#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Approval of a Significant Energy Resource Decision and Voluntary Request for Approval of Resource Decision	Docket No. 17-035-40 DPU Exhibit 1.0R	
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### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

### OF

# DR. JONI S. ZENGER

## **UTAH DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES**

January 16, 2018

1	Q.	Please state your name, occupation, and business address.
2	A.	My name is Dr. Joni S. Zenger. I am a Technical Consultant for the Utah
3		Division of Public Utilities (Division). My business address is 160 East 300
4		South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111.
5	Q.	On whose behalf are you testifying?
6	А.	The Division.
7	Q.	Have you previously submitted testimony in this docket?
8	A.	Yes. I submitted direct testimony on behalf of the Division in this docket on
9		December 5, 2017.
10	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
11	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to present evidence that was not included
12		in Rocky Mountain Power's (the Company) Application that could have a
13		substantial impact on the analysis presented by the Company in this docket. The
14		new evidence I refer to is the tax reform legislation that was signed into law by
15		President Trump on December 22, 2017 and took effect on January 1, 2018. <sup>1</sup>
16	Q.	Please provide some background for your rebuttal position.
17	A.	The Company's Application in this matter was made based on the federal
18		corporate income tax rates that were in effect when the Company filed its
19		Application on June 30, 3017. The Company's request for a resource decision
20		was also based on the then-current tax law as it pertained to production tax

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://www.whitehouse.gov/articles/tax-reform-going/?utm\_source=link.</u>

21	credits <sup>2</sup> (PTCs). Therefore, the Company's assumptions and calculations in this
22	case have been crafted using the 35 percent federal corporate income tax rate, as
23	well as the extension of the PTCs allowed in current tax law at that time. <sup>3</sup>
24	
25	A number of parties filed direct testimony on December 5, 2017, in this
26	proceeding, including the following: Bela Vastag, Donna Ramas, and Philip
27	Hayet for the Office of Consumer Services (OCS); Bradly G. Mullins on behalf of
28	the Utah Association of Energy Users (UAE) and the Utah Industrial Energy
29	Consumers (UIEC); Kate Bowman on behalf of Utah Clean Energy (UCE);
30	Nancy L. Kelly on behalf of Western Resource Advocates (WRA); Gregory F.
31	Jenner on behalf of the Interwest Energy Alliance; and Dr. Joni Zenger, Dan
32	Peaco, Robert A Davis, Dave Thomson, and Charles E. Peterson, on behalf of the
33	Division; collectively, the (Parties).
34	
35	Through discovery, sensitivity testing and other types of analyses, many of the
36	Parties attempted to look at project economics using lower corporate tax rates, as
37	there was at the time a distinct possibility that tax overhaul legislation would be
38	passed. The U.S. House of Representatives (House) passed the Tax Cuts and
39	Jobs Act on November 16, 2017, lowering the corporate tax rate to 20 percent,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The "Protecting Americans from Tax Hikes (PATH) Act of 2015 extended the availability of the PTC wind facilities under construction before January 1, 2020, but provides for a phase down (based on when construction of the project begins) eventually reaching zero for projects which begin construction after 2019. <sup>3</sup>Id.

<sup>2</sup> 

40		among other things. <sup>4</sup> The U.S. Senate's (Senate) version of the Tax Cuts and Jobs
41		Act was passed on December 2, 2017, <sup>5</sup> and members of the Senate and House
42		worked quickly to negotiate a revised final bill that was signed by Congress on
43		December 15, 2017. <sup>6</sup>
44	Q.	Please present your rebuttal evidence and why you claim it matters in this
45		proceeding.
46	A.	On December 22, 2017, the President signed into law H.R. 1, known as the Tax
47		Cuts and Jobs Act, <sup>7</sup> which makes sweeping and some permanent modifications to
48		the Internal Revenue Code for individuals and corporations. The act replaced the
49		35 percent corporate tax rate with a rate of 21 percent, effective January 1, 2018.
50		The final version of the legislation also made changes to bonus depreciation. <sup>8</sup>
51		Corporate accountants are reviewing the tax code to determine its effects on
52		corporations. Any tax-related analysis that the Division, as well as other Parties,
53		has performed to date will need to be re-done or refreshed. The Division's
54		witness, Mr. Dave Thomson, will discuss the impact of the new tax legislation on
55		PTCs as it pertains to this docket in his rebuttal testimony.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Conference report to accompany the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (H. Rept. 115-466) (as filed), p. 445, <u>https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CRPT-115hrpt466/pdf/CRPT-115hrpt466.pdf</u>. . <sup>5</sup>Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Id. at p. 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> <u>https://www.whitehouse.gov/articles/tax-reform-going/</u>.Hassett, Kevin. Tax Reform: Where Have We Been and Where Are We Going? January 6, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Conference report to accompany the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (H. Rept. 115-466) (as filed), p. 354, https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CRPT-115hrpt466/pdf/CRPT-115hrpt466.pdf.

