KENNECOTT EXHIBIT 3.2

Q. Please state your name, business address and present position with
 PacifiCorp, dba Rocky Mountain Power (the Company).

A. My name is Joelle R. Steward. My business address is 825 NE Multnomah Street,
Suite 2000, Portland, Oregon 97232. My present position is Director of Pricing,
Cost of Service, and Regulatory Operations in the Regulation Department.

6 **Qualifications**

7 **O**.

2. Briefly describe your education and professional background.

8 Α. I have a Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science from the University of 9 Oregon and a Masters of Public Affairs from the Hubert Humphrey Institute of 10 Public Policy at the University of Minnesota. Between 1999 and March 2007, 11 I was employed as a Regulatory Analyst with the Washington Utilities and 12 Transportation Commission. I joined the Company in March 2007 as the 13 Regulatory Manager responsible for all regulatory filings and proceedings in 14 Oregon. I assumed my current position in February 2012, in which I direct the 15 work of the cost of service, pricing, and regulatory operations groups.

16 Q. Have you appeared as a witness in previous regulatory proceedings?

A. Yes. I have testified in regulatory proceedings in Idaho, Oregon, Utah, Wyoming,and Washington.

Purpose of Testimony

20 **Q.** What is the purpose of your testimony?

A. My testimony supports the Company's application for approval of changes to
 partial requirements service, i.e., backup or standby service ("Partial
 Requirements Service"), available through Schedule 31, Back-Up, Maintenance

24 and Supplementary Power. Partial requirements service is available to customers 25 with onsite generation. The Company is proposing changes to revise rates and the 26 methodology used to calculate the rate components for Partial Requirements 27 Service, and update the applicability and availability of Schedule 31. Exhibit 28 RMP___(JRS-1) is a copy of the Company's proposed revised tariff Electric 29 Service Schedule No. 31, Partial Requirements Service – Large General Service, 30 1,000 kW and over. The Company is requesting an effective date of September 1, 31 2014, and to incorporate any applicable general rate changes approved during the 32 intervening period using the proposed methodology in the compliance filing for 33 this proceeding.

34 The Company's current Schedule 31 was created over 20 years ago. As a 35 result of a growing interest in customer-owned generation, the Company has 36 reevaluated the tariff and is proposing changes that will better reflect the cost of 37 providing this service to large general service customers and minimize cost 38 shifting to other customers. First, the Company is proposing to require any 39 customer with onsite generation that meets the applicability to take service under 40 this schedule. Specifically, the Company is proposing that Schedule 31 apply to 41 customers that require backup service, who have onsite facilities of 1,000 kW and 42 greater, not to exceed 15,000 kW, or who have a facility which meets the criteria 43 of a qualifying facility (QF) under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA). Second, the Company is proposing new rates using a 44 45 methodology to more closely tie the rates to the otherwise applicable general 46 service schedule and to better recover fixed costs associated with transmission

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47		and generation facilities in Partial Requirements Service rates. The Company			
48	requests that the approved methodology be used in all future rate case proceedings				
49		where Schedule 31 rates will be established.			
50	Q.	How is your testimony organized?			
51	A.	My testimony is organized as follows:			
52		• First, I provide background for the filing that includes a history of			
53		Schedule 31, a description of Partial Requirements Service, and an			
54		explanation of why changes to Partial Requirements Service are necessary			
55		at this time.			
56		• Next, I describe the proposed changes to the applicability of Partial			
57		Requirements Service.			
58		• Lastly, I describe the components of Partial Requirements Service and the			
59		proposed changes to the calculation of rates.			
60	Background				
61	Q.	In general, what types of customers take Partial Requirements Service under			
62		Schedule 31?			
63	А.	Partial Requirements Service is currently available, but not required, for			
64		customers that own generation behind the meter and desire to use their generation			
65		to offset their retail load. These customers purchase only part of their total			
66		electricity requirements from the Company in the event their generation is not			
67		sufficient to meet their retail load or when their generation is not operating.			

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68 Q. Please provide a brief history of Partial Requirements Service under
69 Schedule 31.

