Netted – Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4471300

SAP 301405 – FIRM Sales (Include)

FERC Sub 4476100

SAP 304101 – Bookouts Netted – Gain (Include)

SAP 304102 – Bookouts Netted – Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4476200

SAP 304201 – Trading Net- Gains (Include)

FERC Sub 4472000 – Sales for Resale Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4475000

SAP 301408 – Off-System Non Firm (Include)

FERC Sub 4479000 – Transmission Services - Utah FERC Customers, Wyo-Pacific Cheyenne (Exclude)

FERC Sub 4471000 – Onsystem Firm - Utah FERC Customers, Wyo-Pacific Cheyenne, Brigham City, Portland General Electric (Exclude)

EBA FERC 447 Adjustments

- 1) SAP 301406 Short-term Firm Wholesale Transalta Sales are removed from 447 and transferred into 555 (Purchased Power).
- 2) SAP 505214 SMUD Purchases from 555 (Purchased Power) are transferred to 447.

FERC 555 - Purchased Power

FERC Sub 5552600

SAP 505351 – Electric Swaps G/L (Include)

SAP 505352 – Electric Swaps G/L Estimate (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5551100,1200,1330 - BPA Residential Exchange (Exclude)

(continued)

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Second Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.5 Canceling First-Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.5

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

FERC 555 – Purchased Power (continued)

FERC Sub 5552200,2300,2400 – REC Purchases, RPS Compliance Purchases (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5552500

SAP 505190 – OR Solar Incentive Purchases (Include)

SAP 505206 – Other Energy Purchases, Int (Include)

SAP (All Other) – Exchange Value Purchase, Exchange Value Purchase – Estimate,

Purchase Power Expense – Estimate, <u>I/C Purchased Power Esp Est-Sierra Pac, I/C Purchased</u>

Power Exp Est-Nevada Pwr, Renewable Energy Credit Purchase (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5555500

SAP 505207 – -IPP Energy Purchase (Include)

FERC Sub 5556200

SAP 304211 – -Trading Netted – Loss (Include)

SAP 304213 – Trading Netted – Estimates (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5556300

SAP 505214 – Firm Energy Purchases (Include)

FERC Sub 5556400

SAP 505218 – Firm Demand Purchases (Include)

FERC Sub 5555700, 5556700

SAP 505215 – Post Merger Imb Charge (Include)

SAP 505220 – Trading Purchases Netted (Include)

SAP 505221 – Bookout Purchases Netted (Include)

SAP 505969 – Transmission Imbalance – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 546516 – CA GHG Wholesale Obligation (Include)

SAP 546520 – Operating Reserves Expense (Include)

SAP 505969 Transmission Imbalance Subject to Refund (Include)

———SAP (All Other) – Bookout Purchases Net – Estimates, Trading Purchases Netted –
Estimates, Transmission Imblance Pass-Through Expense, NPC Deferral Accounting
Entries, Excess Net Power Cost Amortization Renewable Energy Credit Sales

Deferral CA GHG Allowance Amortization Expense (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5556710

SAP 508001 - EIM Exp - FMM IIE: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508003 - EIM Exp - FMM Assess: Pac Trans to C&T (Include)

SAP 508011 - EIM Exp - RTD IIE: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508013 - EIM Exp - RTD Assess: Pac Trans to C&T (Include)

SAP 508015 - EIM Exp - GHG Em Cost Rev: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508021 - EIM Exp - UIE (Load): CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508023 - EIM Exp - UIE (Load): Pac Trans to C&T (Include)

SAP 508031 - EIM Exp - UIE (Gen): CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508033 - EIM Exp - UIE (Gen): Pac Trans to C&T (Include)

SAP 508041 - EIM Exp - Daily Rounding Adj: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508051 - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Charge: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508052 - EIM Exp - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Alloc: w/CAISO (Include)

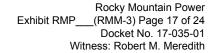
SAP 508053 - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Alloc: w/CAISO (Include)

(continued)

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Second Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.5 Canceling First Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.5

SAP 508054 - EIM Exp - O/U Sched Alloc: PAC to TC (Include)

(continued)

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Second Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.6 Canceling First-Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.6

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

FERC 555 – Purchased Power (continued)

FERC Sub 5556710 (continued)

SAP 508061 - EIM Exp-Ancil Svc Upw Neutral: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508062 - EIM Exp-Spinning Reserve Oblig: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508063 - EIM Exp-Spin Reserve Neutral: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508064 - EIM Exp-Non-Spin Reserve Oblig: w/CAISO (Inlcude)

