

-BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF UTAH-

**IN THE MATTER OF WATERPRO, INC.'S
APPLICATION FOR CULINARY WATER RATE
INCREASE**

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**DOCKET No. 23-2443-01
Exhibit No. DPU 1.0 DIR
Paul Hicken**

FOR THE DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
STATE OF UTAH

Redacted

Corrected Direct Testimony of

Paul Hicken

November 22, 2023

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1 **INTRODUCTION**

2 **Q: PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BY WHOM YOU ARE EMPLOYED, AND IN**
3 **WHAT CAPACITY.**

4 A: My name is Paul Hicken. I am employed as a Utility Technical Consultant by the
5 Utah Division of Public Utilities (Division or DPU). I am the lead analyst on this case.

6 **Q: PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL**
7 **EXPERIENCE.**

8 A: I received a Master of Business Administration degree from Utah State University in
9 1985. I am also a Certified Government Financial Manager (CGFM). I have been
10 employed by the Division of Public Utilities since June 2005. Prior to that, I was
11 employed by the Office of the Legislative Auditor General for 19 years.

12 **Q: HAVE YOU TESTIFIED BEFORE THE UTAH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**
13 **BEFORE?**

14 A: Yes, on several occasions. Most recently, I testified before the Utah Public Service
15 Commission (Commission) as the Division's witness in a teleconference hearing on
16 July 29, 2020, in the WaterPro, Inc. General Rate Case, Docket No. 20-2443-01.

17 **BACKGROUND**

18 **Q: CAN YOU DESCRIBE THE BACKGROUND AND ISSUES OF THIS CASE?**

19 A: Yes. On or about March 7, 2023, the Commission received a notice of intent (dated
20 March 3, 2023) from WaterPro, Inc. (WaterPro or Company) to file a petition for a
21 general rate increase (rate modification) of culinary water rates. On May 9, 2023, the
22 Commission received a comprehensive application from WaterPro (dated May 3,
23 2023) and a docket number was assigned. The Division received an action request
24 from the Commission on May 9, 2023, to review the application and make
25 recommendations by May 23, 2023. The Division reviewed the application and found
26 it to be substantially complete and submitted a response to the Commission on May
27 22, 2023. During the next few months, the Division reviewed the application and

28 initial documentation, which included proposed rate changes, annual reports,
29 consolidated audit reports, and summaries of expenses and revenues. The Division
30 also sent 2 sets of data requests and made several phone calls to the Company
31 seeking further information and clarification of operations, assets, and expense
32 details. The Company cooperated completely and provided the information and
33 clarification needed.

34 **PROPOSED RATE MODIFICATIONS**

35 **Q: CAN YOU EXPLAIN THE COMPANY’S PROPOSED RATE CHANGES AND**
36 **ANY ISSUES WITH THE REQUESTED MODIFICATIONS?**

37 A: The Company is not proposing rate increases necessarily, rather it is proposing to
38 reduce the volume of water allowed in each tier, along with a slight reduction in Tier
39 2 rates. The rate modifications are discussed in detail in WaterPro’s Application for
40 Rate Increase¹ and in the consultant’s testimony.² Specifically, the tier volumes are
41 reduced, and the proposed adjustments are summarized in Table 1:

Table 1		
	Existing Volume (gallons/month)	Proposed Volume (gallons/month)
Tier 1	0-18,000	0-12,000
Tier 2	18,001-57,000	12,001-30,000
Tier 3	57,001-150,000	30,001-75,000
Tier 4	150,001 and over	75,001 and over

42
43 As noted by its consultant, the Company’s existing tier volumes are approximately
44 double the average tier cutoff for similar entities in the region, and the proposed
45 changes will bring the tier volume cutoff more in line with the American Water Works
46 Association (AWWA) cost-of-service guidelines.³

¹ Docket No. 23-2443 -01, WaterPro, Inc.’s Application for Culinary Water Rate Increase, P.9-11.