70 Α. Partial Requirements Service was first made available under Schedule 31 in 1976 71 for customers with onsite generation 2,500 kW or less. In 1987, the rate structure 72 was further refined and service was expanded to customers with onsite generation 73 up to 10 MW. At that time, a monthly Facilities Charge was implemented that 74 was designed only to recover the costs of distribution and local transmission 75 facilities used to deliver power during periods of outages at customer generation 76 facilities. In 1992, service and rate provisions were added for service during 77 planned maintenance periods (i.e., Maintenance Service) and when customer's 78 demand exceeds their contract demand (i.e., Excess Service). Since 1992, the 79 Schedule 31 rate structure has remained unchanged.

80 Q. What components are included in Partial Requirements Service under 81 Schedule 31?

- A. Partial Requirements Service consists of the following four main components.
 Each of these is explained in more detail later in my testimony.
- Supplementary Service is the customer's regular electricity requirement
 that is in addition to the amount served by the customer's generation
 during normal operations. Charges for Supplementary Service are
 consistent with the charges on the applicable full requirements general
 service schedule.
- Backup Service is the customer's electricity requirement normally served
 by the customer's generation that the customer contracts with the

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91 Company to serve during unplanned outages of the customer's generation.
92 Backup Service has two rate components: (1) a monthly Facilities Charge
93 that is applied to the customer's requested level of backup contract
94 demand, and (2) a Backup Power Charge that is applied to daily usage
95 during periods the customer's generation goes offline.

- Maintenance Service is the customer's electricity requirement normally
 served by the customer's generation that the customer contracts with the
 Company to serve during planned maintenance outages for the customer's
 generation. During planned maintenance periods, charges for usage are
 one-half of the Backup Power Charge. Maintenance periods must be
 nominated in advance and approved by the Company.
- Excess Service is for usage that exceeds the total contract demand
 nominated by the customer for Supplementary and Backup or
 Maintenance Service. Rates for Excess Service are two times the charges
 for Supplementary Service.
- 106 Q. Why is the Company proposing changes to Partial Requirements Service at
 107 this time?

A. Over the last several years the Company has seen an increase in the number of customers in Utah and other states receiving or inquiring about Partial Requirements Service, as well as an increase in the size of customer-owned generation. In addition, the current Schedule 31 is *available* for customers with onsite generation, but it does not *require* those customers to take service on that schedule. Instead, several customers receive service under full requirements

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114 service schedules even though the type of service they receive is more closely 115 aligned with the Partial Requirements Service described in Schedule 31. Because of the vintage of the current Schedule 31, increasing inquiries regarding Partial 116 117 Requirements Service, and larger onsite generation facilities, a review of the tariff 118 is necessary to ensure that Partial Requirements Service charges adequately 119 reflect the cost of providing this service in order to minimize subsidization from 120 other customers. The Company is proposing to include fixed costs associated with 121 transmission infrastructure and generation that is necessary for the provision of 122 Backup Service, in addition to the distribution and local transmission costs that 123 were included 20 years ago.

124 **Proposed Applicability of Schedule 31**

Q. Who currently qualifies for Partial Requirements Service under Schedule 31
and what changes to the applicability of Partial Requirements Service is the
Company proposing?

A. Schedule 31 is currently available to customers requesting Backup or
Maintenance Service whose onsite generation does not exceed 10,000 kW. Partial
Requirements Service is available, but not required, for customers with onsite
generation. The Company proposes to require Large General Service customers
take Partial Requirements Service through Schedule 31 rather than have the
option to take service under Schedule 8 or 9, if:

- 1341. Customer onsite generation, regardless of generation type, is 1,000 kW135and higher, not to exceed 15,000 kW, and
- 136 2. Customer onsite generation is greater than 15,000 kW and meets the

137 criteria for Qualifying Facilities ("QF") under the Public Utility138 Regulatory Policies Act of 1978.

Customers with onsite generation less than 1,000 kW will be served under the applicable general service schedule. Customers with facilities in excess of 15,000 kW and that do not meet QF criteria will continue to require special contract arrangements. Schedule 31 is not required where onsite generation is used solely for emergency supply during times of a Company outage or for customers taking service under Schedule 135, Net Metering Service.