56	Q.	Would the lower 21 percent corporate income tax rate have a substantial
57		impact on the analysis presented by the Company and analyzed by the
58		Parties in this docket?
59	A.	Yes, it should. As previously mentioned, the Company filed its initial
60		Application with the then-current 35 percent corporate tax rate. The PTCs
61		received by the Company are grossed up for income taxes to determine the impact
62		on revenue requirements. Lowering the income tax rate will reduce the pre-tax
63		return on investments that are included in the revenue requirements, but it also
64		significantly lowers the value of the PTCs because the non-PTC tax is
65		significantly lower.
66		
67		Because of the legislation, much of the testimony filed by the Parties in this
68		proceeding is no longer pertinent, as it was based on significant uncertainty
69		surrounding the pending tax legislation. Going forward, the Parties will make
70		their respective analyses and findings on what is now known and is no longer
71		speculative. However, before Parties can re-do their analyses, the Company
72		needs to file an updated Application that takes into account the new tax
73		legislation, as well as updates to other assumptions, such as official forward prices
74		and carbon prices. Other Parties will then need significant time to review the
75		updated filing.

77		In a separate proceeding, but one which was filed contemporaneously with this
78		Application, Rocky Mountain Power's Voluntary Request for Approval of a
79		Resource Decision to Repower its Wind Facilities (Docket No. 17-035-39) (Wind
80		Repowering Proceeding), Public Service Commission of Utah's (Commission)
81		Scheduling Order was amended due to the passage of tax reform legislation,
82		which could affect the projected customer benefits resulting from wind
83		repowering.
84		
85		In the Wind Repowering Proceeding, the Company will file on February 1, 2018,
86		supplemental testimony including an updated economic analysis on a project-by-
87		project basis reflecting the recently passed tax legislation and any other
88		provisions. In addition, there the Company will update its forward price curves
89		effective January 1, 2018 and will provide any known changes in costs and
90		performance related to wind repowering. According to the Commission's
91		November 22, 2017 Scheduling Order, parties in that docket will have until
92		April 2, 2019 to file rebuttal testimony.
93		
94		Additionally, the Division notes the Commission has begun investigating the
95		legislation's effects and possible deferrals of benefits for ratepayers.
96	Q.	Is there other rebuttal evidence that needs to be considered?
97	A.	Yes. In addition to the Company's 2017R Request for Proposals (RFP) in Docket
98		No. 17-035-23 that runs concurrent with this proceeding, the Company issued a

99		Solar Request for Proposal (RFP), and the initial shortlist results are expected this
100		month, according to the Company's indicative schedule in its 2017S RFP. <sup>9</sup> The
101		Division is not yet aware of the impact of the Company's Solar RFP results on
102		this docket and reserves the right to bring this matter forward at a later time.
103		
104		Also, a Technical Conference has been scheduled for January 18, 2018 in this
105		proceeding to review the Company's RFP results and updated filing. Inasmuch as
106		the Division's Rebuttal Testimony will be filed on January 16, 2018, two days
107		prior to the Technical Conference, the Division reserves the right to rebut any new
108		evidence that is presented in this case by the Company and by all intervening
109		parties. The Technical Conference may be the appropriate time to determine if
110		the current schedule needs to be vacated or amended in this proceeding.
111		
112		The fact that the Division does not address a particular point or position in this
113		rebuttal testimony should not be construed as acquiescence. In fact one of the
114		purposes of this rebuttal is to reserve the right to comment on testimony or
115		analysis of the Parties, including the Company, at a later time after the updates
116		have been incorporated into the filing.
117	Q.	In your Direct Testimony, you recommended that the Company's proposed
118		Combined Projects be rejected. Has there been any information presented

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>http://www.pacificorp.com/content/dam/pacificorp/doc/Suppliers/RFPs/2017S\_RFP/Main\_Documents/RF P\_2017S\_SOLAR\_RFP\_MAIN\_DOCUMENT.pdf

119		through discovery or otherwise that cause you to modify your position that
120		the Application for significant and voluntary resource decisions should be
121		rejected?
122	A.	No, absolutely not. I continue to strongly recommend that the proposed new wind
123		and transmission projects will not likely result in the acquisition, production, and
124		delivery of electricity to its customers at the lowest reasonable cost and least risk
125		possible. The Company has not sufficiently demonstrated that the Combined
126		Projects provide clear net benefits to ratepayers. The Division cannot recommend
127		that the Commission find it prudent or in the public interest. Recent tax changes
128		would seem to make benefits less likely.
129	Q	Please summarize the Division's overall rebuttal recommendation
130		concerning the Company's Application.
131	A.	The Division's rebuttal position is unchanged, pending a review of Company and
132		Party updates. The Division recommends denying approval of the Application.
133	Q.	Does this conclude your Testimony?
134	A.	Yes.