Witness OCS – 1 Rebuttal

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH

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In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power to Establish Export Credits for Customer Generated Electricity Docket No. 17-035-61

Rebuttal Testimony of Cheryl Murray For the Office of Consumer Services

### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

OF

#### CHERYL MURRAY

## FOR THE OFFICE OF CONSUMER SERVICES

**APRIL 10, 2018** 

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, OCCUPATION AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.		
2	А.	My name is Cheryl Murray; I am a Utility Analyst for the Office of Consumer		
3		Services (Office). My business address is 160 East 300 South, Salt Lake City, Utah		
4		84111.		
5	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING?		
6	А.	I am testifying on behalf of the Office of Consumer Services (Office).		
7	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?		
8	А.	No, I have not.		
9	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?		
10	А.	Participants in this docket have proposed certain modifications to Rocky Mountain		
11		Power's (RMP or the Company) proposed load research study methods. The purpose		
12		of my testimony is to respond to a limited number of those suggested modifications. I		
13		will not testify to the overall reasonableness of the Company's proposal or to every		
14		issue raised by parties in their direct testimonies. Lack of response to any issue does		
15		not indicate either agreement or disagreement with that issue.		
16	Q.	WHAT SPECIFIC ISSUES WILL YOU ADDRESS?		
17	A.	I will address the recommendations for the load research study to collect additional		
18		information in addition to the data around which the study is designed and the		
19		recommendation to separately evaluate residential and commercial customers.		
20	. <b>Q.</b>	WHAT ADDITIONAL INFORMATION HAVE SOME PARTIES		
21		<b>RECOMMENDED TO BE COLLECTED?</b>		

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22	A.	Vote Solar recommends that RMP	record the rooftop system capacity, the	orientation,		
23		and tilt angle of each system, the lo	ocation (zip code), and estimated degree	e of		
24		shading. Vote Solar observes that I	RMP could collect this data during its r	equired visit		
25		to each transition customer and further recommends that RMP should verify this				
26		information for the grandfathered customers when they change out the meter.				
27		(Gilliam Direct, lines 491 – 496) Utah Clean Energy similarly recommends that RMP				
28		should collect information about orientation, tilt, and degree of shading of systems.				
29		(Bowman Direct, lines 224 – 225) But Utah Clean Energy made a more specific				
30		recommendation regarding the collection of location information to include the circu				
31		and substation for each customer. (Bowman Direct, lines 257 – 261) Also, Utah Clear				
32		Energy further recommends collecting customer load characteristics via a				
33		questionnaire that asks about appli	ances, air conditioning, evaporative coo	oling,		
34		electric vehicle, LED lighting, batt	ery storage, smart thermostats, and othe	er relevant		
35		appliances and devices. (Bowman Direct, lines 238 – 242)				
36	Q.	DO THESE RECOMMENDATI	ONS REQUIRE MODIFICATION	ГО ТНЕ		
37		PRIMARY DESIGN OF THE C	OMPANY'S PROPOSED LOAD RE	ESEARCH		
38		STUDY?				
39	A.	Not necessarily. As Mr. Gilliam sa	id, "[]this is our one chance to gathe	er		
40		information that could be necessary	y to understand why exported energy ex	xhibits		
41		certain temporal and amplitude pat	terns." (Gilliam Direct, lines 484 – 486	i) Utah		
42		Clean Energy framed its recommen	ndation as modifying the study design,	but only		
43		with respect to adding data collecti	on not to the extent of changing variab	les or		
44		expanding to a multi-dimensional	sample. (Bowman Direct, lines 205 – 2	61)		