In addition, the Company is proposing language to clarify that Partial Requirements Service is used to supply the customer's onsite load when the customer's generation experiences an unplanned and or scheduled maintenance outage; this service is not for customer onsite generation that is dispatched on the basis of electricity or gas prices.

150 Q. Does Schedule 31 apply to all generation types?

A. Yes, Schedule 31 is applicable for any onsite generation technology, regardless of
whether the generation qualifies as a renewable technology. Schedule 31 also
applies to both QF and non-QF onsite generation subject to the size provisions
established above.

Q. Why is the Company proposing the applicability criteria identified above for
Schedule 31?

A. The Company is proposing to expand the current eligibility for Partial
Requirements Service under the tariff in order to simplify administration of the
service by allowing more customers to take service under tariff rates rather than

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requiring special contracts. The current tariff is limited to generation up to 10,000
kW. The proposed applicability for generation up to 15,000 kW is more consistent
with the size of recent customer inquiries. Customer facilities in excess of 15,000
kW will still require special contract arrangements, with the exception of facilities
that meet QF criteria.

165 The Company is also clarifying that Backup Service is for unplanned or 166 maintenance outage because rates are set with the expectation that the customer's 167 generation facilities will have a similar forced outage rate and maintenance outage 168 rate as the Company's other resources. In many circumstances, and in particular 169 for QF facilities, it is expected that these customers' generators will typically run 170 at a high level of availability since they are integral to the customers' processes. 171 For example, an oil refinery may have a combined heat and power facility at its 172 site. The customer runs its generator to generate electricity and to generate steam 173 that is subsequently used in the oil refining process. The generation of steam is 174 critical to the customer's process. Therefore, the customer typically makes every 175 effort to keep the generator operating (and producing electricity and steam) at all 176 times since not operating the generator is highly disruptive to its business process 177 due to the loss of steam. It is unlikely the Company will have to provide Partial 178 Requirements Service for this type of generator except during forced outage or 179 planned maintenance. Schedule 31 is not designed or intended for service to a 180 customer where the onsite generation is dispatched economically based on market 181 conditions. Under that scenario, the Company is not only providing Partial 182 Requirements Service (reserves) in the event of a forced outage, but it becomes

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the supplier of last resort, required to have generation standing by at all times toprovide service.

185 Q. How do the proposed changes in applicability of Schedule 31 affect current 186 customers with onsite generation?

187 The four customers that currently take service under Schedule 31 will continue to A. 188 qualify for service under Schedule 31. The Company will give these customers an 189 opportunity to make modifications to their current contracts. In addition, the 190 Company currently estimates that an additional three customers with qualifying 191 onsite generation requiring Partial Requirements Service will be moved to 192 Schedule 31. The Company will work with these customers, and any others as 193 necessary, to ensure they understand their options and the provisions of this 194 schedule.

195 Proposed Schedule 31, Partial Requirements Service Rates

196 Q. Please describe the proposed features and rate components in Schedule 31.

A. The proposed service has similar features and rate components as the current
Partial Requirements Service under Schedule 31. As previously noted, Partial
Requirements Service consists of Supplementary, Backup, Maintenance, and
Excess Power Services. Costs for these services will continue to be recovered
through Customer Charges, Supplementary Facilities and Power Charges, Backup
Facilities and Power Charges, Excess Power Charges, Maintenance Power
Charges, and Energy Charges, as defined in the schedule.

204 The Company is proposing revised rates using a revised methodology for 205 the calculation of some of these charges. The proposed rates are based on and

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aligned with Schedules 8 and 9 and the cost of service results in the last general rate case, Docket No. 11-035-200.¹ This assures consistency between Schedule 31 and the corresponding full requirements rates on Schedules 8 and 9, under which eligible customers would otherwise take service. The Company proposes that the approved methodology be utilized in all future rate case proceedings where Schedule 31 rates will be established.