SAP 508065 - EIM Exp-Non-Spin Reserve Neut: w/CAISO (Inlcude)

SAP 508066 - EIM Exp - Excess Cost Neutral: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508071 - EIM Exp - RT Bid Cost Recovery: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508081 - EIM Exp-IFM Loss Surplus Credit w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508091 - EIM Exp - Flexible Ramp Cost: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508092 - EIM Exp - Flexible Ramp Cost (Include)

SAP 508095 - EIM Exp-Flex RampUp Cap Pay: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508096 - EIM Exp-Flex RampUp Cap No Pay: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508101 - EIM Exp-RT Unaccounted Energy: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508111 - EIM Exp-RT Imb Energy Offset: w/CAISO (Include)

SAP 508112 - EIM Exp-RT Imb Energy Offset (Include)

SAP 508121 - EIM Exp-RT BCR EIM Alloc: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508122 - EIM Exp-RT BCR EIM (Include)

SAP 508125 - EIM Exp-RTM BCR EIM Set: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508131 - EIM Exp-RT Congestion OS: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508132 - EIM Exp-RT Congestion (Include)

SAP 508141 - EIM Exp-RT Marginal Loss: CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508142 - EIM Exp-Neutrality Adjust CAISO to Pac (Include)

SAP 508151 - EIM Exp-7070 FRP Forecast Mvmt

SAP 508152 - EIM Exp-7076 FRP Forecast Mvmt Alloc

SAP 508153 - EIM Exp-7071 FRP Daily Up Uncert

SAP 508154 - EIM Exp-7081 FRP Daily Down Uncert

SAP 508155 - EIM Exp-7077 FRP Daily Up Uncert Alloc

SAP 508156 - EIM Exp-7078 FRP Month Up Uncert Alloc

SAP 508157 - EIM Exp-7087 FRP Daily Down Uncert Allo

SAP 508158 - EIM Exp-7088 FRP Month Down Uncert Allo

FERC Sub 5558000

SAP 505227 – Purchased Power Expense – Under Capital Lease (ExcludeInclude)

EFFECTIVE: November 1.

FERC Sub 5556100

SAP 304111 – Bookouts Netted – Loss (Include)

FERC Sub 5555900

SAP 505224 – Short-Term Firm Wholesale Purchases (Include)

SAP 505931 – I/C ST Firm Pur-Sier (Include)

SAP 505932 – I/C ST Firm Pur-Nev (Include)

(continued)

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Third Fourth Revision of Sheet No. 94.7 Canceling Second Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.7

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

FERC 555 – Purchased Power (continued)

EBA FERC 555 Adjustments

1) FERC Sub 5552500

SAP 505206 - Other Energy Purchases: Remove exchange dollars

- 2) SAP 301406 Short-term Firm Wholesale Transalta Sales are removed from 447 and transferred into 555 (Purchased Power).
- 3) SAP 505214 SMUD Purchases are removed from 555 (Purchased Power) and transferred to 447.

FERC 565 – Wheeling Expense (continued)

FERC Sub 5650000

SAP 546530 - ISO/PX Charges (Include)

FERC Sub 5650010

SAP 506801 - EIM Wheeling Exp-GMC (Include)

SAP 506802 - EIM Wheeling Exp-GMC (Include)

FERC Sub 5651000

SAP 506010 - Short Term Firm Wheeling (Include)

SAP 506059 - Wheeling Expense Estimate (Exclude)

SAP 506911 - I/C S-T Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 506912 - I/C S-T Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 506952 - I/C Wheeling Exp Estimate-Nevada Pwr (Exclude)

FERC Sub 5652500,2700, 5654600—Non-Firm Wheeling Expense, Pre Merger Firm

Wheeling, Firm Wheeling Expense

Firm Wheeling Expense (Trm) (Include)

SAP 506921 - I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Exp-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 506922 – I/C Non-Firm Wheeling Exp-Nevada Pwr (Include)

FERC 503 Steam From Other Sources

FERC Sub 5030000

SAP 515900 – Geothermal Steam (Include)

SAP (All Other) – Labor, materials and supplies, other miscellaneous O&M (Exclude)

FERC 547 Fuel - Other Generation

FERC Sub 5471000 - I/C Nat Gas Cons Ker, Natural Gas Consumed, Nat Gas Exp — Under Capital Lease, Natural Gas Swaps (Include)

EBA FERC 547 Adjustments

FERC Sub 5013500

SAP 515200 - Natural Gas Consumed

Gadsby Related Portion of 515200 (From FERC 501) is transferred to this FERC account (547).