² Docket No. 23-2443-01, Written Testimony of Joshua Bean, P.7-8.

³ Docket No. 23-2443-01, Written Testimony of Joshua Bean, P.7.

47 In addition, the Company proposes a slight reduction in Tier 2 rates for all tariff
48 zones as shown in Table 2.

49

Table 2		
Zone	Existing Tier 2 Rate	Proposed Tier 2 Rate
General Residents	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.00
South Mountain Upper	\$ 2.44	\$ 2.17
South Mountain Lower	\$ 2.37	\$ 2.10
Bear Cove Canyon	\$ 2.47	\$ 2.20
Little Valley	\$ 2.56	\$ 2.29

50

51 **Q: ARE THE PROPOSED RATE CHANGES SUSTAINABLE AND DO THEY**
52 **SUPPORT FINANCIAL STABILITY FOR THE COMPANY?**

53 A: Yes. The financial effect of these modifications will generate more revenue based on
54 the assumption that customers will continue to utilize the same amount of water as in
55 the past. The Company estimates that the tier volume reductions will generate about
56 5.4% increase to rate revenues in 2024, as shown in Appendix H of WaterPro’s
57 Culinary System Rate Model⁴ and explained in the Company consultant’s
58 testimony.⁵

59 **Q: HOW DOES THE COMPANY FINANCE ITS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AND**
60 **SYSTEM MAINTENANCE?**

61 A: WaterPro’s annual report showed revenue from metered water sales to be about
62 ██████████ in 2021 and ██████████ in 2022. Maintenance and repair expenses for
63 the same years totaled ██████████ and ██████████.⁶ Under normal
64 operations, maintenance expenses are covered by the metered water revenues. The
65 proposed tariff changes may bring some fluctuations in metered water sales. The

⁴ WaterPro, Inc.’s Culinary System Rate Model, Appendix H, P.2.

⁵ Docket No. 23-2443-01, Written Testimony of Joshua Bean, P.7-8.

⁶ Annual Report of WaterPro, Inc. to the Public Service Commission, December 31, 2022. Income Statement tab.

66 Company's Culinary Rate Model – Appendix H, indicates that proposed tier
67 reductions may generate less revenue from Tiers 1 & 2 sales, but revenue should
68 increase and offset any decreases with Tiers 3 & 4 sales.⁷

69 General system maintenance is included in the net income projections and is part of
70 the budget and forecasting process. Some years, however, may require
71 extraordinary maintenance and repairs, and/or capital expenditures beyond the
72 normal budget. When this occurs, additional sources of revenue are needed.
73 According to the Company's consultant,⁸ capital improvements have been funded by
74 a variety of sources such as rate revenues, grants, and loans. In addition, WaterPro
75 has been able to rely on the parent company, Draper Irrigation Company, for cash
76 reserves if needed. If financing is not secured, some scheduled capital improvement
77 projects may be delayed until financing becomes available. The Company's
78 consultant anticipated that a loan will be obtained from the Division of Natural
79 Resources to pay for capital improvements scheduled during 2024 and 2025.⁹
80 According to the consultant, a loan had been authorized based on the Company's
81 prior application.¹⁰ The Company had also obtained a loan of [REDACTED] from
82 American West Bank in 2013. About [REDACTED] was used to finance capital
83 improvements to the irrigation operations and [REDACTED] was used for capital
84 improvements to the culinary distribution system.¹¹

85 **Q: DOES THE COMPANY HAVE A CAPITAL RESERVE ACCOUNT?**

86 A: No, WaterPro does not have a capital reserve account. However, the Company's
87 consultant indicated that Draper Irrigation Company, the parent company, has a
88 cash reserve account that could be available for capital improvements if needed.¹² It
89 should be noted that while the Commission does have the power to require public
90 utilities to maintain a capital reserve account to replace depreciated assets,¹³ the

⁷ WaterPro, Inc.'s Culinary System Rate Model, Appendix H, P.9.

⁸ DPU Data Request 1.4, October 2, 2023.