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#### 45 WHAT IS THE OFFICE'S RESPONSE TO THESE RECOMMENDATIONS? 0. 46 The Office agrees with the recommendations to require RMP to collect additional Α. 47 data with respect to the system characteristics. In particular, the Office agrees with 48 Vote Solar that RMP should take advantage of this opportunity and gather the 49 information for the transition customers especially since the Company must already 50 make a site visit. Over time, this data collection will become more significant and will 51 allow the Company and other parties to study the impacts of rooftop solar in more 52 detail by better understanding the differences among system designs and locations. In 53 fact, such data might be able to facilitate the development of more specific rate 54 designs to better match costs and benefits of different system designs. Thus, this 55 recommended data collection is a relatively low cost method of collecting 56 information likely to have relatively high value in the longer run. 57 **Q**. DOES THE OFFICE ALSO AGREE WITH THE RECOMMENDATION TO 58 **COLLECT ADDITIONAL LOAD INFORMATION?** 59 A. The Office does not oppose the recommendation made by Utah Clean Energy to 60 collect information about electric end-use appliance saturation for load research 61 program participants if it can be accomplished relatively easily and at a relatively low

cost. However, the Office notes that this type of information varies over time even
within a single site and would need to be updated to be useful and relevant in future
rate designs. Further, sending a questionnaire could be done at a later date as
compared to the observation of rooftop solar system characteristics, which is more
easily accomplished now by taking advantage of a site visit that will already be done
by RMP.

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#### 68 Q. WHAT RECOMMENDATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE TO SEPARATELY

#### 69 STUDY RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL CUSTOMERS?

70 A. Utah Clean Energy recommends that the load research study stratify residential and 71 commercial customers separately. (Bowman Direct, lines 321 – 322) In support of 72 this recommendation, Ms. Bowman discusses some of the key differences between 73 residential and small commercial solar installations. (Bowman Direct, lines 279 – 290 74 and 307 – 318) Vote Solar also recommended "parallel sampling and data gathering" 75 for residential and commercial customers and specifically referenced a sample design 76 provided by RMP in response to a workshop data request. (Gilliam Direct, line 526) Vote Solar further recommended that RMP use that design modified to reflect RMP's 77 78 commitment to a 95% confidence interval and other changes. (Gilliam Direct, lines 79 519 – 527) Mr. Gilliam also discusses differences between residential and 80 commercial customers in support of Vote Solar's recommendation. (Gilliam Direct, 81 lines 509 - 517)

#### 82 O. WHAT IS THE OFFICE'S RESPONSE TO THESE RECOMMENDATIONS?

83 The Office agrees that the differences between residential and commercial solar Α. 84 installations are significant enough to warrant separate study. Vote Solar notes that 85 although the Company "has 130 profile meters installed on Schedule 23 customers, it 86 does not indicate whether these customers have loads larger or smaller than 15 kW. 87 Further, RMP has provided no information about any similarities in load patterns 88 between residential customers under Schedules 1, 2, or 3 and small commercial 89 customers under Schedule 23." (Gilliam Direct, lines 505 to 509) Mr. Gilliam goes 90 on to point out that the export characteristics of commercial customers are likely to be

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91		different from those of residential customer	s. The Office agrees with Mr.	Gilliam		
92		that, "the values attributable to commercial	rooftop solar are likely to vary	from those		
93		of the residential customers". (Gilliam Dire	ct, lines 516 – 517)			
94		Utah Clean Energy raises similar co	ncerns when it states, "Comme	ercial		
95		customers are more likely to have limited roof space relative to their electricity usage,				
96		and as a result, tend to install smaller systems relative to their load (which can result				
97		in minimal or no exports to the grid). (Bow	rman Direct, lines 284-286) Th	he Office		
98		asserts that understanding the differences in	export patterns and level of ex	xports		
99		between the residential and commercial cla	sses should be part of the load	research		
100		study.				
101		The Office is concerned that not sep	arating the load research betwo	een		
102		residential and commercial participants may	y distort the results, thereby ren	ndering the		
103		load research study less useful. Thus, the O	ffice recommends that the Con	nmission		
104		require the load research study to be expand	led such that it evaluates reside	ential and		
105		commercial customers separately.				
106	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE POSITIO	N AND RECOMMENDATIO	ONS OF		
107		THE OFFICE.				
108	A.	The Office recommends that RMP be requi	red to make the following char	nges to the		
109		load research study:				
110		1) Sample and evaluate residential and small	ll commercial customers separ	ately, and		
111		2) Gather additional data about system	characteristics including roo	ftop system		
112		capacity, the orientation, and tilt angle of	each system, estimated degree	of shading,		
113		and the location including the circuit and su	bstation.			

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# 114 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

115 A. Yes.