212 The Company is proposing that the new rates for Schedule 31, which are 213 shown in Exhibits RMP (JRS-1) and RMP (JRS-2), go into effect 214 September 1, 2014, and that any applicable general rate changes approved during 215 the intervening period be incorporated in the final compliance filing. Exhibit 216 RMP___(JRS-2) provides a comparison of the proposed Schedule 31 rates based 217 on the Company's filed cost of service study in Docket No. 11-035-200 and the 218 calculation methodology proposed in this application compared to the current 219 rates.

Q. What are the key changes to and bases for the proposed rates underSchedule 31?

A. The key proposed changes are to the calculation of the Backup Facilities Charge and the Backup Power Charge. In some instances no change is proposed in the calculation of the charges. Below is a more detailed description of Supplementary, Backup, Maintenance and Excess Power Service and each of these charges:

¹ Settlement Stipulation Exhibit D –Docket No. 11-035-200.

227 228 229 230		<u>Component</u> Customer Service Charge:	Basis for Proposed Rate Current Schedule 31 Customer Service Charge (no change in methodology)	
231 232 233 234		Backup Facilities Charge:	Distribution-related costs, demand- related transmission costs plus 13 percent of demand-related generation costs from cost of service	
235 236 237		Backup Power Charge:	Difference between Supplementary Facilities and Power Charges and Backup Facilities Charge, by Season	
238 239		Maintenance Power Charge:	One-half of Backup Power Charge (no change in methodology)	
240 241		Excess Power Charge:	2 times Supplementary Facilities and Power Charges	
242 243		Supplementary Facilities Charge:	Schedule 8 or 9 Facilities Charge (no change in methodology)	
244 245		Supplementary Power Charge:	Schedule 8 or 9 Power Charge by Season (<i>no change in methodology</i>)	
246 247		Supplementary and Backup Energy Charge:	Schedule 8 or 9 Energy Charge (no change in methodology)	
248	Q.	What is Supplementary Service and how is the Company proposing to set		
249		rates for Supplementary Service for Schedule 31?		
250	A.	Supplementary Service is regularly provided by the Company for use by a		
251		customer that is in addition to what the customer self-generates. A customer can		
252	contract with the Company for a specific amount of Supplementary Power in kW			
253		that the Company will agree to have available for delivery to the customer. Power		
254		measurements up to this level, other than Scheduled Maintenance Power, will be		
255	billed as Supplementary Power.			
256		The basis for the Supplementary Fac	cilities and Power Rates is the facilities	

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charge and power charge by season and voltage on the applicable Schedule 8 or 9
that the customer would otherwise take for full requirements service. This is
consistent with the current Schedule 31.

Q. What is Backup Service and how is the Company proposing to set rates for Backup Service in Schedule 31?

2.62 Backup Service is used to replace the customer's own generation during outages A. 263 at the onsite generation facility. A customer can contract with the Company for a 264 specific amount of Backup Contract Power in kW that the Company will agree to 265 have available for delivery to the customer. The Backup Contract Power cannot exceed the total output capacity of the customer's generation facility. Power 266 measurements that exceed the Supplementary Power will be billed as Backup 267 268 Power up to the Backup Power contract level. Backup Service is comprised of a 269 monthly Backup Facilities charge that is applied to the Backup Contract Power 270 level and a daily Backup Power Charge based on kW for the 15-minute period 271 with the greatest use of Backup Service during each day.

The Company is proposing to tie the Backup Service rates to the full requirements general service schedule the customer would otherwise take service on such that in the event the customer's generation was offline for a full billing period, the customer would pay the same amount as a comparable full requirements customer. To accomplish this, the Company is proposing to calculate the Schedule 31 Backup Facilities Charge using the following costs allocated to Schedule 8 and 9 in the cost of service study in the general rate case:

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 1. Distribution costs (on a \$/kW basis) for poles, conductors and
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 transformers.
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 2. Transmission costs (on a \$/kW basis) classified as demand-related,
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 which represents the backbone transmission system.
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285 The distribution and transmission-related costs recover the delivery infrastructure 286 in place and necessary to serve comparable customers. The 13 percent for 287 demand-related generation is based on the Company's generation planning 288 reserve margin and represents the costs incurred by the Company to "backup" the 289 customer's generation. Since partial requirements customers are not included in 290 the cost of service study because their loads are sporadic from year to year, the 291 Company uses the costs for comparable full requirements customers to design 292 rates.