⁹ Ibid.

¹⁰ Docket No. 23-2443-01, Written Testimony of Joshua Bean, P.5.

¹¹ Docket No. 23-2442-01, WaterPro, Inc.'s Application for Culinary Water Rate Increase, P.12.

¹² DPU Data Request 1.4, October 2, 2023.

¹³ Utah Code Ann. 54-4-24 Depreciation Accounts and Fund.

91 Commission currently does not require WaterPro to establish or maintain such an
92 account. The Division generally supports the establishment and maintenance of a
93 capital reserve account when warranted. However, WaterPro has demonstrated the
94 ability to manage sufficient monthly cash flows and budget for routine maintenance
95 and has been able to borrow money for capital investment projects when necessary.
96 A mandated capital reserve account is currently not necessary for WaterPro.

97 **Q: DOES WATERPRO HAVE A WATER CONSERVATION PLAN AND HOW DO**
98 **THE PROPOSED RATE CHANGES SUPPORT THE PLAN?**

99 A: Yes, the Company does have a water conservation plan. The plan incorporates
100 strategies and goals to conserve water and reduce consumption from both the
101 culinary water and pressurized irrigation systems. The plan evaluates the
102 Company's current conservation efforts and discusses ways to improve water
103 conservation. It adopts the current State conservation goal to reduce water
104 consumption by 25% between the years 2000 and 2025, or roughly 1% reduction per
105 year.¹⁴ The current proposed volumetric reductions per tier is one way that WaterPro
106 is attempting to reduce culinary consumption. For example, the current Tier 1 rate
107 allows up to 18,000 gallons of consumption per month at the same rate. The
108 proposed Tier 1 rate would allow up to 12,000 gallons per month for the same rate, a
109 33% reduction in consumption. The other proposed tier rates suggest similar
110 reductions in volume allowed at the same fixed monthly rate. This motivates the
111 customers to consume less water per month rather than pay the higher tier rate. The
112 proposed tier volume reductions are significant, but the Company's consultant
113 expects they will encourage conservation and allow the Company to remain
114 financially viable.¹⁵ The revenue increases from the higher tiers may bring in more
115 revenue even if usage reduces overall.

¹⁴ 2019 Water Conservation Plan, WaterPro Inc. P. 10

¹⁵ DPU Data Request 1.2, October 2, 2023.

116 **REVENUE REQUIREMENT**

117 **Q: CAN YOU EXPLAIN THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT MODEL USED IN THIS**
118 **RATE CASE?**

119 A: Yes. The Revenue Requirement shown in Confidential DPU Exhibit 1.1, compiles
120 information from the Company's Annual Report to the Commission for the test year
121 2022. The model considers revenues and expenses, plus any applicable taxes, and
122 calculates the net operating income or loss. The model also calculates the actual
123 rate of return on the rate base and the estimated revenue needed based on a
124 reasonable rate of return. The model also considers any upcoming known and
125 measurable changes and adjustments that may be needed. A revenue requirement
126 and rate of return are calculated based on the Company's requested rate increase,
127 and a recommended revenue requirement and rate of return are also calculated
128 based on the Division's analysis and what is deemed fair and reasonable.

129 **RATE OF RETURN**

130 **Q: PLEASE EXPLAIN THE RATE OF RETURN USED IN THE MODEL.**

131 A: The Rate of Return (ROR) is the return on rate base used to determine if the
132 requested rate increase is just and reasonable. It is calculated by dividing the net
133 operating revenue/loss by the total adjusted rate base. There are several rates
134 considered in the model. The first is the actual ROR realized by the Company for the
135 test period. This is shown to be 1.89% in Excel row 108, column F in the Revenue
136 Requirement tab of the model in Confidential DPU Exhibit 1.1. The second is the
137 requested ROR which incorporates the requested rate increase into the model. This
138 is shown to be 5.4% in Excel row 108, column J of the model. The third is the
139 Division's recommended ROR based on our analysis of the Company's net
140 operating revenue or loss, the current adjusted rate base, and the existing capital
141 structure of the Company. This is shown as 9.6% in Excel row 108, column M of the
142 model. More details on the rate of return are shown in the ROR tab of Confidential
143 DPU Exhibit 1.1. The Division considered the ROR authorized in several other
144 recent utility cases, and the Company's weighted average cost of capital based on

145 its own actual debt to equity ratio. In this case the Division supports the Company's
146 request of 5.4% even though the model may support a higher return. The Company
147 should have adequate revenue at its requested revenue requirement, as adjusted.