SAP 515220 - Natural Gas Swaps

Gadsby Related portion of 515220 (From FERC 501) is transferred to this FERC account (547).

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(continued)

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FILED: October 11, 2016 March 15, 2017 2016 May 1, 2017



Rocky Mountain Power Exhibit RMP___(RMM-3) Page 20 of 24 Docket No. 17-035-01 Witness: Robert M. Meredith

Witness: Robert M. Meredith

Third-Fourth Revision of Sheet No. 94.7 Canceling Second Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.7

SAP 505917 - I/C Nat Gas Cons Ker. Some of this SAP account was booked originally to FERC 501. This adjustment transfers the amount in 501 to this FERC account (547).

(continued)

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Second-Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.8 Canceling First Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.8

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

FERC 456.1 Revenues from Transmission of Electricity by Others (continued)

FERC Sub 4561100

SAP 505961 – Transmission Imbalance Penalty Revenue – Load (Exclude)

SAP 505963 – Transmission Imbalance Penalty Revenue –Pt to Pt (Exclude)

SAP (All Other) – Primary Delivery and Distribution Sub Charges, Ancillary

Revenue, Use of Facility – Revenue, Transmission Resales to Other Parties, Transmission

Revenue Unreserved Use Charges Transmission Revenue – Deferral Fees (Include)

SAP 302081 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 302082 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302091 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 2-Reactive-Sierra Pac (Include) SAP 302092 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 2-Reactive-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302821 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Sierra Pac (Include)

SAP 302822 - I/C Anc Rev Sch 1-Scheduling-Nevada Pwr (Include)

SAP 302831 – I/C Other Wheeling Revenue-Sierra Pac (Include)

FERC Sub 4561600

SAP 301912 – Post-Merger Firm Wheeling Revenue (Include)

FERC Sub 4561910

SAP 301926 – Short-Term Firm Wheeling (Include)

SAP 302812 - I/C ST Firm Wheeling Revenue-Nevada Pwr (Include)

FERC Sub 4561920 - Firm Wheeling Revenue, Pre-Merger Firm Wheeling Revenue,

Transmission Capacity Re-assignment revenue and contra revenue, Transmission Point-to-Point Revenue (Include)

FERC Sub 4561930

SAP 301922 – Non-Firm Wheeling Revenue (Include)

FERC Sub 4561990

SAP 301913 – Transmission Tariff True-up (Include)

SAP 302990 – L-T Transmission Revenue – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 302991 – S-T Transmission Revenue – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305910 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 1 – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305920 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 2 – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305930 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 3 – Subject to Refund (Include)

SAP 305931 – Ancillary Revenue Sch 3a – Subject to Refund (Include)

Accruals or estimates in accounts 447, 555, and 565 will be excluded; rather, expenses and revenue will be accounted for in the months that they are incurred. Adjustments shall be made to Actual EBAC that are consistent with Commission accepted or ordered adjustments, or adjustments called out in a stipulation or settlement agreement, as ordered in the most recent general rate case, major plant addition case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

(continued)

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Third-Fourth Revision of Sheet No. 94.9 Canceling Second-Third Revision of Sheet No. 94.9

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

EBA DEFERRAL: The monthly EBA Accrual (positive or negative) is determined by calculating the difference between Base NPC and Actual NPC as is described below.

Through May 31, 2016:

EBA Deferral Utah, $month = [(Actual\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh} - Base\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh}) \times Actual\ MWH\ _{Utah,,\ month}] \times 70\%$

Starting June 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019:

EBA Deferral Utah, $month = [(Actual\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh} - Base\ EBAC\ _{month/MWh}) \times Actual\ MWH\ _{Utah,\ month}] \times 100\%$

Where:

```
Actual EBAC month/MWh = (NPC Utah, month, actual / Actual MWh Utah, month) 
+ (WR Utah, month, actual / Actual MWh Utah, month)

Base EBAC month/MWh = (NPC Utah, month base / Base MWh Utah, month) 
+ (WR Utah, month, base / Base MWh Utah, month)
```

NPC _{Utah, month} = Total Company NPC for the month multiplied by the appropriate allocation factors from the most recent general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

WR _{Utah}, _{month} = Total Company Wheeling Revenue for the month multiplied by the appropriate allocation factors from the most recent general rate case, major plant additions case, or other case where Base EBAC are approved.

