BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Voluntary Request of Rocky Mountain Power for Approval of Resource Decision to Repower Wind Facilities	Docket No. 17-035-39 DPU Exhibit 1.0 Direct Confidential
--	---

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

DR. JONI S. ZENGER

UTAH DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

September 20, 2017

CONFIDENTIAL – SUBJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES R746-1-602 AND 603

1	Q.	Please state your name, occupation, and business address.
2	A.	My name is Dr. Joni S. Zenger. I am a Technical Consultant for the Utah
3		Division of Public Utilities (Division). My business address is 160 East 300
4		South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111.
5		
6	Q.	On whose behalf are you testifying?
7	A.	The Division.
8		
9	Q.	Please summarize your background for the record.
10	A.	I have been working for the Division for 17 years as a Technical Consultant.
11		During that time I have filed testimony and memoranda with the Utah Public
12		Service Commission (Commission) involving a variety of economic, regulatory
13		compliance, and policy topics. Most relevant to this docket, over the past eight
14		years, I have conducted analysis on various components of the Company's current
15		wind fleet as it was placed into service. I have a Ph.D. and M.S. in Economics,
16		both from the University of Utah.
17		
18	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
19	A.	I introduce the Division witnesses who conducted analysis and will provide
20		testimony in this case. Then I provide the Division's overall recommendation to
21		the Commission regarding Rocky Mountain Power's (Company) Application for

	SU	BJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603
22		Approval of a Resource Decision to Repower Wind Facilities (Application). In
23		doing so, I outline several factors that warrant significant consideration before any
24		public interest finding can be determined with respect to the Company's pending
25		Application.
26		
27	Q.	What other witnesses will be testifying on behalf of the Division?
28	A.	The Division is sponsoring testimony from the following witnesses:
29		Mr. Daniel E. Peaco, with the firm Daymark Energy Advisors (Daymark),
30		provides the Division's response to the Direct Testimony of Company witness
31		Mr. Rick T. Link. Mr. Peaco's testimony focuses on concerns with the
32		Company's economic analysis, both in the Company's 20-year analysis and its
33		30-year analysis. In addition, Mr. Peaco points out significant risks to the
34		economics of the project that, when taken into consideration, not only result in
35		reduced customer benefits beyond what the Company has calculated, but may end
36		up costing ratepayers more in the long-run.
37		Mr. Dave Thomson addresses the Company's requested ratemaking
38		treatment of the costs and benefits of the wind repowering projects. Mr. Thomson
39		also testifies on the requirements necessary for the Company to qualify for the
40		production tax credit (PTC) benefits.
41		Mr. Charles E. Peterson testifies on the financial ability of the Company to
42		make the wind repowering investment and explains the short- and long-term
43		impacts of the decision to repower now. Mr. Peterson also addresses the

SUBJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603		
44		Company's request for continued recovery on the original wind plant equipment,
45		focusing on the implications of recovering investment that is not "used and
46		useful" and intergenerational equity.
47		
48	Q.	To the extent that your testimony or the testimony of the Division's other
49		witnesses does not address an issue, should that be interpreted as acceptance
50		or rejection of that issue?
51	A.	No.
52		
53	Q.	Please summarize the Division's overall recommendation concerning the
54		Company's Application.
55	A.	The Division recommends rejecting the Application. The Company has not
56		sufficiently demonstrated that the wind repowering projects provide clear net
57		benefits to ratepayers. There are substantial risks involved with the wind
58		repowering that the Company has not adequately addressed, that could very well
59		yield net costs to customers. The Company is asking that all of the risks be borne
60		entirely by customers. The incentive for the Company to pursue the proposal is
61		clear - it will add hundreds of millions of dollars to its rate base upon which it has
62		the opportunity to earn a relatively predictable return. As the Division's
63		witnesses will point out, the Company has not adequately addressed the
64		significant risks associated with this project that can significantly change the
65		economics when incorporated into the cost/benefit analysis. At this time, the

	<mark>SU</mark>	BJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603
66		Division recommends the Commission deny the Company's repowering
67		Application as currently filed. The Division cannot recommend that the
68		Commission find it prudent or in the public interest.
69		
70	Q.	Please explain how the Division reached its recommendation.
71	A.	Using the filed testimony and the Company's responses to the Division's and
72		other parties' data requests, the Division scrutinized the Company's Application,
73		work papers, and discovery. Inasmuch as the Company asked the Commission to
74		consider the proposed wind repowering projects as "resource decisions," under
75		Utah Code Ann. Section 54-17-402, ¹ the Division reviewed the language in the
76		statute and applied it as the basis and standard for the Division's analysis in this
77		case.
78		
79	Q.	Please provide more details on Utah's standard for resource decisions.
80	A.	I understand Utah Code Ann. Section 54-17-402 affords the Company an
81		opportunity to seek preapproval of a resource decision, subject to certain public
82		interest requirements that the Commission must consider. In part, this statute
83		states:
84 85 86 87		(1) before implementing a resource decision, an energy utility may request that the commission approve all or part of a resource decision in accordance with this part.

¹ Application, p. 8, Item 17.

SUBJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603

88	To be clear, the Company already committed significant resources toward
89	implementing its resource decision when it purchased wind turbine generators
90	through sole source contracts with General Electric International, Inc. (GE) and
91	Vestas American Wind Technology (Vestas) in December 2016. ² The Company
92	has been planning for this project for over a year. ³ Months before any mention of
93	the projects to regulators or IRP working group participants, and even longer
94	before filing its preapproval application, the utility executed sole source contracts
95	for a significant portion of these projects. The effect of the statutory language
96	requiring application "before implementing [the] resource decision" on the
97	appropriateness of this proceeding in light of the Company's significant work and
98	contracts before the filing is beyond the scope of my testimony. Nevertheless, the
99	preliminary work and contracts are relevant to the Division's testimony.
100	
101	Receiving the Application and information regarding this proposal at this stage in
102	the process raises the question of whether the Company has already committed to
103	completing the repower regardless of the outcome of this Application. The statute
104	does not contemplate approval of a resource decision that has already been
105	<i>committed</i> to. Permitting resource decision preapproval is reasonable when the

106

process involves collaboration in planning, where other parties' input might help

² Company Response to DPU 1.3.1 and 1.3.4 dated August 10, 2017 and August 13, 2017, respectively.

³ Company Response to DPU 1.6, July 26, 2017. The Company states that it began talks with the wind turbine generator suppliers in May of 2016.

107	identify the best resource decision for customers, as prudent risks are mitigated
108	before a decision has been made.
109	
110	Company witness, Ms. Crane stresses the importance of allowing "the
111	Commission and stakeholders an opportunity to review and provide meaningful
112	input into the wind repowering decision "before contracts are executed," ⁴ and
113	"before the Company makes this significant investment," ⁵ especially on a project
114	that requires this "magnitude of investment and scope." ⁶
115	
116	In comparison, where the Company makes independent resource decisions, the
117	prudence is typically evaluated at the time the Company has placed the resource
118	in service and seeks recovery. The preapproval process is a risk mitigation tool
119	for the utility to use when it effectively invites other participants into the planning
120	process. When a utility proceeds with such projects on its own, it undertakes the
121	risk that it has made an imprudent decision. In this case, the utility appears to be
122	inviting others into the process after significant decisions have already been made,
123	seeking absolution for risk it has already incurred. To the extent that the Company
124	has already committed to pursuing the Application regardless of the outcome, the
125	project seems ill-suited to the statutory preapproval process.

⁴ Direct Testimony of Cindy A. Crane, June 30, 2017, p.10, lines 215-216. ⁵ Id. at line 218.

⁶ Id. at line 213.

SUBJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603

127	Q.	Did the Division consider any other Utah standard for review in its
128		evaluation of the Company's Application?
129	A.	Yes, in addition to providing an opportunity for the Company to seek a resource
130		revision review, Utah Code Ann. Section 54-17-402 requires the Commission to
131		determine whether the decision is in the public interest, by taking into
132		consideration the following factors:
133		\circ Whether the decision will most likely result in the acquisition, production,
134		and delivery of utility services at the lowest reasonable cost to the retail
135		customers of the utility
136		• Long-term and short-term impacts
137		0 Risk
138		• Reliability
139		• Financial impacts on the utility
140		• Other factors determined by the Commission to be relevant
141		
142		Each Division witness has incorporated these elements in his or her respective
143		testimony. In my testimony today, I focus on "other factors" that are relevant to
144		this Application.
145		
146	Q.	Has the Company previously purchased sole source wind turbine generation
147		equipment?

148	A.	Yes. The last time the Company purchased sole source contracts with wind
149		turbine generator suppliers it experienced significant problems that resulted in a
150		suboptimal solution for ratepayers. Past experience suggests numerous factors can
151		significantly alter a wind project's viability and impose unanticipated costs and
152		risks. In 2007, the Company purchased bulk wind turbine generators through sole
153		source contracts in hopes of incorporating the wind turbine generators into wind
154		projects prior to the expiration of the federal PTCs. ⁷ As is the case in this
155		Application, there was not a currently acknowledged Integrated Resource Plan
156		(IRP) in place showing that the resource selection was needed. In fact, the
157		Commission explicitly did not acknowledge the Company's 2007 IRP nor the
158		Action Plan that the Company used in its analysis justifying the project. ⁸
159		
160		In connection with Docket No. 09-035-23, the Division discovered problems that
161		the Company encountered because the Company made several large purchases of
162		the same make and model (1997) wind turbine generators. ⁹ The wind
163		turbine generators purchased in bulk were not optimized for each specific project
164		site. The Division determined that certain types of wind turbine generator models

 ⁷ Docket No. 09-035-23, Application, In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authority to Increase its Retail Electric Service Rates in Utah and for Approval of Its Proposed Electric Service Schedules and Electric Utility Service Schedules and Electric Service Regulations, June 23, 2009.
⁸Docket No. 07-2035-01, In the Matter of the PacifiCorp 2006 Integrated Resource Plan, Report and Order, February 6, 2008, p. 43.