148 **ADJUSTMENTS**

149 **Q: WERE ANY ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR REVENUES OR EXPENSES?**

150 A: Yes, there were several adjustments made for the revenue requirement shown in the
151 Revenue Requirement tab of Confidential DPU Exhibit 1.1.

152 1. The first adjustment is shown on Excel row 13, column I: This shows the Company's
153 requested 5.4 percent increase in revenue which equals [REDACTED] in additional
154 revenue requirement. The Company requested volumetric reductions per tier, which
155 would generate about a 5.4% increase to culinary water revenues. This adjustment
156 simply adds 5.4% to all reported culinary water sales for 2022.

157 2. The second adjustment is shown on Excel row 41, column K: This deducts \$6,533
158 from several employee benefits and compensation entries in the general ledger. The
159 Division determined that 20% of these expense entries should have been allocated
160 to non-regulated expenses based on the Company's general allocator for mixed use
161 (regulated and non-regulated) expenses.

162 3. The third adjustment is shown on Excel row 48, column K: This deducts \$2,120 from
163 expenses identified in the General Ledger as cash donations. Donations are
164 generally not allowed as regulatory expenses in rate calculations.

165 4. The fourth adjustment is shown on Excel row 72, column K: This deducts \$16,800
166 from expenses identified in the general ledger as irrigation stock buyback from a
167 customer. Irrigation stock transactions are not part of the regulated water operations
168 and should not be included in the culinary rate case.

169 **Q: CAN YOU EXPLAIN THE ALLOCATION FACTORS FURTHER?**

170 A: Yes, the Company periodically reviews the costs of operations and determines the
171 percentage attributed to culinary water provision and the costs attributed to irrigation

172 or secondary water provision. Some costs are easily determined as direct allocation
173 to either culinary or irrigation. However, most costs are a mixture of part allocation to
174 culinary and part to irrigation. The allocation factors consider assets, labor and
175 overhead, and cost of goods including materials & supplies. The most recent general
176 allocation factor for mixed costs is 80/20 with the larger part going to culinary
177 operations. Some specific parts of company operations may have specific allocation
178 factors, but 80/20 is the general allocator.

179 **DIVISION'S POSITION**

180 **Q: WHAT IS THE DIVISION'S POSITION AFTER REVIEW OF THE COMPANY'S**
181 **OPERATIONS?**

182 A: The Company's request to reduce the tier volumes, which would result in an
183 increase of about 5.4% to culinary water revenues, is just and reasonable and in the
184 public interest. The Division's analysis showed that rate revenues could sustain a
185 higher return on the rate base and still be considered a fair rate of return. However,
186 the Company believes a 5.4% increase will be adequate. That is the amount
187 requested and recommended by the Company's consultant, and the Company does
188 not want to incur any rate shock to the customers.

189 **Q: DO YOU HAVE ANY FURTHER INFORMATION OR ANYTHING MORE TO**
190 **ADD?**

191 A: No, I do not have any further statements or information.

192 **SUMMARY**

193 **Q: WHAT IS THE DIVISION'S RECOMMENDATION?**

194 A: The Division recommends the Commission approve the proposed volumetric
195 reductions to the tiers along with a slight reduction to Tier 2 rates, which will
196 generate approximately 5.4% increase to culinary water revenues as presented in
197 the application.

198 **Q: DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?**

Redacted

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199 A: Yes, this concludes my testimony.