EBA Deferral Account Balance: the monthly EBA Account Balance will be calculated as follows:

```
EBA Deferral Account Balance current month = Ending Balance previous month + Deferral current month 
- EBA Revenue current month + EBA Carrying charge month
```

EBA CARRYING CHARGE: the EBA Carrying Charge will be calculated and applied to the monthly balance in the EBA Deferral Account as follows:

EBA Carrying Charge month = [Ending Balance previous month + (Deferral current month
$$\times$$
 0.5)
- (EBA Revenue current month \times 0.5)] \times 0.5%

(continued)

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Rocky Mountain Power Exhibit RMP___(RMM-3) Page 23 of 24 Docket No. 17-035-01 Witness: Robert M. Meredith

P.S.C.U. No. 50

First Second Revision of Sheet No. 94.10 Canceling Original First Revision of Sheet No. 94.10

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – eContinued

EBA RATE DETERMINATION: Annually, on the EBA Filing Date, Rocky Mountain Power shall file with the Commission an application for establishment of an EBA rate to become effective on the EBA Rate Effective Date of that year. The EBA Deferral Account Balance as of December 31 shall be allocated to all retail tariff rate schedules and applicable special contracts based on the rate spread approved by the Commission. The new EBA rate will be determined by dividing the EBA Deferral Account Balance allocated to each rate schedule and applicable contract by the schedule or contract forecasted Power Charge and Energy Charge revenues. The EBA rate will be a percentage increase or decrease applied to the monthly Power Charges and Energy Charges of the Customer's applicable schedule or contract as set forth in the schedule.

AUDIT PROCEDURES: All items recorded in the EBA Balancing Account are subject to regulatory audit and prudence review. The Division of Public Utilities will complete its audit according to the EBA Procedural Schedule.

(continued)

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Original Sheet No. 94.11

ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULE NO. 94 – Continued

MONTHLY BILL: In addition to the monthly charges contained in the Customer's applicable schedule, all monthly bills shall have the following EBA Rate percentage applied to the monthly Power Charge and Energy Charge of the Customer's applicable electric service schedule. The collection of costs related to an energy balancing account from customers paying contract rates shall be governed by the terms of the contract.

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	
	EBA Rate	EBA Rate	Net Rate
Schedule 1	0.64%	<u>-0.30%</u>	0.34%
Schedule 2	0.64%	<u>-0.30%</u>	0.34%
Schedule 3	0.64%	<u>-0.30%</u>	0.34%
Schedule 6	0.85%	<u>-0.40%</u>	0.45%
Schedule 6A	1.18%	<u>-0.55%</u>	0.63%
Schedule 6B	0.85%	<u>-0.40%</u>	0.45%
Schedule 7*	0.40%	<u>-0.19%</u>	0.21%
Schedule 8	0.92%	<u>-0.43%</u>	0.49%
Schedule 9	1.12%	<u>-0.52%</u>	0.60%
Schedule 9A	1.24%	<u>-0.58%</u>	0.66%
Schedule 10	0.82%	<u>-0.39%</u>	0.43%
Schedule 11*	0.40%	<u>-0.19%</u>	0.21%
Schedule 12*	0.40%	<u>-0.19%</u>	0.21%
Schedule 15 (Traffic and Other Signal Systems)	0.73%	<u>-0.34%</u>	0.39%
Schedule 15 (Metered Outdoor Nighttime Lighting)	1.07%	<u>-0.51%</u>	0.56%
Schedule 21	2.25%	<u>-1.06%</u>	<u>1.19%</u>
Schedule 23	0.69%	<u>-0.32%</u>	0.36%
Schedule 31	**	**	**
Schedule 32	**	**	**
	_		

^{*} The rate for Schedules 7, 11 and 12 shall be applied to the Charge per Lamp.

ELECTRIC SERVICE REGULATIONS: Service under this Schedule will be in accordance with the terms of the Electric Service Agreement between the Customer and the Company. The Electric Service Regulations of the Company on file with and approved by the Public Service Commission of the State of Utah, including future applicable amendments, will be considered as forming a part of and incorporated in said Agreement.

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^{**} The rate for Schedules 31 and 32 shall be the same as the applicable general service schedule.