⁹ Docket No. 09-035-23, In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authority to Increase its Retail Electric Service Rates in Utah and for Approval of Its Proposed Electric Service Schedules and Electric Utility Service Schedules and Electric Service Regulations, Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Joni S. Zenger, Ph.D., October 8, 2009, p. 23, lines 486-489.

	SUBJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603
165	operate more efficiently under certain wind conditions than other turbines and can
166	minimize costs per megawatt hour of projected output.
167	
168	The Company had originally planned to place the wind turbines
169	at a wind farm location it was
170	
171	
172	10
173	
174	
175	
176	
177	
178	¹¹ It is worth noting that, at that time, the Oregon
179	Public Service Commission disallowed the Rolling Hills project's costs in rates. ¹²
180	

¹⁰Docket No. 09-035-23, In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authority to Increase its Retail Electric Service Rates in Utah and for Approval of Its Proposed Electric Service Schedules and Electric Utility Service Schedules and Electric Service Regulations, Company's Confidential Response to DPU #23.3-2. April 17, 2009.

¹¹ Docket No. 09-035-23, In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authority to Increase its Retail Electric Service Rates in Utah and for Approval of Its Proposed Electric Service Schedules and Electric Utility Service Schedules and Electric Service Regulations, Company's Confidential Response to DPU #23.18. April 17, 2009.

¹² Oregon Public Utility Commission, Order No. 08-548, November 14, 2008, p. 2.



¹³ Docket No. 09-035-23, In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authority to Increase its Retail Electric Service Rates in Utah and for Approval of Its Proposed Electric Service Schedules and Electric Utility Service Schedules and Electric Service Regulations, Company's Confidential Response to DPU #23.3-2, April 17, 2009.

200	Q.	Earlier in your testimony you mentioned that there were other factors that
201		the Commission may choose to consider under the Commission's public
202		interest standard. Please state the other factors you deem relevant here and
203		provide supporting testimony for your reasoning.
204	A.	There are three significant factors relevant to the Commission's public interest
205		determination in this Application.
206		
207		(1) The Company's 2017 IRP analysis shows that there is a lack of an operational
208		need for the wind repowering resources (or any other major generating resource)
209		in the front 10 years of the Company's IRP planning horizon. According to the
210		Company's 2017 IRP filing, the next major need for a natural gas generating
211		resource is not needed until around the 2028-2029 timeframe. ¹⁴ Though the 2017
212		IRP has not yet been fully adjudicated, ¹⁵ it does show that load growth is down,
213		and the Company is successfully implementing DSM and energy efficiency
214		projects. ¹⁶ This is reasonably consistent with the Company's 2015 IRP, which
215		was acknowledged by the Commission. ¹⁷ The 2015 IRP shows the first major new
216		generation resource coming online in 2028. ¹⁸ The Division is still reviewing the
217		2017 IRP and the precise way in which the repowering projects were treated in
218		the modeling that purports to select the projects. However, it appears the primary

¹⁴Docket No. 17-035-16, PacifiCorp's 2017 Integrated Resource Plan, April 4, 2017, pp. 1-2. ¹⁵Id.

¹⁶Id.

 ¹⁷ Docket No. 15-035-04, Report and Order, September 16, 2016.
¹⁸ Docket No. 15-035-04, PacifiCorp's 2015 IRP, Vol I, p. 196.

SUBJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603

219		driver of these projects is potential economic opportunity, not resource need as
220		traditionally understood.
221		
222		(2) The Company does not have a Commission-approved IRP or Action Plan
223		identifying the wind repowering resources. These facts alone suggest the
224		economic decision to repower wind facilities for a potential economic opportunity
225		is not an ordinary resource acquisition. In light of this, making a speculative
226		investment for economic reasons in the absence of a truly required generation
227		resource is risky.
228		
229		(3) Mr. Peaco will discuss in this testimony the wide variations in net benefit
230		calculations that the Company has provided, as well as methodology problems that
231		he has discovered with respect to the Company's extrapolation out to the year 2050.
232		These problems cast further doubt on the benefit estimates and the wisdom of
233		proceeding.
234		
235	Q.	Will you please summarize the key points of your testimony here?
236	A.	Yes. The Company's application should be denied because the projects have not
237		been demonstrated to be in the public interest as set out in Utah Code Ann.
238		Section 54-17-402. I have identified three relevant factors that need to be
239		considered in making a public interest determination in this Application. Each of
240		the Division's witnesses will elaborate on these factors and various risks and

SUBJECT TO UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION RULES 746-1-602 AND 603

241		concerns. The proposed repowering represents a significant ratepayer risk that has
242		not been demonstrably outweighed by a high probability of significant savings
243		when compared to the no-action option. Without significant risk mitigation
244		assurances the Division recommends rejection of the Application.
245		
246	Q.	Please summarize the Division's recommendation to the Commission
247		regarding the Company's Application.
248	A.	The Company has not sufficiently demonstrated that the wind repowering projects
249		provide clear net risk-adjusted benefits to ratepayers. The Division recommends
250		the Commission deny the Company's Application as currently filed.
251		
252	Q.	Does this conclude your Testimony?

253 A. Yes.