293 To calculate the daily Backup Power Charge, the Company takes the 294 difference between Facilities and Power Charges on the applicable full 295 requirements schedules (i.e., Schedule 8 and 9) and the Backup Facilities Charge 296 as calculated above, and creates a daily charge to recover that difference. This 297 ensures consistency with what a customer would pay under its applicable full 298 requirements Schedule 8 or 9 if the customer's generation were offline for a full 299 billing period. The Backup Power Charges would continue to apply to on-peak 300 usage and are adjusted by voltage level. The Company is also proposing to reflect

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a seasonal adjustment that is consistent with the Power Charges on Schedules 8 and 9.

303 Q. What is the impact of this change to Backup Service rates?

304 A. As shown in Exhibit RMP (JRS-2), as a result of the proposed changes in this 305 calculation methodology, the Backup Facilities Charge will increase and the 306 Backup Power Charge applied to daily use will decrease compared to current 307 rates. As noted, together the charges are designed to equal the amount the 308 customer would pay under the applicable full requirements service Schedule 8 or 309 9 if the customer's generation were offline during a full billing period. The 310 increase in the Backup Facilities Charge will provide greater fixed cost recovery 311 from customers on Schedule 31 for distribution, transmission and generation 312 infrastructure. Currently, these fixed costs are recovered through other customers' 313 rates. Therefore, with this proposed rate calculation methodology, Schedule 31 314 customers will pay for the fixed costs that have been incurred and are necessary to 315 serve them and will minimize cross-subsidies.

316 Q. What is Maintenance Service and how is the Company proposing to set rates 317 for Maintenance Service in Schedule 31?

A. Maintenance Service is used during periods of scheduled outages at the
customer's generation facility. Scheduled Maintenance Power cannot exceed the
Backup Contract Power level. A customer may schedule Maintenance Service for
a maximum of 30 days per year, in either one continuous period or two
continuous 15-day periods. The rate for scheduled Maintenance Service is one-

half of the applicable Backup Power Charge. This is consistent with the currentSchedule 31.

325 Q. What is Excess Service and how is the Company proposing to set rates for 326 Excess Service in Schedule 31?

- 327 Excess Service is used by the customer in addition to or "in excess" of the total A. 328 contract power for Supplementary Service and Backup or Maintenance Service. 329 The Company is proposing to set the Schedule 31 Excess Power Charge at twice 330 the Facilities and Power Charges under the general service schedule because this 331 is additional power that the Company had not planned to serve and helps ensure 332 that contract levels are set appropriately. This change results in a decrease to the 333 current Excess Power Charge but aligns this treatment with other Partial 334 Requirement Service tariffs in other jurisdictions.
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Q. Please summarize your testimony.

336 Partial Requirements Service under Schedule 31 requires the recommended A. 337 changes set forth in my testimony above to ensure that rates reflect the costs incurred by the Company in providing the service. The applicability of Schedule 338 339 31 must also be revised to ensure that Partial Requirements Service applies to the 340 appropriate group of customers and not be subsidized by other customers who are not using the service. The Company recommends the calculation of rates for 341 342 Schedule 31 utilize a methodology in which local delivery costs, full transmission 343 costs, and appropriate generation costs are included in the Backup Facilities 344 Charge. The Company further recommends that Schedule 31 apply to any 345 customer that is receiving Partial Requirements Service 1,000 kW and larger (and

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not subject to net metering), and that is not greater than 15,000 kW unless they
meet QF criteria. This will ensure Schedule 31 is utilized only for Partial
Requirements Service as contemplated and is not used as an arbitrage opportunity.
The Company requests an effective date of September 1, 2014, for the changes
proposed to Schedule 31. **Q. Does this conclude your testimony?**

352 A. Yes.